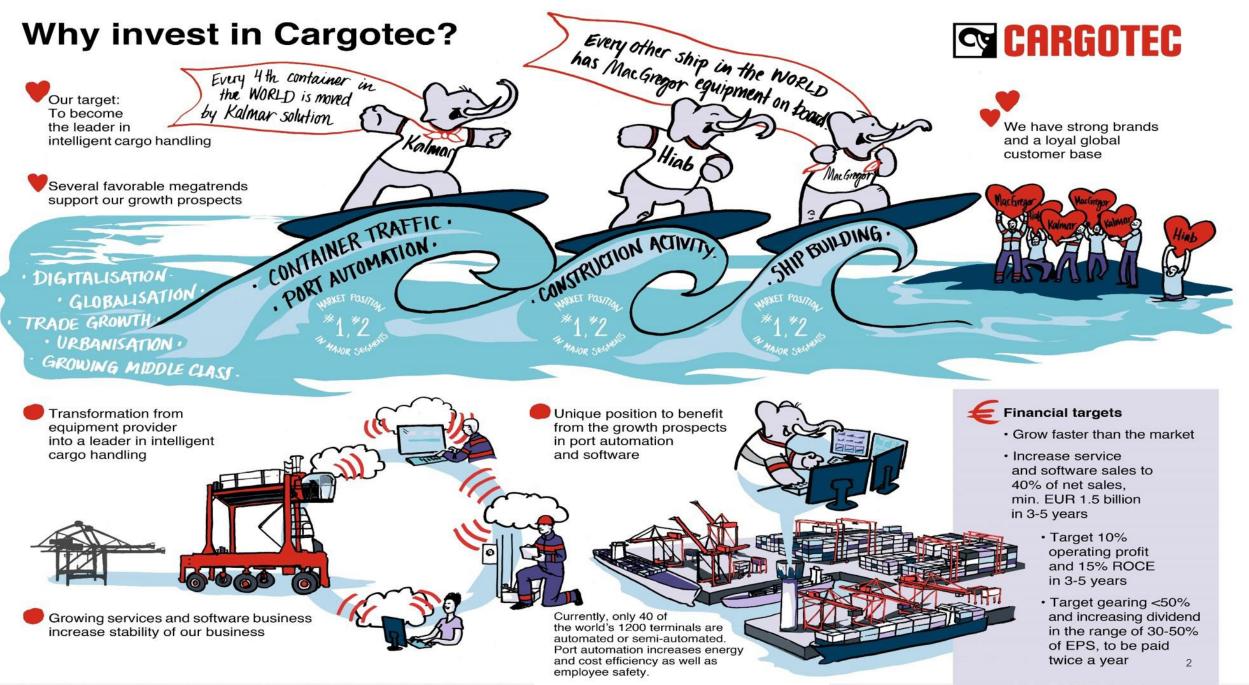
Investor presentation, May 2020

Becoming the leader in intelligent cargo handling

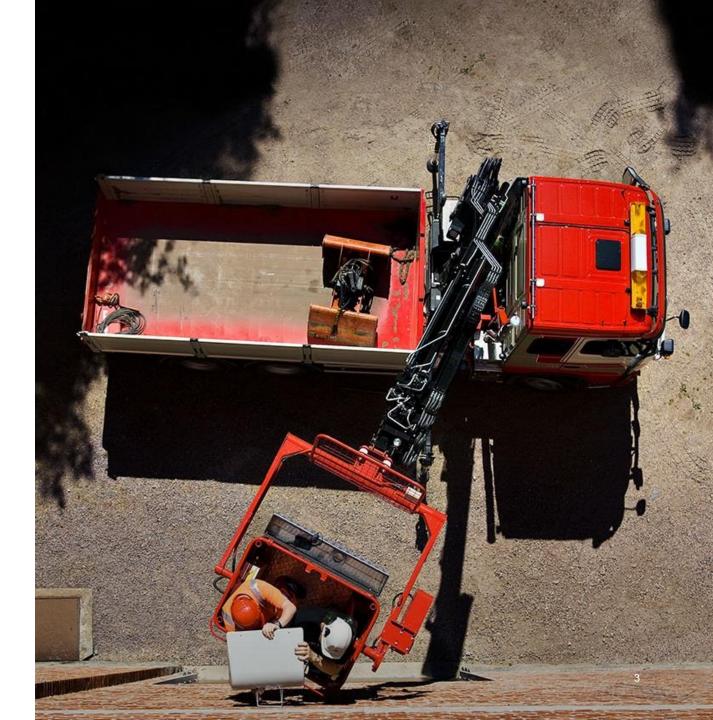




Content

- 1. Cargotec in brief
- 2. Investment highlights
- 3. Kalmar
- 4. Hiab
- 5. MacGregor
- 6. Recent progress
- 7. Appendix





Cargotec in brief





Strong global player with well-balanced business



CARGOTEC

Key competitors

Cargotec is a leading player in all of its business areas





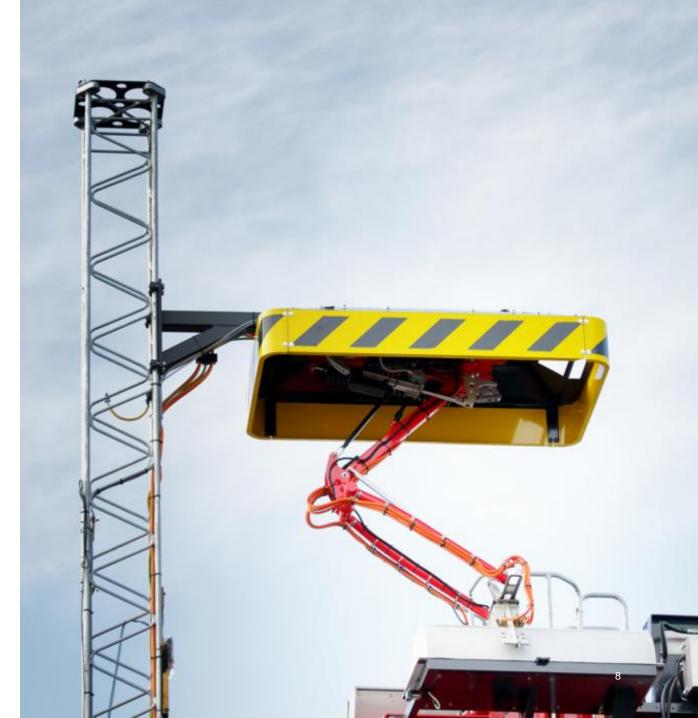
Currently two businesses performing well

Net sales Q1/2020, last	12 months	Trend in orders, last 12 months	Profitability: Comparable EBIT margin (Q1/2020)
~400 ~1,300	Kalmar software (Navis) and Automation and Projects division	•	Low profitability
~600 3,686	MacGregor	-1%	-3.5%
~1,300	Hiab	-2%	10.0%
 Kalmar equipment Hiab MacGregor Kalmar APD and software 	Kalmar equipment and service (excluding Automation and Projects Division & Navis)	•	Low double digit

CARGOTEC

* Figures rounded to closest 100 million

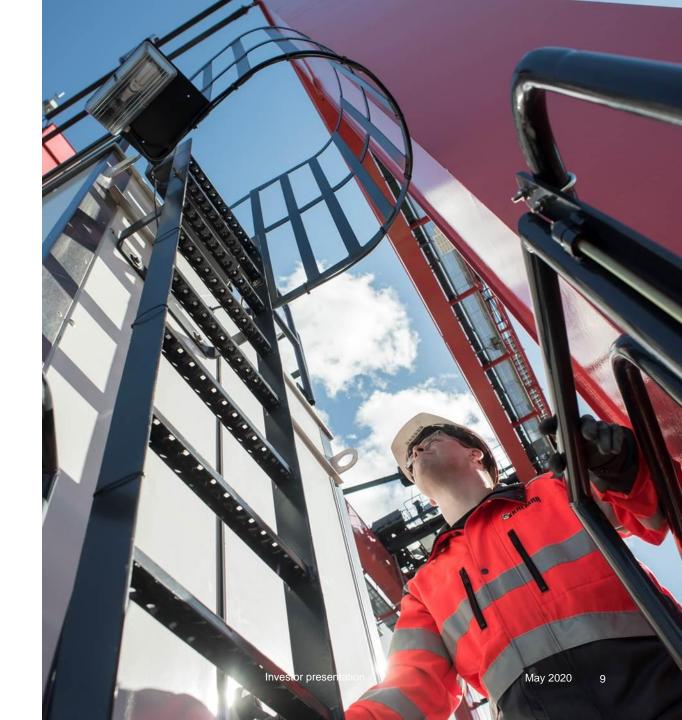
Investment highlights





Investment highlights: Why invest in Cargotec?

- 1. Technology leader and strong market positions, leading brands in markets with long term growth potential
- 2. Our vision is to become the global leader in intelligent cargo handling
- 3. Growing service & software business and asset-light business model are increasing stability
- 4. Capitalising global opportunities for future automation and software growth
- 5. On track for profitability improvement and to reach financial targets



1. Technology leader and strong market positions, leading brands in markets with long term growth potential

Global megatrends

- Globalisation and trade growth
- Urbanisation
- Growing middle class

Growth drivers

- Container throughput growth
- Construction activity
- Automation
- Digitalisation

Competitive advantages

- Strong brands
- Full automation offering
- Technology leadership

Market position

 #1 or #2 in all major segments



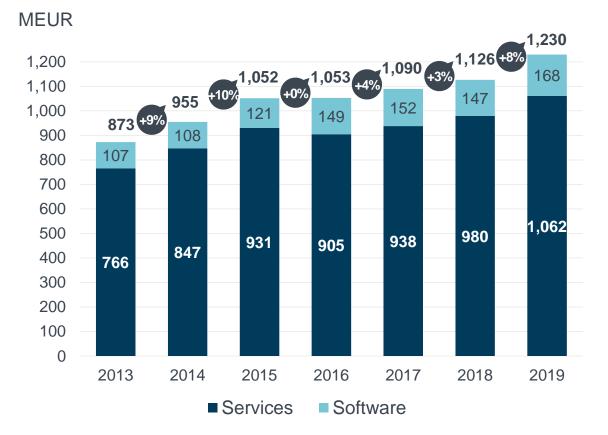
2. Our vision is to become the global leader in intelligent cargo handling

VISION	GLOBAL LEADER IN INTELLIGENT CARGO HANDLING		
	WIN THROUGH CUSTOMER CENTRICITY	ACCELERATE DIGITALISATION	
MUST-WIN	We help our customers achieve their goals by aligning our offering and way of working to serve them better.	We build and expand our digital solutions to offer a great customer experience and more efficient business processes.	
BATTLES	ADVANCE IN SERVICES	PRODUCTIVITY FOR GROWTH	
	We extend our offering towards intelligent solutions that enable us to serve our customers wide across their lifecycle.	We focus on activities that add value and benefit our customers and us by developing our business operations and common platforms.	



3. Growing service & software business and asset-light business model are increasing stability

Service and software* sales



Asset-light business model with a flexible cost structure

- Kalmar and Hiab: efficient assembly operation
- MacGregor: efficient project management and engineering office: > 90% of manufacturing and 30% of design and engineering capacity outsourced
- No in-house component manufacturing

Next steps to increase service and software sales:

- Improve service offering through digital solutions
- Build on Navis position as industry leader
- Increase spare parts capture rates
- Boost service contract attachment rates



4. Capitalising global opportunities for future automation and software growth

Industry trends support growth in port automation:

- Only 40 terminals (out of 1,200 terminals) are automated or semiautomated currently globally
- Ships are becoming bigger and the peak loads have become an issue
- Increasing focus on safety
- Customers require decreasing energy usage and zero emission ports
- Optimum efficiency, space utilization and reduction of costs are increasingly important
- Shortage and cost of trained and skilled labour pushes terminals to automation

Significant possibility in port software:

- Container value chain is very inefficient: total value of waste and inefficiency estimated at ~EUR 17bn
- Over 50% of port software market is in-house, in long term internal solutions not competitive
- Navis has leading position in port ERP

Customers consider their automation decisions carefully

- Shipping line consolidation
- Utilisation rates of the existing equipment base
- Container throughput volumes
- Efficiency of the automation solutions

Automation creates significant cost savings*		
Labour costs	60% less labour costs	
Total costs	24% less costs	
Profit increase	125%	



* Change when manual terminal converted into an automated operation

CARGOTEC

5. Clear plan for profitability improvement and to reach financial targets

Growth

Target to grow faster than market

- Megatrends and strong market position supporting organic growth
- M&A potential

Service and software

Targeting service and software sales 40% of net sales, minimum EUR 1.5 billion in 3-5 years*

Balance sheet and dividend

Target gearing < 50% and increasing dividend in the range of 30-50% of EPS, dividend paid twice a year

Profitability

Target 10% operating profit and 15% ROCE in 3-5 years*

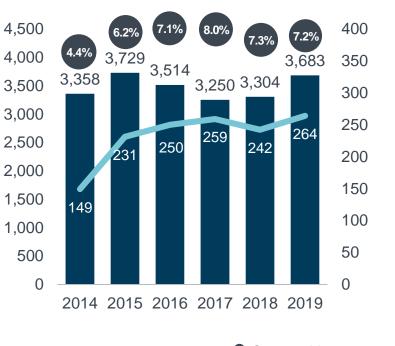
Higher service and software sales key driver for profitability improvement

Cost savings actions:

