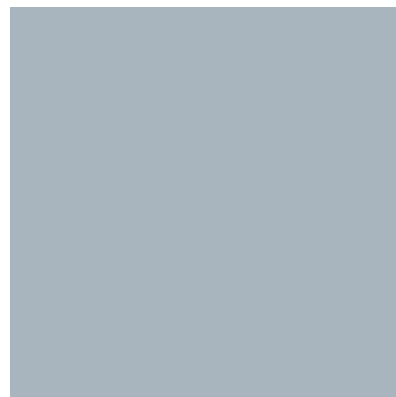


# Cargotec Capital Markets Day

2014



18 November  
2014



## Cargotec financials

**Eeva Sipilä**

Executive Vice President, CFO

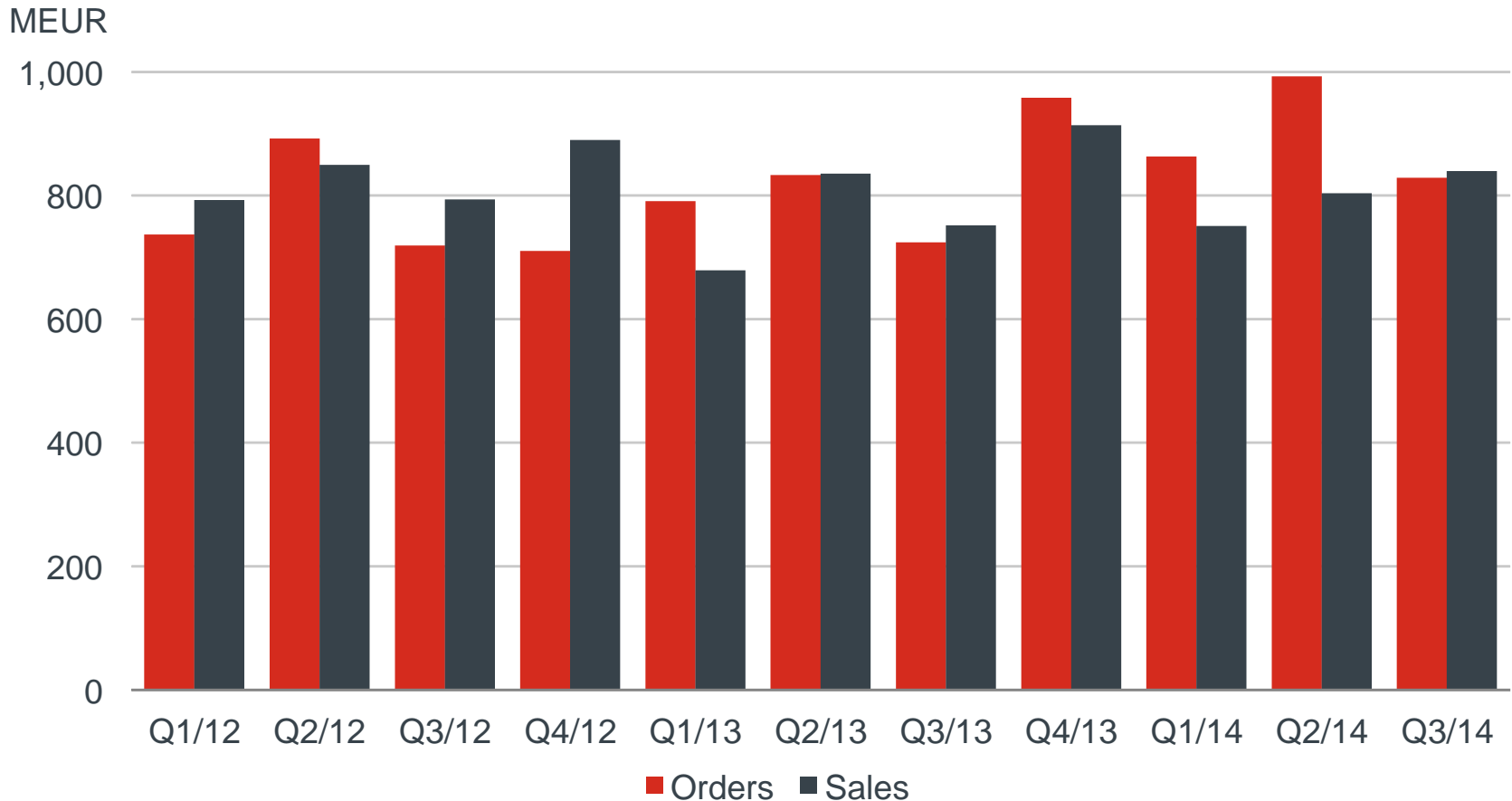
# January–September key figures

	Q1-Q3/14	Q1-Q3/13	Change	2013	2012
Orders received, MEUR	<b>2,685</b>	2,348	14%	3,307	3,058
Order book, MEUR	<b>2,327</b>	2,048	14%	1,980	2,021
Sales, MEUR	<b>2,395</b>	2,267	6%	3,181	3,327
Operating profit, MEUR*	<b>77.8</b>	87.9		126.5	157.5
Operating profit margin, %*	<b>3.2</b>	3.9		4.0	4.7
Cash flow from operations, MEUR	<b>120.3</b>	47.0		180.9	97.1
Interest-bearing net debt, MEUR	<b>835</b>	577		578	478
Earnings per share, EUR	<b>0.48</b>	0.77		0.89	1.45