 2020 EUR 30 million (indirect purchasing and new Business Services operations)

Product re-design and improved project management

Sales and comparable operating profit development



Net sales Comparable operating profit operating profit

*Target announced in September 2017



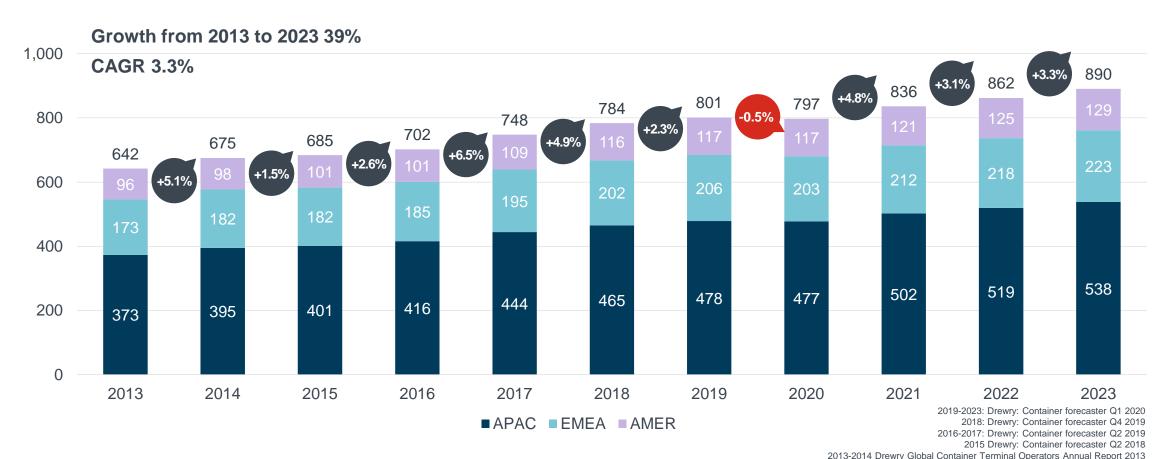
Kalmar





Container throughput to be impacted by COVID-19 situation but forecasted to recover

TEU million





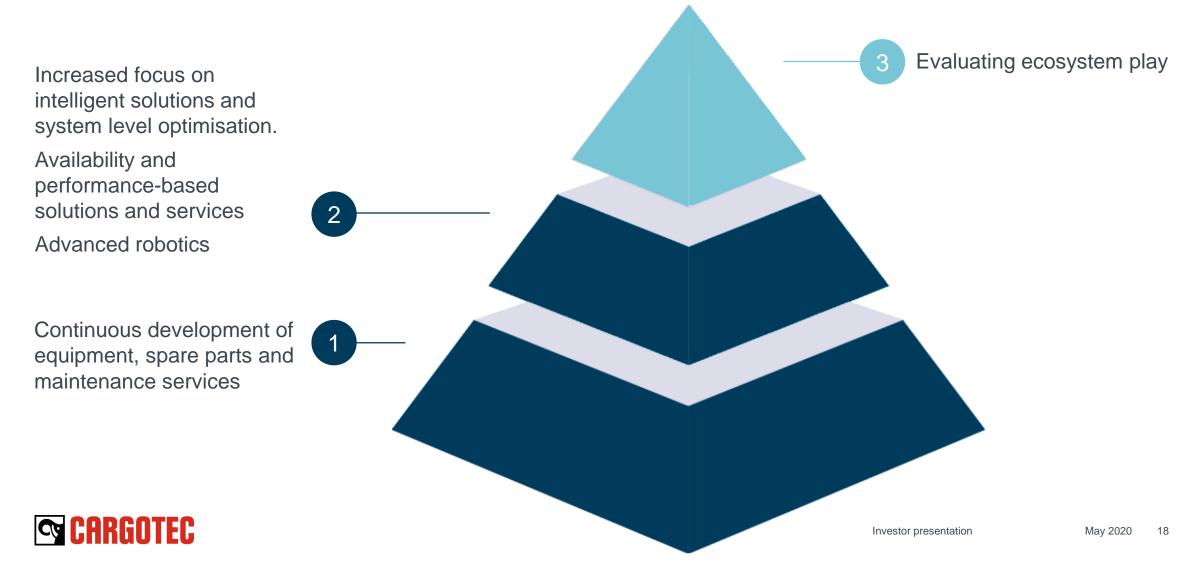
Cargotec to evaluate strategic options for Navis business

- Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the evaluation is paused and we return to it later (situation 24 April 2020).
- Cargotec will review alternative development paths including new ownership structures and a potential sale of Navis business
- The aim of the strategic evaluation is to secure best possible growth and value creation for the next development phase for Navis
- Cargotec's investment since 2011 has enabled Navis to become the market leader in terminal operating systems (TOS), and more than doubled revenue to EUR 115 million in 2019
- Cargotec's other software business will not be part of the evaluation



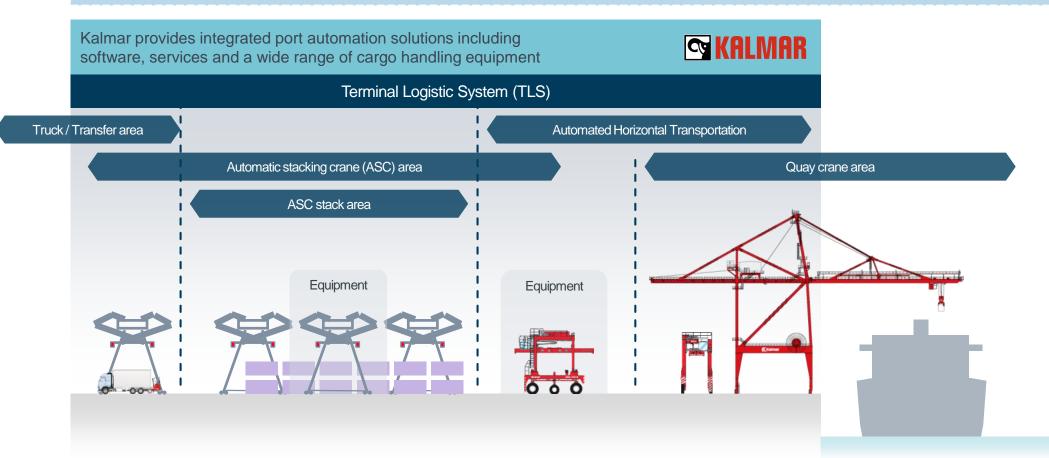


Committed to become the leader in intelligent cargo handling – evaluating future options for value creation



Kalmar provides integrated port automation solutions also after potential divestment of Navis

Terminal Operating System (TOS) coordinates and optimizes the planning and management of container and equipment moves navis





Robotics as an opportunity

AUTOMATED SOLUTION

ROBOTICS FUNCTIONALITY Digitalisation • Autonomous • Electrification

KALMAR EQUIPMENT



Same -

Towards new business models





Services provide our biggest medium-term growth opportunity

Market	Equipment & Projects	Software	Services
share	20-30%	20-30%	3-5%
Market size	6B€	0.5-1B€	8B€
5126	UDC	0.3-102	



Automation deals highlight our successful investments in automation

Kalmar and Navis to deliver world-first intermodal automation solution to Sydney, Australia

Greenfield intermodal terminal, Qube's Moorebank Logistics Park

• First fully automated intermodal terminal in the world

Kalmar OneTerminal contract, including Navis N4 TOS

All equipment can be operated electrically on local solar power

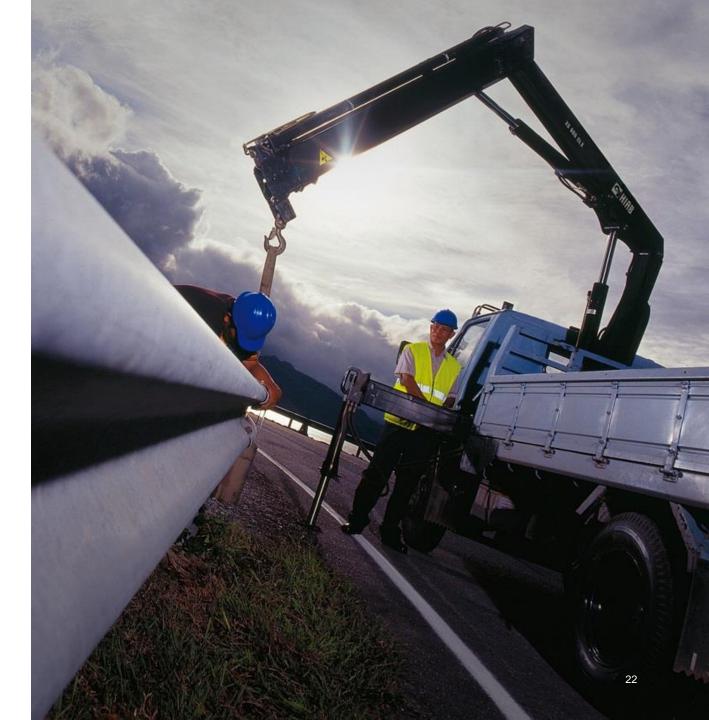
Order value EUR 80 million, booked in Q2 2018

Fully digitalised and autonomous container handling solution with software and services to Yara

Solution enables autonomous, cost efficient and emission-free operations of the Yara Birkeland container ship in Norway



Hiab

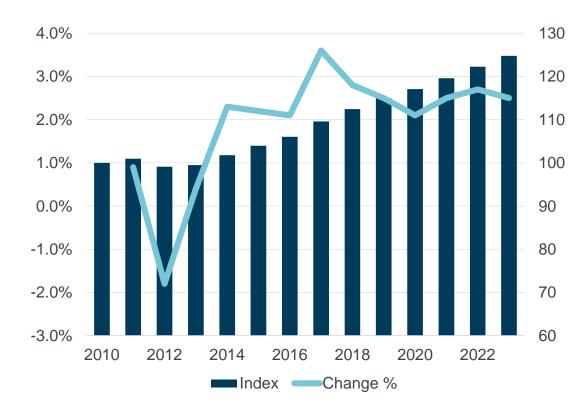




Construction output driving growth opportunity

EMEA construction output

y/y change (%)



AMER construction output

y/y change (%)

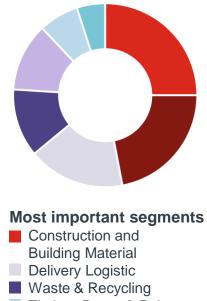


Oxford Economics: Industry output forecast 3/2020

Strong global market position and customers across diverse industries

	MARKET SIZE* (EUR billion)	KEY SEGMENTS	HIAB GLOBAL POSITION & TREND
LOADER CRANES	~1.5	Construction and Logistics	#2 🕢
TAIL LIFTS	~0.9	Retail Industry and Logistics	#2 🛛
DEMOUNTABLES	~0.6	Waste and Recycling, Defense	#1 🕢
TRUCK MOUNTED FORK LIFTS	~0.3	Construction and Logistics	#1 🗲
FORESTRY & RECYCLING CRANES	~0.3	Timber, Pulp, Paper & Recycling	#2 🗲

Industry segment indicative sales mix 2018



- Timber, Paper & Pulp
- Defense Logistic
 Road & Rail
- Other



Attractive megatrends and growth drivers

MEGA TRENDS

MARKET GROWTH

KEY SEGMENTS

PRODUCT OFFERING

SERVICE SOLUTIONS



- Urbanisation and Consumption growth driving needs for efficiency
- **Digitalisation** and **Connectivity** enabling new **business** solutions
- North America and main European markets continue to grow
- Developing markets strong load handling equipment penetration potential
- Construction, Waste & Recycling, Logistics and Governmental business segments show continued growth projection
 - New applications market and segment growth potential
- Developing for increasing demand in Electrification and Automation
- Growing demand for comprehensive life-cycle service offerings and tailored business solutions



27

Hiab's key growth drivers



Cranes

Gain market share in big loader cranes and crane core markets



Tail lifts

Enter fast growing emerging markets and standardise and globalise business model



Truck-mounted forklifts Accelerate penetration in North America and Europe

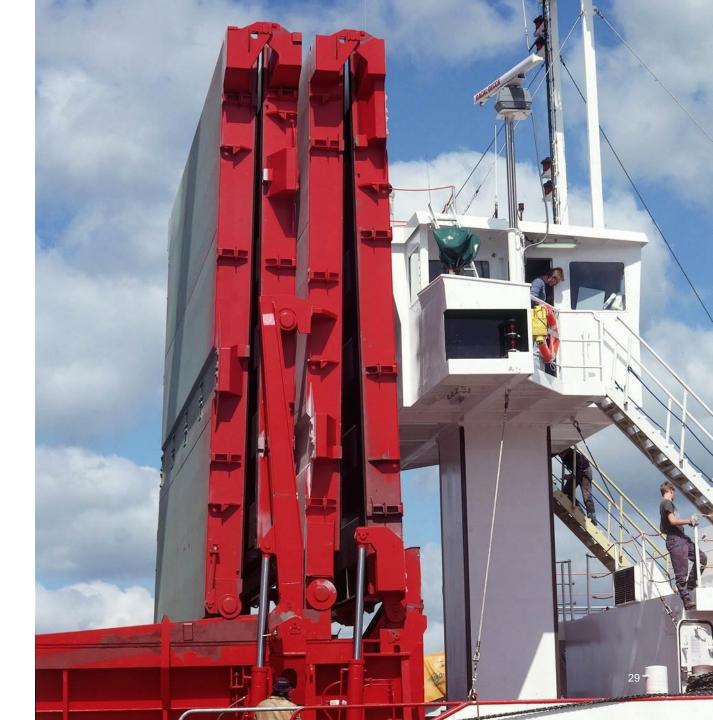


Services

Increase spare parts capture rates driven by connectivity and e-commerce

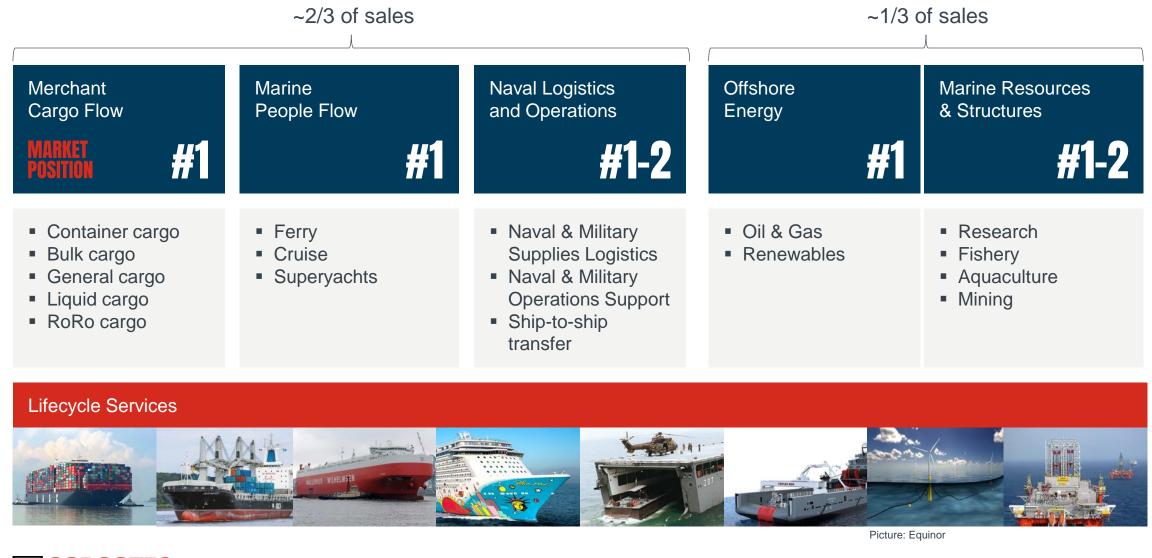


MacGregor





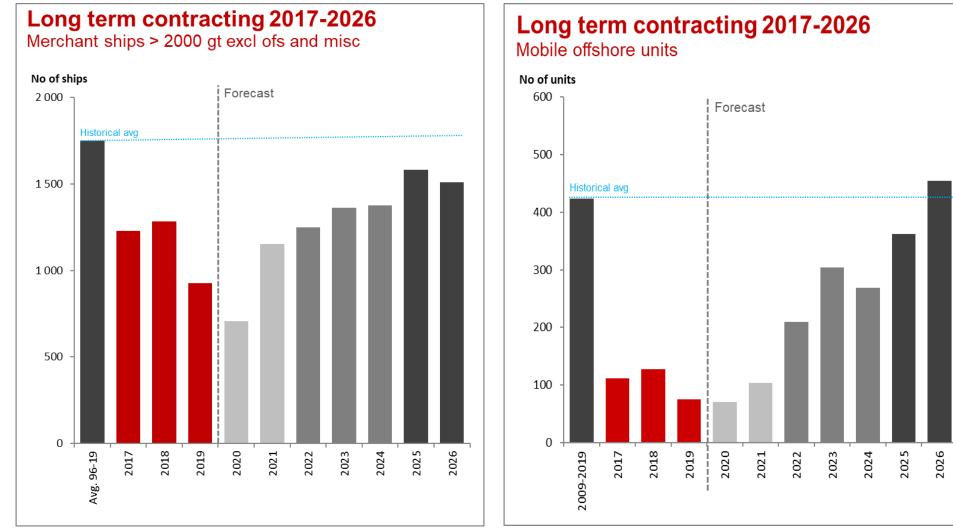
We are an active leader in all maritime segments





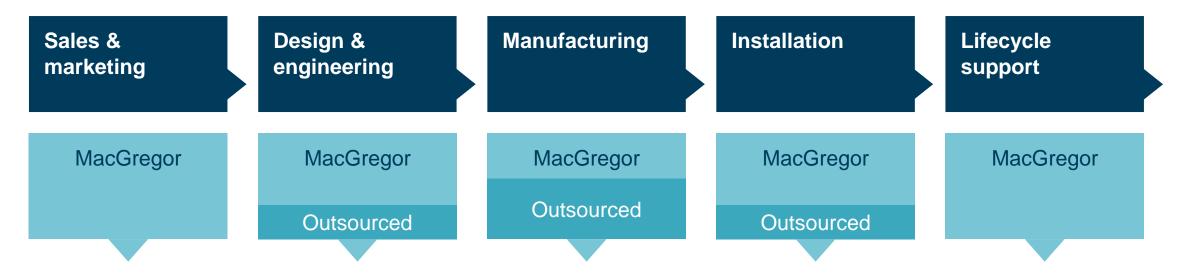
Merchant Ships and Offshore contracting – short-term challenges

Increased uncertainty and weakening global economy limit ship owners' interest to invest





MacGregor's asset-light business model gives flexibility



Cost-efficient scaling 90% of manufacturing outsourced 30% of design and engineering capacity outsourced



Planned MacGregor cost savings

The potential cost savings in 2020 are estimated to be around EUR 15 million

• Of which EUR 3 million achieved during Q1/2020

Potential cost savings from the TTS integration

- EUR ~12 million in 2020
- EUR ~10 million in 2021
- EUR ~5 million in 2022–2024

TTS integration cost synergy components

- Roles/Positions
- Facilities
- Supply chain







Recent progress

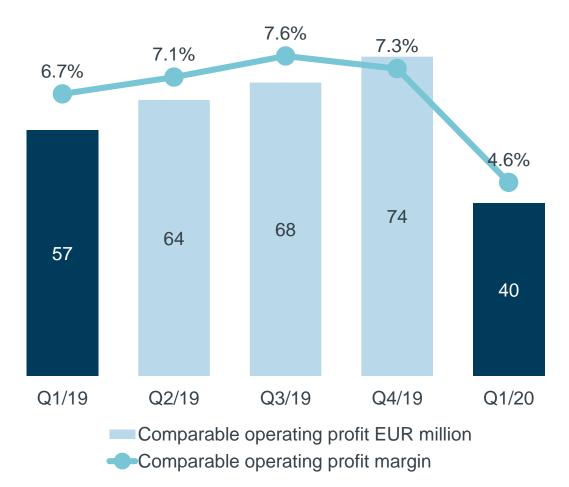


Highlights of Q1 2020 – Lower comparable operating profit due to less favourable business mix

Orders received decreased by 24% Sales remained on Q1/2019 level Comparable operating profit decreased by 31%

- Kalmar -21%
- Hiab -11%
- MacGregor's comparable operating profit was -5 MEUR

Assessment of strategic options for Navis paused



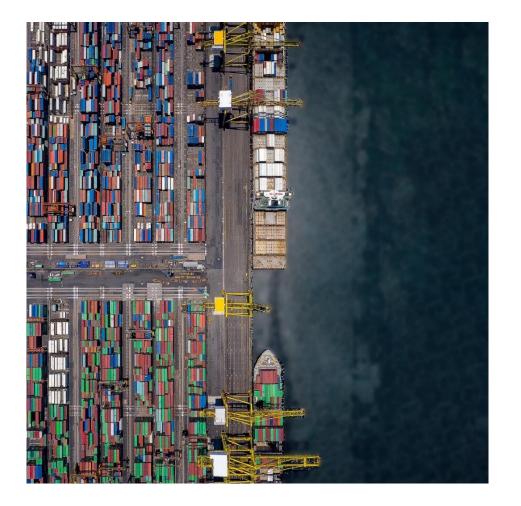


The coronavirus pandemic affected Cargotec in Q1/20

Safety of our personnel and customers top priority Increasing uncertainty and restrictions set by authorities have slowed decision making and weakened orders received throughout Q1

- Challenges in supply chain: lack of components
- Assembly units in Italy, Spain, Malaysia and Ireland closed during March
- Delays in delivery schedules, limited access for specialists
 Weak visibility

Group wide focus on safeguarding business continuity, cash and adjusting cost structure





Rapid reaction to adjust cost structure

Group wide temporary cost savings programme (communicated 27 March)

- Office workers (ca. 6,000 employees) have shifted to a four-day working week with a corresponding reduction in salaries.
- Until further notice and with their consent, the salaries of the company's management have been reduced by 20 percent as of 1 April.
- External services reduced
- Travel minimised
- Expected savings 10 MEUR / month
- Cost structure adjustments will continue as the situation requires





Market environment Q1/2020

Number of containers handled at ports declined

 Customers are postponing decisionmaking in major investments

Construction activity remained stable in Europe and US

In the merchant sector orders and activity decreased from an already low level while offshore remained at a historically low level

Global container throughput (MTEU) – Key driver for Kalmar



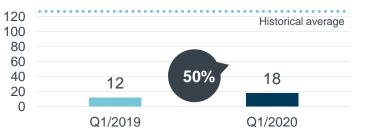




Long term contracting – Key driver for MacGregor

Offshore mobile units

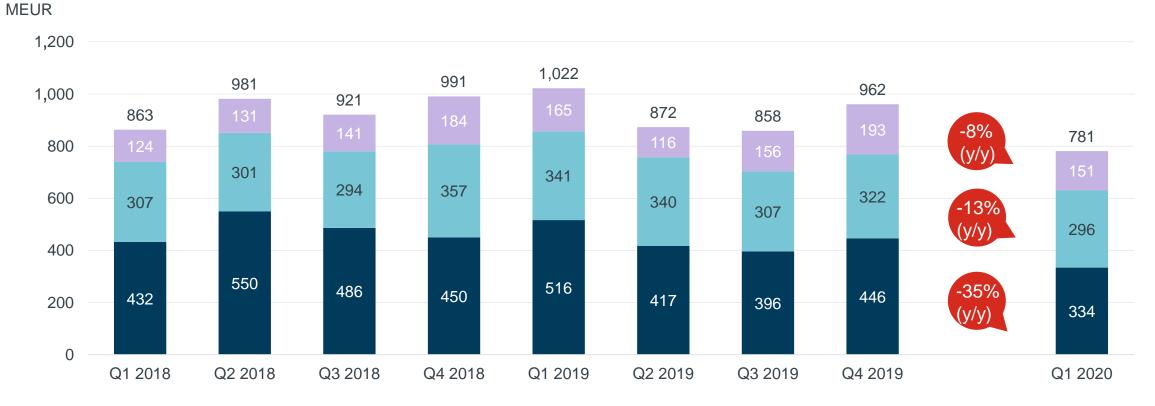
Source: Clarkson Research (number of ships and offshore units) Indicative historical average



CARGOTEC

Source: Drewry

Orders received decreased in Q1/2020



■Kalmar ■Hiab ■MacGregor



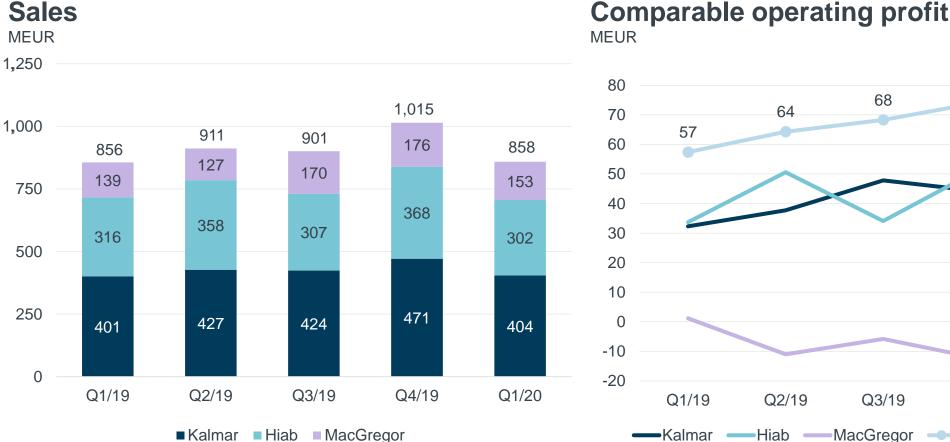
Order book remains strong



CARGOTEC

40

Sales remained on the same level compared to Q1/2019



Comparable operating profit

*) Including Corporate admin and support

Cargotec total EBIT*

Q1/20

40

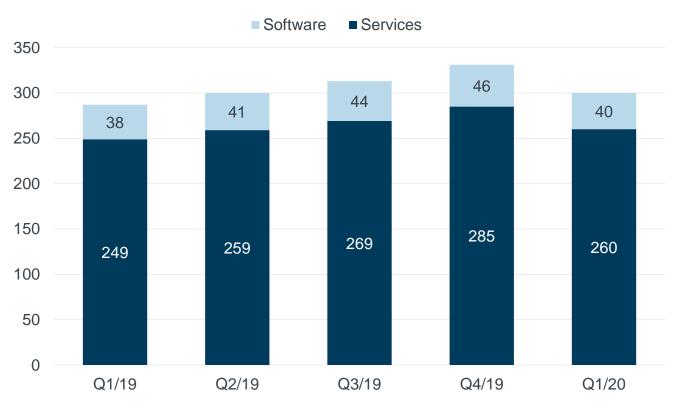
74

Q4/19



Service and software sales continued to grow y-o-y in Q1/2020

Service and software* sales



Q1/20 service sales +5%

- Kalmar -3%
- Hiab +1%
- MacGregor +24%

Software sales +7%

Service and software sales constituted 35% of total sales in Q1/20

*Software sales defined as strategic business unit Navis and automation software



42

Kalmar Q1 – Orders received and comparable operating profit declined

Orders received declined in automation orders and mobile equipment

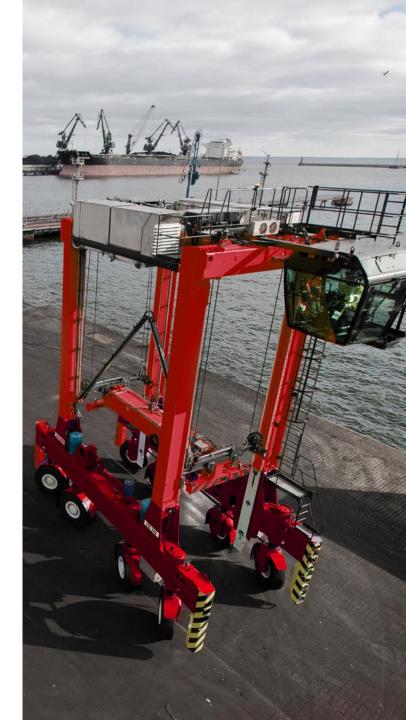
Sales remained on Q1/2019 level

Service sales decreased by 3%

Comparable operating profit decreased

- Increased share of project deliveries
- Supply chain challenges in projects

MEUR	Q1/20	Q1/19	Change
Orders received	334	516	-35%
Order book	952	1,127	-16%
Sales	404	401	+1%
Comparable operating profit	26	32	-21%
Comparable operating profit margin	6.3%	8.1%	-180bps





Hiab Q1 – Comparable operating profit margin remained stable

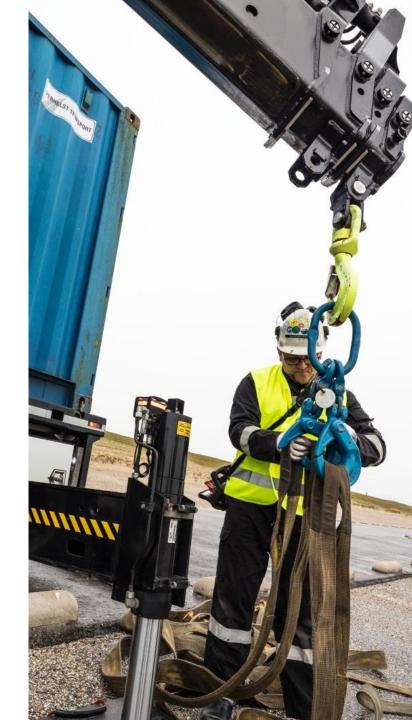
Orders received decreased in all regions

Sales decreased

Service sales increased by 1%

Comparable operating profit decreased to 30 MEUR due to lower volumes

MEUR	Q1/20	Q1/19	Change
Orders received	296	341	-13%
Order book	396	483	-18%
Sales	302	316	-5%
Comparable operating profit	30	34	-11%
Comparable operating profit margin	10.0%	10.7%	-70bps



MacGregor Q1 – Loss making quarter, service sales increased

Orders received decreased by 8%

 Decline in merchant, increase in offshore and service orders (+21%)

Sales increased by 10%

Service sales +24%

Comparable operating profit declined

- Low capacity utilisation in certain units
- Lower sales margins

Productivity improvements ongoing

- 2 MEUR achieved from 15 MEUR cost savings programme
- Remaining 13 MEUR expected for Q2-Q4

MEUR	Q1/20	Q1/19	Change
Orders received	151	165	-8%
Order book	591	536	+10%
Sales	153	139	+10%
Comparable operating profit	-5	1	< -100%
Comparable operating profit margin	-3.5%	0.9%	-440bps





Key figures – Order book remained strong

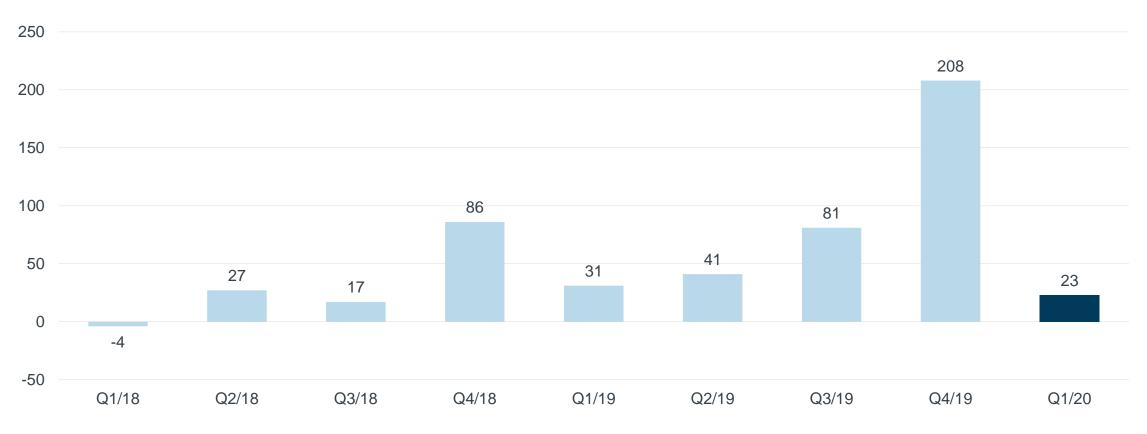
	Q1/20	Q1/19	Change
Orders received, MEUR	781	1,022	-24%
Order book, MEUR	1,938	2,145	-10%
Sales, MEUR	858	856	+0%
Comparable operating profit, MEUR	40	57	-31%
Comparable operating profit, %	4.6%	6.7%	-210 bps
Items affecting comparability, MEUR	-13	-6	-106%
Operating profit, MEUR	26	51	-48%
Operating profit, %	3.1%	6.0%	-290 bps
Net income, MEUR	11	31	-63%
Earnings per share, EUR	0.18	0.48	-63%
Earnings per share, EUR*	0.31	0.55	-43%
ROCE, %**	6.5%	8.3%	-180 bps



*) Excluding items affecting comparability and adjusted with related tax effect **) ROCE (return on capital employed), last 12 months

Cash flow declined

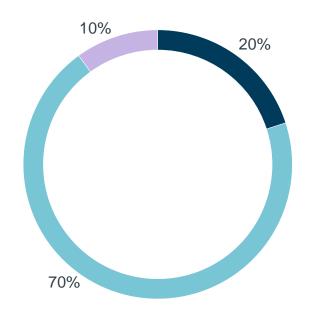
Cash flow from operations before financing items and taxes MEUR





Balanced debt portfolio

Loan structure, % (31.3.2020)



Bilateral bank loans

Bonds and Schuldschein loans

Commercial papers and bank overdrafts



*Cargotec adopted the IFRS 16 standard on 1 Jan 2019.



Strong financial position and balanced maturity profile

Balanced maturity profile

EUR 144 million maturing in 2020 Q2-Q4

Solid liquidity position (31.3.2020)

- + 281 MEUR cash and cash equivalents
- + 300 MEUR committed long-term undrawn revolving credit facilities
- 183 MEUR repayments of interest-bearing liabilities during next 12 months
- Total liquidity 399 MEUR

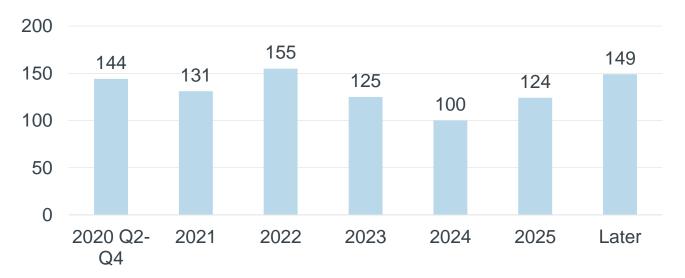
200 MEUR additional bank loans raised in April 2020

Bank loans and the revolving credit facility include a financial covenant

 Gearing must be retained below 125% (44% on 31 March 2020 for loans and credit facilities signed pre-IFRS 16 and 57% for loans signed post-IFRS 16)

Repayment schedule of interest-bearing liabilities excluding finance lease







49

Outlook for 2020

On 27 March 2020, Cargotec updated its outlook for 2020 due to the coronavirus pandemic and related political decisions and administrative restrictions. In the current exceptional situation Cargotec estimated that it is not able to give a guidance for 2020. Cargotec publishes a new guidance later.

In the second quarter, there are significant challenges in relation to deliveries and demand.

- Cargotec estimates a significant decline in orders, sales, comparable operating profit and cash flow in the second quarter compared to Q2/2019
- During the first weeks of April 2020, Cargotec's orders received have significantly decreased from the comparison period
- Due to the challenging operating environment, visibility towards the end of the year is currently weak.

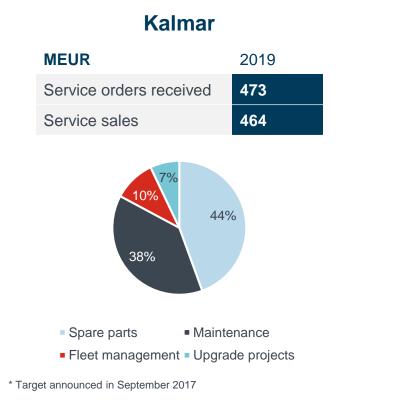


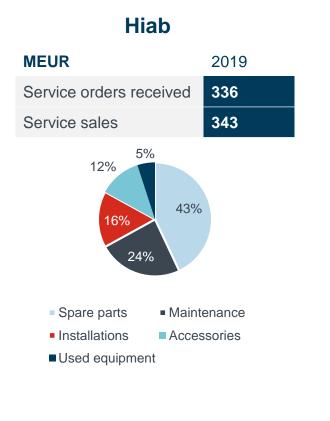


Service sales growth on track towards our targets

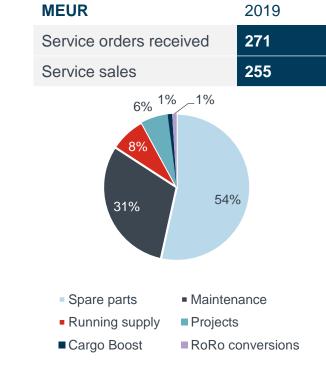
Cargotec service sales totalled EUR 1,062 million in 2019

- Spare parts the biggest category, around 47% of total service sales
- Maintenance around 31% of total service sales





MacGregor



M&A strategy focusing on bolt-on acquisitions

Key acquisition criteria

- Contribution to 15% ROCE target
- Recurring business
- Increase the potential for services through larger installed base and increased presence
- Group gearing long term target of 50%

Interest-bearing net debt and gearing



M&A focus by business area:

Kalmar

Expand service footprint and software offering

Hiab

Expand geographical presence, service and product offering

MacGregor

Focus on distressed assets and software and intelligent technology



TTS acquisition completed

Strategic rationale

Service growth potential

Strengthening MacGregor's position also in China

Based on revised estimates, potential cost synergies are estimated to be around EUR 25-30 million on annual level

Overview of the acquired business

Employs ca. 600 people

Services 26% of revenues

Consolidated sales in 2019 EUR 50 million and operating profit at break-even level (1.8-31.12.2019)

Acquisition

Acquired businesses represent around 90% of total sales of the TTS Group

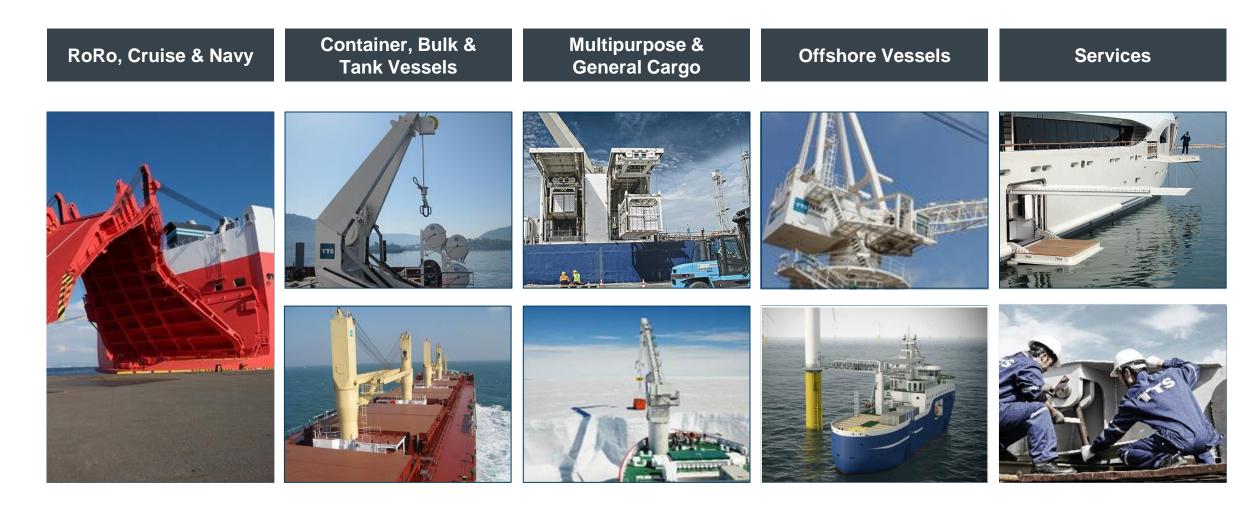
Announced enterprise value EUR 87 million

Acquisition was completed on 31 July 2019

TTS results have been consolidated into MacGregor's financial figures as of 1 August 2019



TTS product portfolio





Group wide EUR 50 million cost savings programme proceeding faster than expected

WHY

- Investments in common systems as enabler
- EUR ~600 million addressable indirect cost base

WHAT

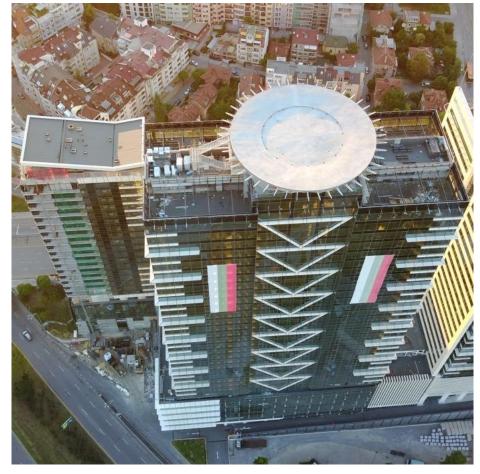
 Reductions in indirect purchasing spend (EUR 30 million), and more efficient support functions (EUR 20 million)

HOW

- Central procurement organization to drive indirect procurement cost and efficiency
- Support function services centre in Sofia, Bulgaria officially opened 30 January 2018
- Automation in Finance, HR, information management and procurement

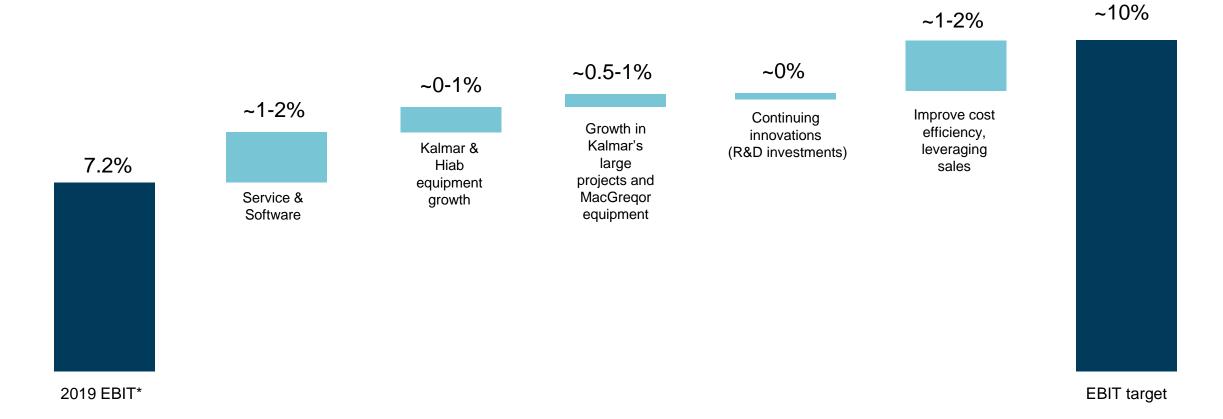
RESULTS

- EUR 44 million savings realised since beginning of the programme in 2017
- The remaining part of the savings is expected to be achieved in Q2-Q4/2020





Our target is to reach 10% EBIT



Target announced in September 2017, target to be reached in 3-5 years *Comparable operating profit

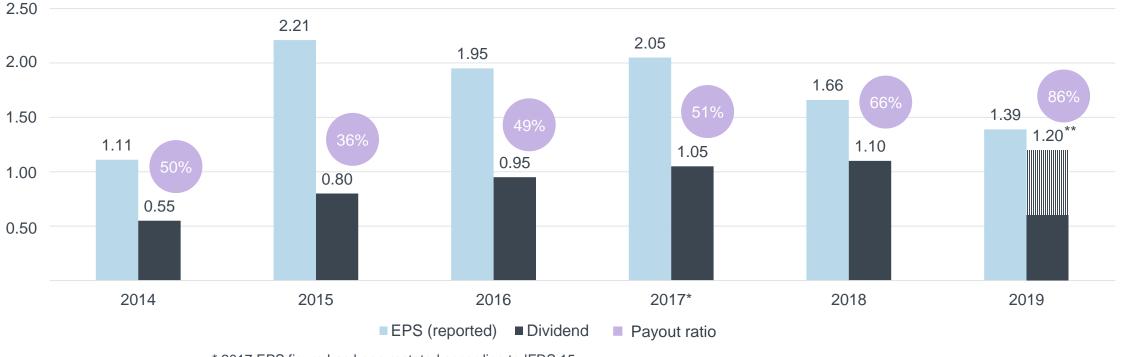


Board proposes dividend of up to 1.20 EUR

The Board of Directors proposes to the Annual General Meeting (AGM) convening on 27 May 2020 that:

- The dividend will be paid in two instalments.
- The first instalment is EUR 0.60 per B class share and paid directly based on the decision of the AGM
- The Board of Directors are authorised to decide on the distribution of the possible second instalment, which would be maximum EUR 0.60 per B class share

Calculated from EPS excl. items affecting comparability, payout ratio for 2019 is 55%.

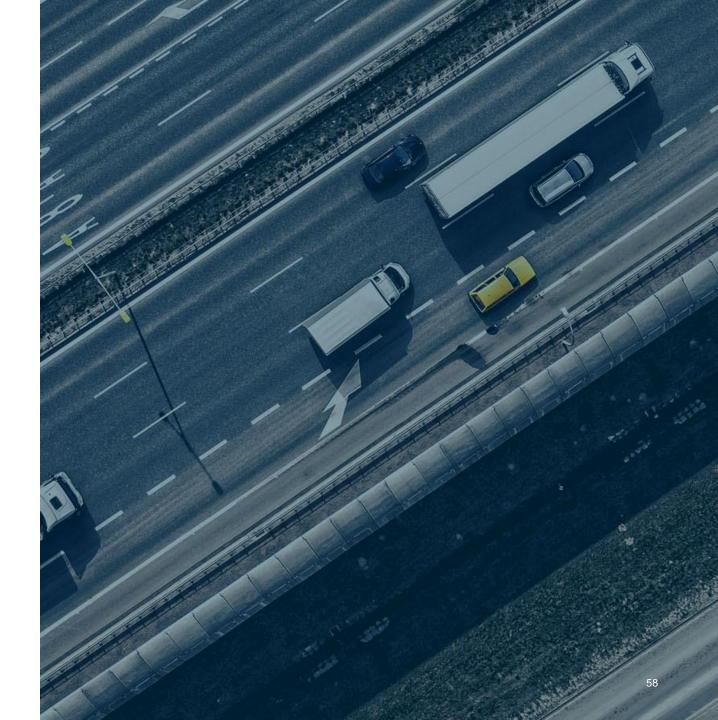




Appendix

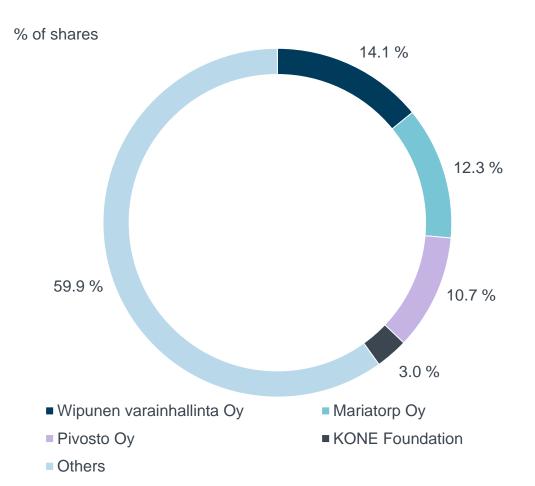
- 1. Largest shareholders and financials
- 2. Sustainability
- 3. Kalmar
- 4. Hiab
- 5. MacGregor





Largest shareholders 30 April 2020

		% of shares	% of votes
1.	Wipunen varainhallinta Oy	14.1	23.7
2.	Mariatorp Oy	12.3	22.9
3.	Pivosto Oy	10.7	22.2
4.	KONE Foundation	3.0	5.5
5.	Ilmarinen Mutual Pension Insurance Company	2.2	0.9
6.	Varma Mutual Pension Insurance Company	1.9	0.8
7.	The State Pension Fund	1.2	0.5
8.	Elo Mutual Pension Insurance Company	1.2	0.5
9.	Mandatum Life Insurance Company Ltd.	0.9	0.4
10.	Herlin Heikki Juho Kustaa	0.6	0.3
Non holo	ninee registered and non-Finnish lers	23.34	
Tota	I number of shareholders	34,319	



Wipunen varainhallinta Oy is a company controlled by Ilkka Herlin, Mariatorp Oy a company controlled by Niklas Herlin's estate and Pivosto Oy a company controlled by Ilona Herlin.



59

Examples of our wide equipment offering



Reachstacker



Straddle carrier



Terminal tractor



Container handler





Loader crane



Hooklift, Skiploader



Truck-mounted forklift



Taillift



Cranes



Marine self-unloaders



Offshore load handling



Forklift truck



Automatic stacking crane



Recycling and forestry cranes



Deck machinery

Hatch covers,

container lashings

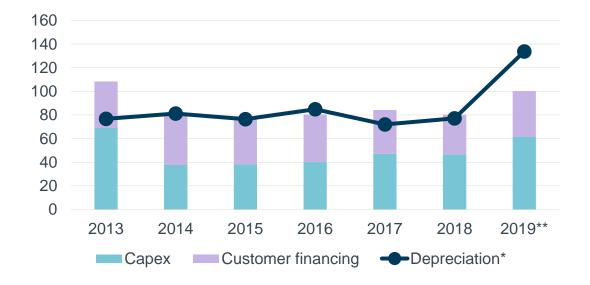


Mooring systems



Capex and R&D

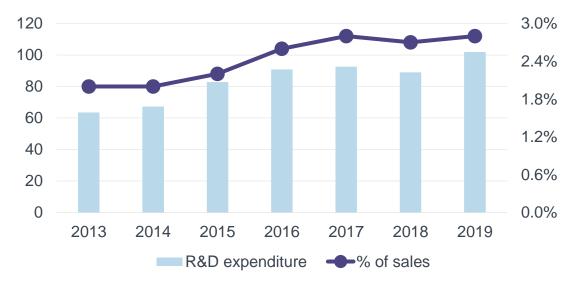
Capital expenditure



Main capex investments:

- Kalmar innovation centre in Ljungby, Sweden
- Investments in multi-assembly units in Kalmar and Hiab
- Intangible assets, such as global systems to improve efficiency in operational activities and support functions

Research and development



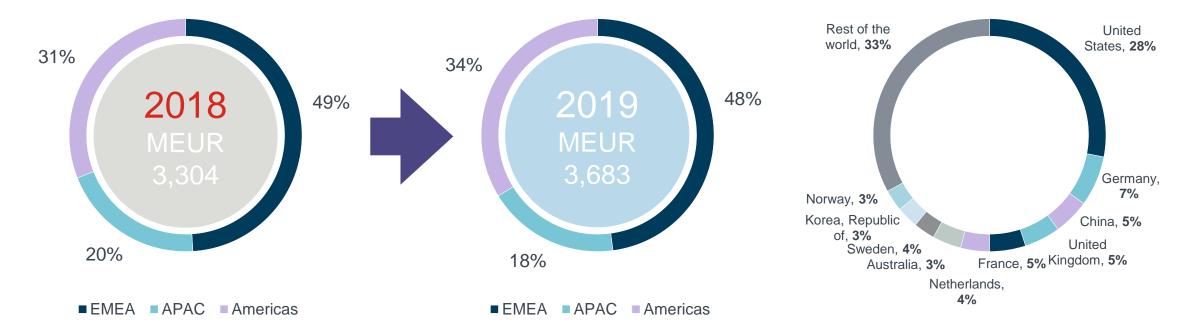
R&D investments focused on

- Digitalisation
- Competitiveness, cost efficiency and eco-efficiency of products

*) Including amortisations and impairments
 **) depreciation increased due to IFRS 16 implementation



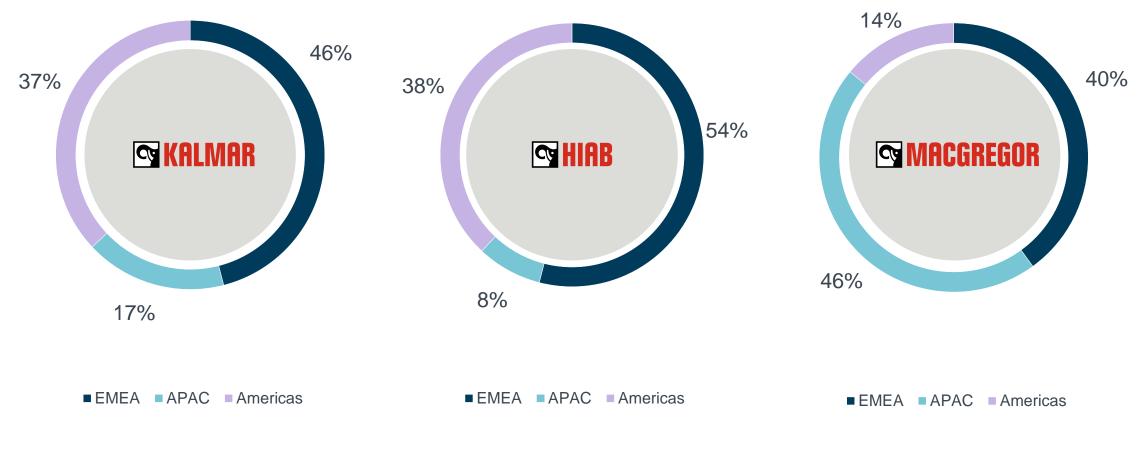
Well diversified geographical sales mix



Top-10 countries by customer location



Sales by geographical segment by business area 2019



CARGOTEC Ye

Year 2017 figures have been restated according to IFRS 15

Cargotec's R&D and assembly sites



EMEA

- Arendal, Norway (MacGregor R&D)
- Argelato, Italy (Hiab/Effer)
- Averøy, Norway (Macgregor prod + R&D)
- Kristiansand, Norway (MacGregor R&D)
- Dundalk, Ireland (Hiab prod. + R&D)
- Witney, UK (Hiab prod.)
- Whitstable, UK (MacGregor prod.)
- Zaragoza, Spain (Hiab prod.)
- Uetersen, Germany (MacGregor prod. + WS + R&D)
- Schwerin, Germany (MacGregor prod.)
- Stargard Szczecinski, Poland (Kalmar + Hiab prod.)
- Bispgården, Sweden (Hiab prod.)
- Örnsköldsvik, Sweden (MacGregor WS + WH + R&D)
- Hudiksvall, Sweden (Hiab R&D)
- Kaarina, Finland (MacGregor R&D)
- Minerbio, Italy (Hiab/Effer)
- Raisio, Finland (Hiab prod.)
- Statte, Italy (Hiab/Effer)
- Tampere, Finland (Kalmar WS + R&D)
- Ljungby, Sweden (Kalmar R&D)

APAC

- Chungbuk, South Korea (Hiab prod.)
- Bangalore, India (Kalmar prod. + R&D)
- Chennai, India (Navis–Kalmar R&D)
- Ipoh, Malaysia (Bromma prod.)
- Shanghai, China (Kalmar prod. + WH)
- Busan, South Korea (MacGregor prod.)
- Singapore, (R&D)

Americas

- North America
 - Ottawa, Kansas (Kalmar prod.)
 - Oakland, California (Kalmar R&D)
 - Tallmadge, Ohio (Hiab prod.)
- South America
 - Santo Antonio da Patrulha, Brazil (Hiab prod.)



Comparable operating profit development

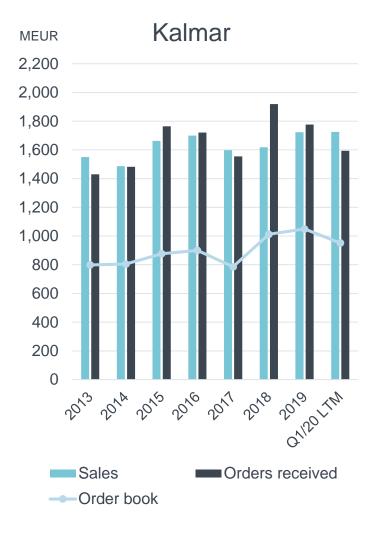


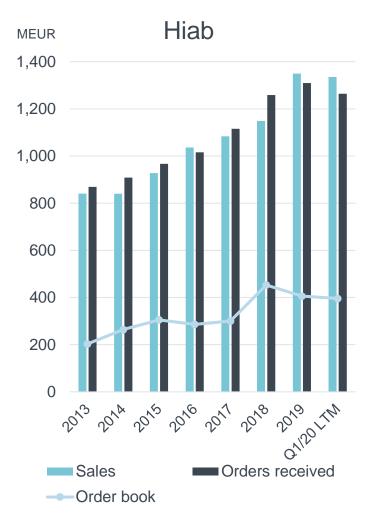


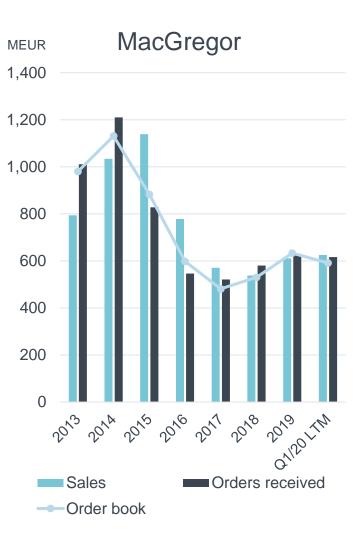




Sales and orders received development









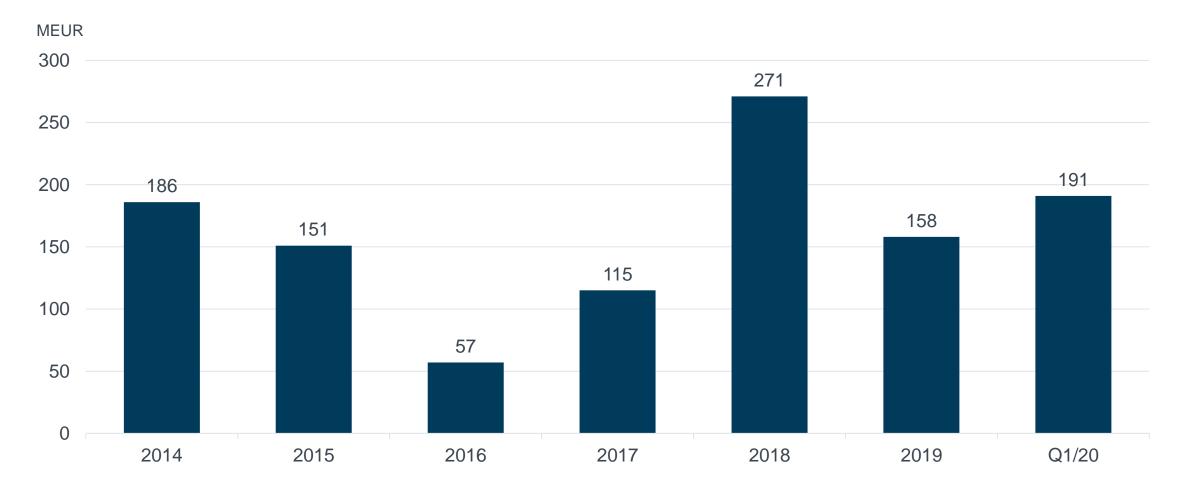
Gross profit development





67

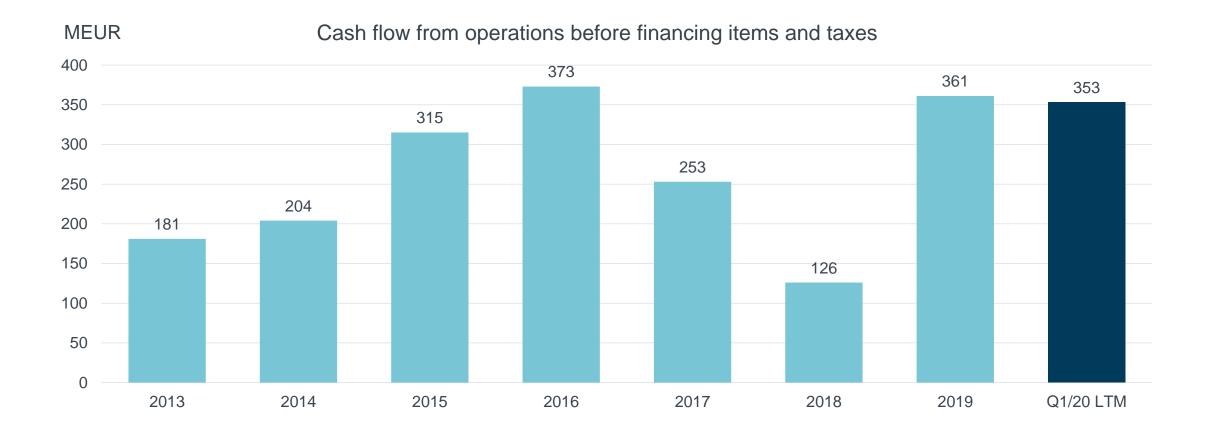
Net working capital increased due to increased inventories





68

Cash flow from operations development





Income statement Q1 2020

MEUR	Q1/20	Q1/19	2019
Sales	858.3	855.9	3,683.4
Cost of goods sold	-668.2	-649.5	-2,810.3
Gross profit	190.1	206.3	873.1
Gross profit, %	22.1%	24.1%	23.7%
Other operating income	10.6	8.7	33.5
Selling and marketing expenses	-57.2	-60.8	-238.4
Research and development expenses	-29.6	-25.0	-105.6
Administration expenses	-67.2	-63.9	-269.3
Restructuring costs	-6.4	-5.7	-80.1
Other operating expenses	-13.2	-7.8	-33.8
Costs and expenses	-163.2	-154.5	-693.7
Share of associated companies' and joint ventures' net income	-0.4	-0.8	0.6
Operating profit	26.5	51.0	180.0
Operating profit, %	3.1%	6.0%	4.9%
Financing income and expenses	-6.8	-8.3	-34.1
Income before taxes	19.7	42.8	145.9
Income before taxes, %	2.3%	5.0%	4.0%
Income taxes	-8.4	-11.8	-56.5
Net income for the period	11.3	31.0	89.4
Net income for the period, %	1.3%	3.6%	2.4%

Net income for the period attributable to:

Equity holders of the parent	11.4	30.9	89.4
Non-controlling interest	-0.1	0.1	0.0
Total	11.3	31.0	89.4

Earnings per share for profit attributable the equity holders of the parent:	to		
Earnings per share, EUR	0.18	0.48	1.39
Diluted earnings per share, EUR	0.18	0.48	1.39
CARGOTEC			

Balance sheet 31 March 2020

ASSETS, MEUR	31 Mar 2020	31 Mar 2019	31 Dec 2019
Non-current assets			
Goodwill	1,019.5	1,004.0	1,058.5
Other intangible assets	284.8	267.9	296.1
Property, plant and equipment	471.5	474.3	489.7
Investments in associated companies and joint			
ventures	115.1	102.7	120.8
Share investments	0.3	0.3	0.3
Loans receivable and other interest-bearing assets*	27.1	35.7	29.1
Deferred tax assets	130.3	140.7	131.2
Derivative assets	0.0	-	-
Other non-interest-bearing assets	9.7	9.5	10.3
Total non-current assets	2,058.3	2,035.1	2,136.0

Current assets

Inventories	760.7	737.9	713.0
Loans receivable and other interest-bearing assets*	1.6	1.3	1.3
Income tax receivables	23.4	43.7	24.1
Derivative assets	28.7	4.2	8.5
Accounts receivable and other non-interest-bearing			
assets	860.7	854.1	924.3
Cash and cash equivalents*	281.3	151.3	420.2
Total current assets	1,956.4	1,792.5	2,091.4

EQUITY AND LIABILITIES, MEUR Equity attributable to the equity holders of the parent	31 Mar 2020	31 Mar 2019	
Share capital	64.3	64.3	64.3
Share premium account	98.0	98.0	98.0
Translation differences	-77.4	-19.2	-33.2
Fair value reserves	-15.6	-12.0	-9.1
Reserve for invested non-restricted equity	57.4	57.4	57.4
Retained earnings	1,261.3	1,199.3	1,247.1
Total equity attributable to the equity holders of			
the parent	1,388.0	1,387.8	1,424.5
Non-controlling interest	2.7	3.2	
Total equity	1.390.7	1,391.0	
Non-current liabilities	.,	.,	
Interest-bearing liabilities*	924.9	703.6	953.3
Deferred tax liabilities	38.7	26.5	39.1
Pension obligations	106.5	93.0	110.4
Provisions	7.0	8.5	7.0
Derivative liabilities	0.8	- 0.0	-
Other non-interest-bearing liabilities	63.8	62.0	
Total non-current liabilities	1,141.8	893.6	
Current liabilities			
Current portion of interest-bearing liabilities*	70.5	280.9	233.0
Other interest-bearing liabilities*	112.3	80.6	38.1
Provisions	103.0	88.3	114.3
Advances received	280.5	204.7	306.3
Income tax payables	22.2	19.6	21.1
Derivative liabilities	23.6	7.5	11.8
Accounts payable and other non-interest-bearing liabilities	870.0	861.3	899.8
Total current liabilities		1,542.9	000.0
		3,827.5	
Total equity and liabilities	4,014.7	5,027.5	4,227.4

*Included in interest-bearing net debt.

Cash flow statement Q1 2020

MEUR	Q1/20	Q1/19	2019
Net cash flow from operating activities			
Net income for the period	11.3	31.0	89.4
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	31.7	28.0	133.8
Other adjustments	20.8	20.5	87.4
Change in net working capital	-41.0	-48.6	50.4
Cash flow from operations before financing items and taxes	22.8	31.0	361.1
Cash flow from financing items and taxes	-21.4	-28.9	-57.6
Net cash flow from operating activities	1.4	2.0	303.5
net dash now nom operating activities	1.4	2.0	000.0
Net cash flow from investing activities			
Acquisitions of businesses, net of cash acquired	-7.7	-3.4	-109.5
Disposals of businesses, net of cash sold	-	-	0.3
Cash flow from investing activities, other items	-10.3	-17.1	-41.4
Net cash flow from investing activities	-18.0	-20.5	-150.6
Net cash flow from financing activities			
Treasury shares acquired	-	-2.2	-2.2
Repayments of lease liabilities	-10.4	-9.4	-45.5
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	-	-	298.1
Repayments of long-term borrowings	-183.0	-75.4	-168.3
Proceeds from short-term borrowings	75.5	40.0	271.6
Repayments of short-term borrowings	-10.4	-	-257.8
Profit distribution	-	-35.4	-71.0
Net cash flow from financing activities	-128.4	-82.3	24.9

Change in cash and cash equivalents	-145.0	-100.8	177.8
Bank overdrafts at the end of period	20.7	26.6	10.4
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period	281.3	151.3	420.2
Cash and cash equivalents, and bank overdrafts at the beginning of period	409.8	225.5	225.5
Effect of exchange rate changes	-4.3	0.0	6.6
Cash and cash equivalents, and bank overdrafts at the end of period	260.6	124.7	409.8



Sustainability



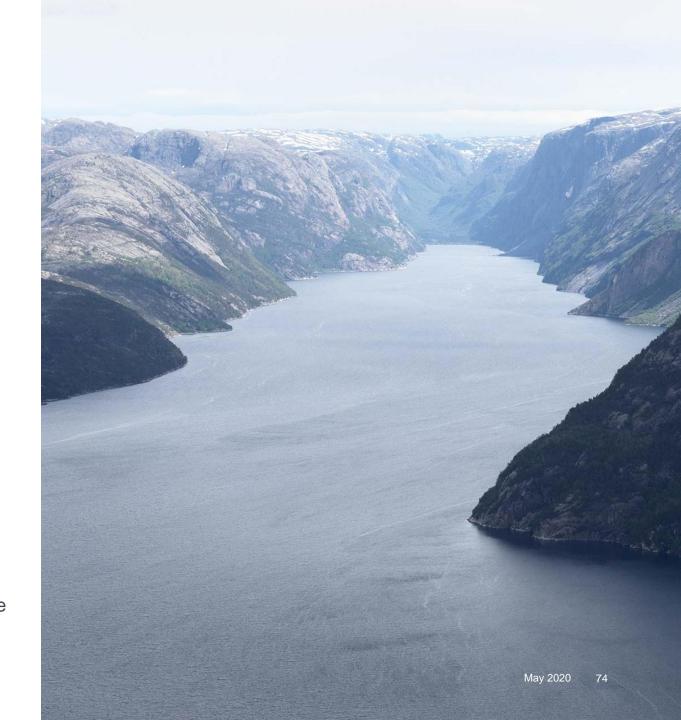
Sustainability is a great business opportunity

We serve an industry, which produces the majority of emissions as well as GDP in the world - Inefficient industry with potential to improve

Our vision to be the leader in intelligent cargo handling also drives sustainability - Increasing efficiency and life-time solutions

CARGOTEC

We are in a position to be the global frontrunner, setting the sustainability standards for the whole industry - We are ready to shape the industry to one that is more sustainable





Sea Freight Transport is by far the most sustainable transport mode in terms of emissions

Compared to transportation of goods

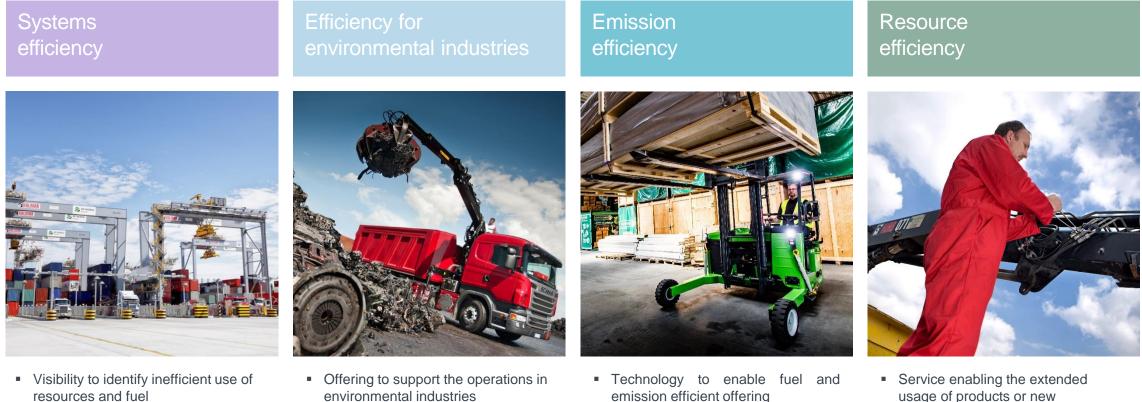
→ by trains, sea freight emits
 ~2-3 times less emissions

- by trucks, sea freight emits
 ~3-4 times less emissions
- → by air cargo, sea freight emits
 ~14 times less emissions



Mitigating climate change with low carbon solutions for customers is a gret opportunity for us

Offering for eco-efficiency product group sales account for 21% of the total revenue in 2019



Cargotec solutions for environmental

industries

resources and fuel Software and design system

maritime hydraulic oil emissions

Products with features to decrease

fuel usage and avoidance of

- usage of products or new applications
- Product conversions and modernisations

Investor presentation

76

Key to more sustainable cargo handling business is solution development



Waste in cargo handling business due to inefficiencies ~17 billion euros

~2.5 mil barrels (1.8 mil tonnes CO2e) of fuel savings enabled by Cargotec port equipment solutions during past 6 to 10 years



19 mil tonnes CO2e in shipping industry annually

For moving empty containers

~50 000 tonnes CO2e

emissions from Cargotec sites annually





Cargotec sustainability managed with clear policies, processes and KPIs on varying areas

- Cargotec signed the UN Global Compact in 2007 and we firmly believe that we are advancing especially the six UN Sustainable Development Goals
- We have a clear governance on sustainability issues with Board of Directors overview on the subject
- Climate solutions and safety remain the key sustainability focus areas
- We continue to focus on safety improvement programs to further decrease our current IIFR rate of 6.9
- Strategy formulation for managing climate-related risks and opportunities initiated with plan to have it defined and implemented by the end of 2020

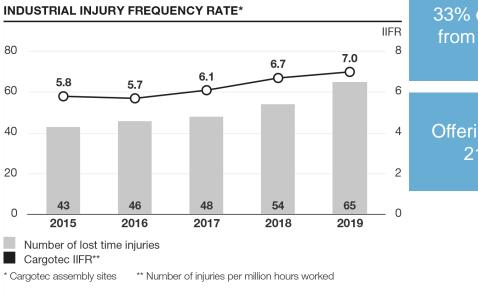


SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GALS



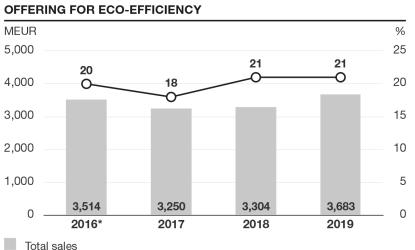
Performance highlights 2019

Code of Conduct panel and case investigation process in place All new direct material suppliers have been audited against Cargotec Supplier Criteria 93 percent of the strategic suppliers were invited to the sustainability selfassessment tool process 89 percent of direct sourcing spend covered by Supplier Code of Conduct



33% of our electricity use from certified renewable sources

Offering for eco-efficiency 21% of total sales



Offering for eco-efficiency, % of sales

* The 2016 share of sales is a company estimate and the figure has not been audited

Strategy formulation for managing climate-related risks and opportunities initiated

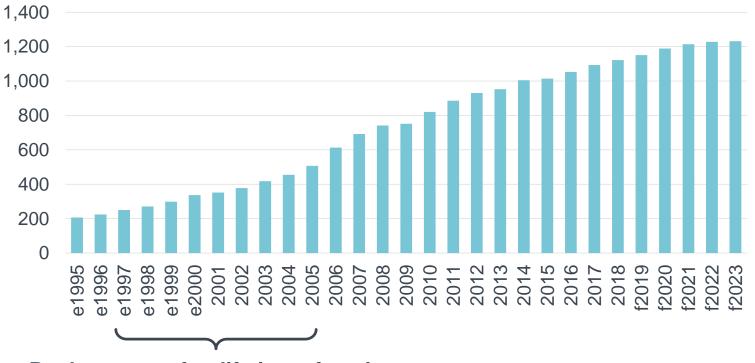


Kalmar appendix



The current replacement market size for key terminal equipment is EUR 1 billion annually and the market is expected to double in the next decade

Total Capacity MTEU



The replacement market will grow in coming years, as the container terminal capacity has expanded significantly during the last two decades.

Average lifetime of type of equipment:

- RTG -15 yrs
- SC 8-10 yrs
- RS/ECH/TT 8 yrs

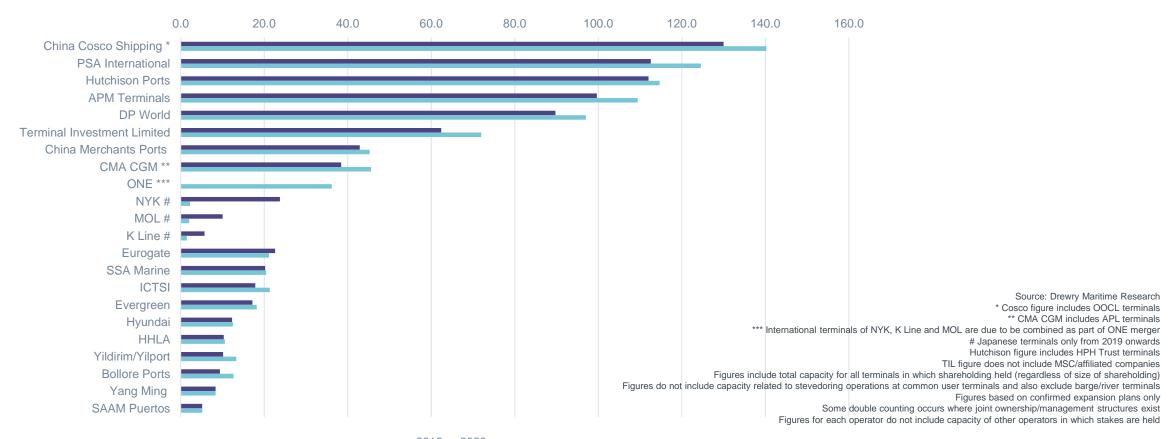
Replacement after lifetime of equipment

Source: Drewry reports: Global Container Terminal Operators 2001-2016 Note: 1995-2000 capacity is estimation based on the assumption that the utilisation rate has been between 70-72% in that period. 2019-2023 forecast based on Drewry's Global container terminal operators report, published in Q4/2019



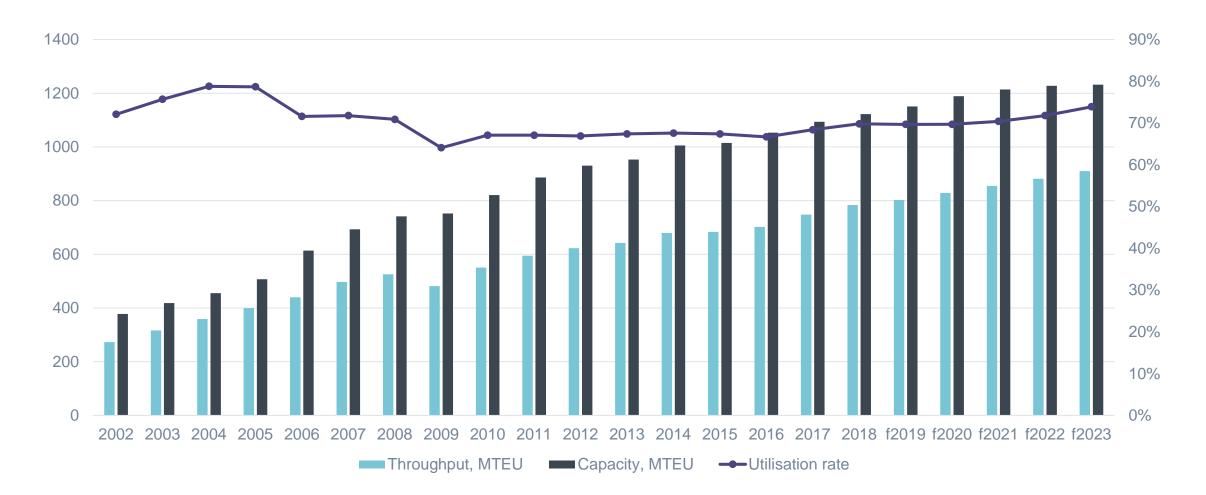
Global container terminal operators – Most capacity expected to be added by Cosco

Global/international terminal operators' capacity development, 2018-2023 (MTEU)



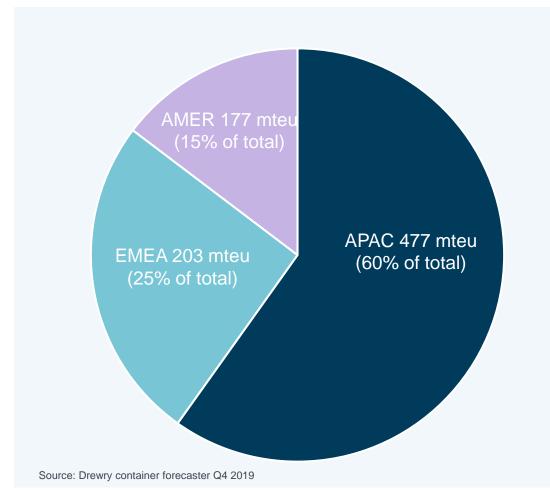


Global container throughput and capacity development





60% of global container throughput is expected to take place in APAC in 2020



Global container throughput expected to decrease 0.5% in 2020

- APAC -0.2% (-1 mteu)
- EMEA -1.3% (-3 mteu)
- AMER -0.3% (-0 mteu)

→ Drewry states that its scenario is not a "worst-case" COVID-19 scenario and that a more significant decrease is possible



Three alliances controlling about 80% of global container fleet capacity

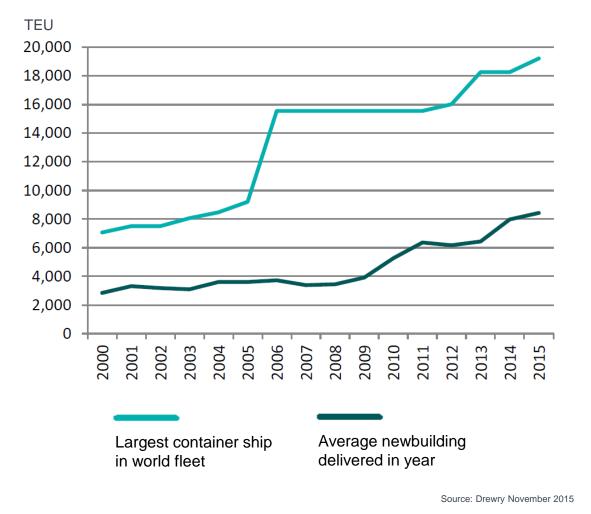
	Shipping line	_	Alliance/ Vessel sharing agreement	(VSA)	April 2017		
\square	Maersk MSC		P3 (denied)	2M	→ 2M		
	CMA CGM China Shipping	CMA COM 中国海运 Coma Exertifice	China Shipping/ UASC	Ocean Three			
	UASC NYK OOCL (acquisition ongoing)		Grand Alliance		Ocean Alliance		
	Hapag-Lloyd A PL MOL	Hapag-Lloyd	New World Alliance	G6 Alliance			
	Hyundai Cosco China Cosco				-		
H	Shipping K-Line Yang Ming	中国远洋海运集团有限公司 CHINA COBECTATION LATED CHINA COBECTATION LATED CHINA COBECTATION LATED CHINA CHINA COBECTATION LATED CHINA CH	CKYH Alliance	CKYH Alliance	The Alliance		
;	Ocean Network Express Hann	OCEAN NETWORK EXPRESS					
	Evergreen Hamburg Sud	HAMBURG	Independent				
	Total: 17 (9 after further consolidations)		es, confirmed or planned, through M&A or JV over the last 18 mo y alliance, but formed a cooperative relationship with 2M. NE) launch April 2018.	onths. Hanjin bankrupt. Hyundai isn't			

COSCO Shipping's planned acquisition of OOCL expected to completed by the end of June

Analyse excludes Zim, PIL and Wan Hai

Ship sizes increasing dramatically

- The largest containership in the fleet has nearly tripled since 2000
- The average size of new builds doubles between 2009 and 2014

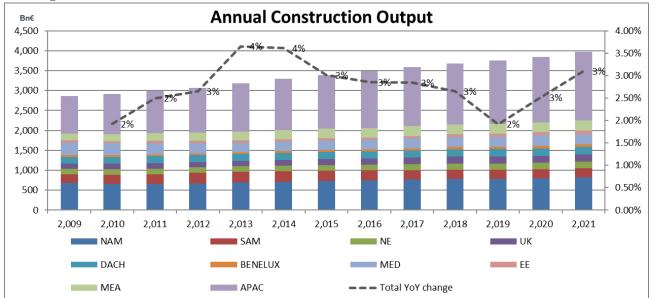




Hiab appendix



Construction output forecast



YoY changes Percentage point change vs last forecast 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 NAM 1.2% -0.5% -0.8% -0.3% -0.2% NAM 2.6% 2.0% -0.1% 2.2% 2.1% SAM 0.3% -1.2% -1.8% -1.0% SAM -3.3% -1.4% -2.1% 0.9% 2.4% 0.4% NE -0.2% -1.6% NE -0.3% -0.1% -0.1% 2.5% 5.1% 1.4% 1.9% 1.8% UK -0.7% -0.7% -0.2% -1.3% -0.3% UK 6.7% 0.1% 2.0% 0.4% 1.4% DACH -1.9% 0.5% 0.5% -0.6% -0.2% DACH 1.0% 3.3% 2.7% 0.9% 1.1% BENELUX 2.0% 1.2% -0.8% -0.6% -0.1% BENELUX 5.1% 6.3% 4.4% 0.9% 1.3% MED -0.4% -0.9% 0.6% -0.6% -0.1% MED 2.9% 2.1% 2.9% 1.7% 2.0% EE 0.1% -1.3% 2.4% -0.1% -0.1% EE 4.7% 10.6% 6.7% 3.0% 2.9% MEA 0.3% -0.2% 0.0% -0.2% -0.2% MEA 2.1% -2.1% -0.1% 2.7% 3.7% APAC 0.0% 0.0% -1.1% -0.3% 0.3% APAC 3.8% 4.1% 3.4% 3.6% 4.4% Total 0.2% -0.2% -0.7% -0.5% 0.0% Total 2.8% 2.7% 1.9% 2.5% 3.1%

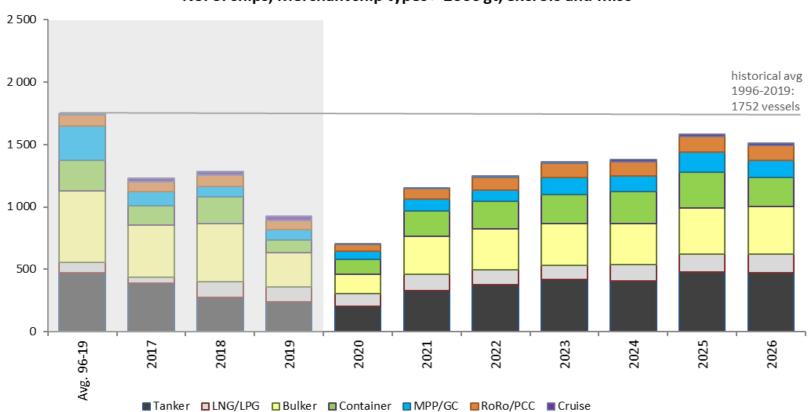


MacGregor appendix



Merchant ships: Contracting forecast by shiptype (no of ships)

Merchant ship types > 2000 gt excl offshore and misc, base case

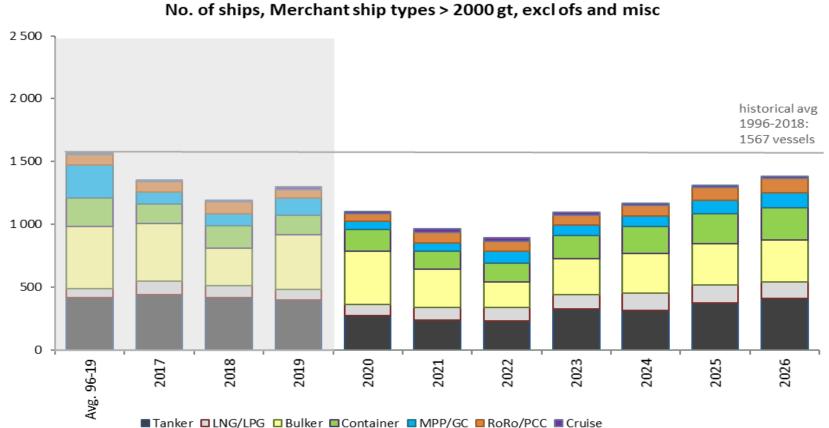


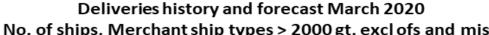
Contracting history and forecast March 2020 No. of ships, Merchant ship types > 2000 gt, excl ofs and misc



Merchant ships: Deliveries forecast by shiptype (no of ships)

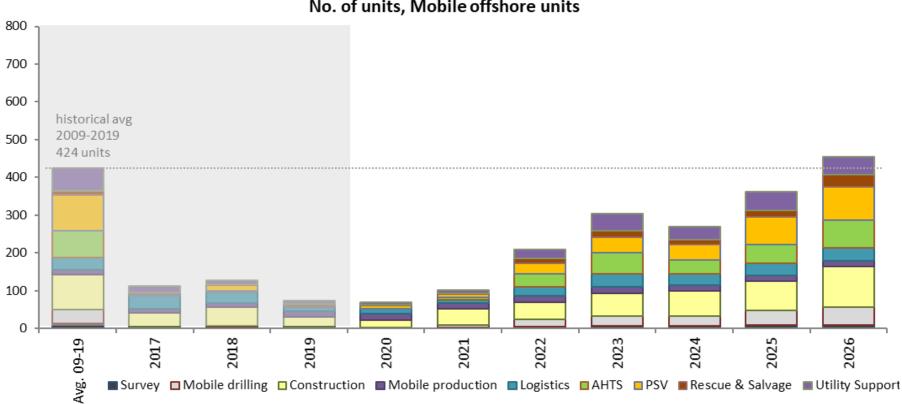
Merchant ship types > 2000 gt excl offshore and misc, base case







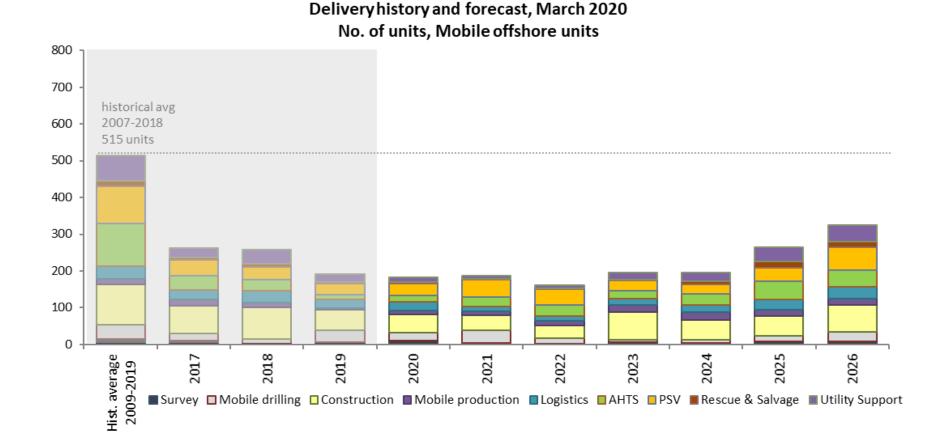
Offshore mobile units: Contracting forecast by shiptype (number of units)



Contracting history and forecast, March 2020 No. of units, Mobile offshore units



Offshore mobile units: Deliveries forecast by shiptype (number of units)





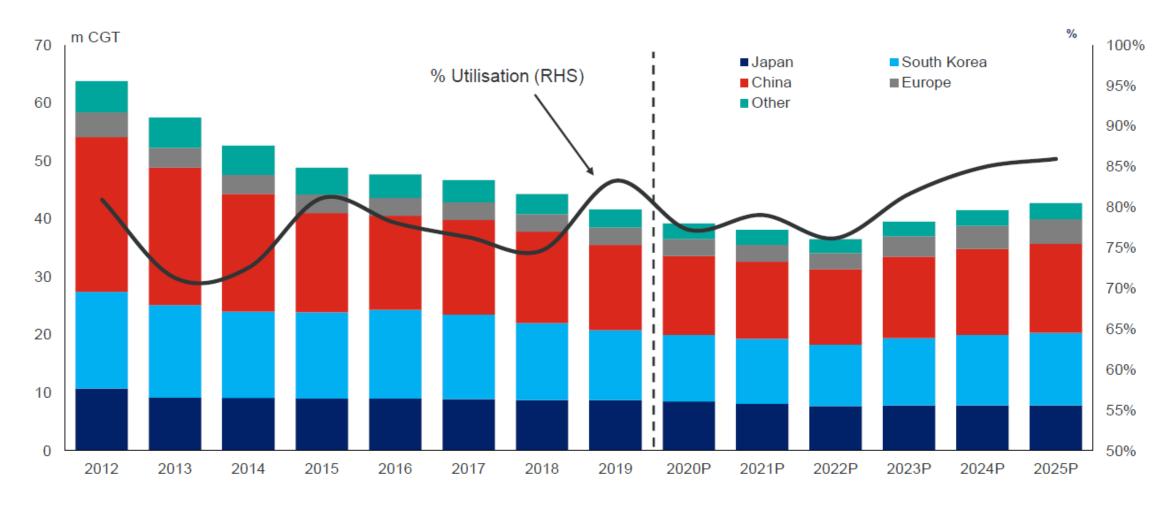
Shipbuilding – contracting ships >2000 gt/dwt

	No.			\$bn			m. CGT					
	2017	2018	2019	%y-o-y*	2017	2018	2019	%y-o-y*	2017	2018	2019	%y-0-y*
TOTAL (>2,000 Dwt/GT**)	1,290	1,358	899	-34%	71.5	79.1	74.0	-7%	29.8	35.0	25.7	-27%
Vessel Type												
Bulkers	423	467	252	-46%	12.4	14.2	8.2	-42%	9.1	9.7	5.2	-46%
Tankers	381	270	215	-20%	15.4	12.3	10.3	-16%	8.6	6.4	5.2	-18%
Containerships	154	216	97	-55%	6.1	11.2	6.5	-42%	4.0	6.2	3.4	-46%
Gas Carriers	48	126	118	-6%	4.3	15.3	14.1	-8%	1.8	6.8	5.7	-16%
Offshore	47	62	33	-47%	8.5	5.2	8.2	56%	0.8	1.1	1.1	0%
Others	237	217	184	-15%	24.9	20.9	26.7	27%	5.4	4.8	5.1	5%
Builder Country/Region	1					1	•					
China	611	526	370	-30%	20.0	20.8	20.2	-3%	12.2	10.6	8.5	-19%
South Korea	204	292	215	-26%	18.0	27.8	22.5	-19%	7.9	13.4	9.6	-28%
Japan	218	389	190	-51%	6.2	12.4	6.3	-49%	3.6	7.3	3.5	-53%
Europe	106	99	87	-12%	23.3	16.5	23.6	43%	4.1	2.9	3.5	22%
Other	151	52	37	-29%	4.1	1.7	1.4	-17%	2.0	0.8	0.5	-33%



Shipbuilding capacity and utilisation scenario

Capacity projected to reach low at end 2022

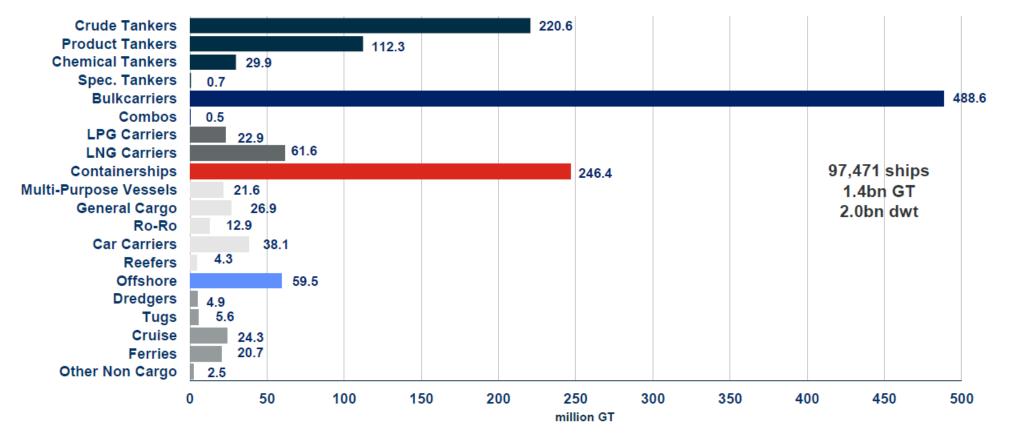




Investor presentation

Shipping – The world fleet

World fleet comprises currently roughly 97,000 ships



World Fleet as at March 2020 (million GT)



World fleet and order book development

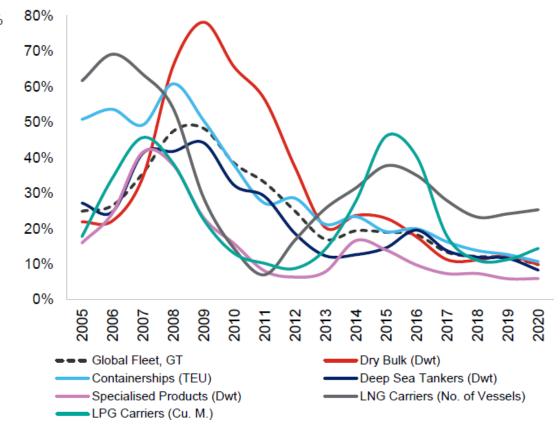
World fleet growth slowing; orderbook at historically low level at ~10% of the sailing fleet



35% more cargo being moved than 2008

Development of World Fleet, million GT

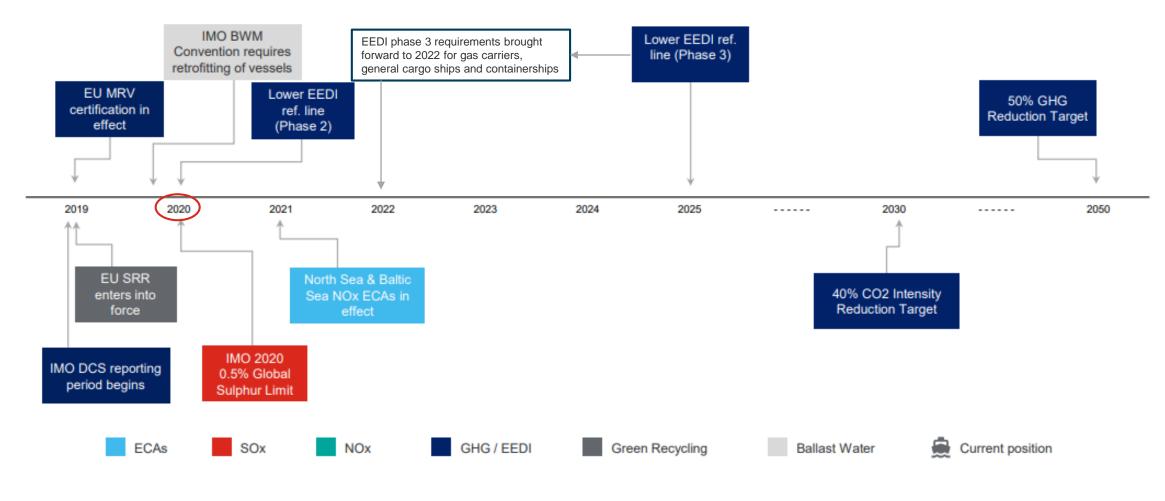
Orderbook as % of fleet - lowest for 20 years





Environmental regulation continues to accelerate

Shipping decarbonisation high on the agenda





Blue Growth, aquaculture and offshore wind energy offer us new interesting growth opportunities



99

Disclaimer

Although forward-looking statements contained in this presentation are based upon what management of the company believes are reasonable assumptions, there can be no assurance that forward-looking statements will prove to be accurate, as actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and undue reliance should not be placed on them. The company undertakes no obligation to update forward-looking statements if circumstances or management's estimates or opinions should change except as required by applicable securities laws.

All the discussion topics presented during the session and in the attached material are still in the planning phase. The final impact on the personnel, for example on the duties of the existing employees, will be specified only after the legal requirements of each affected function/ country have been fulfilled in full, including possible informing and/or negotiation obligations in each function / country.



CARGOTEC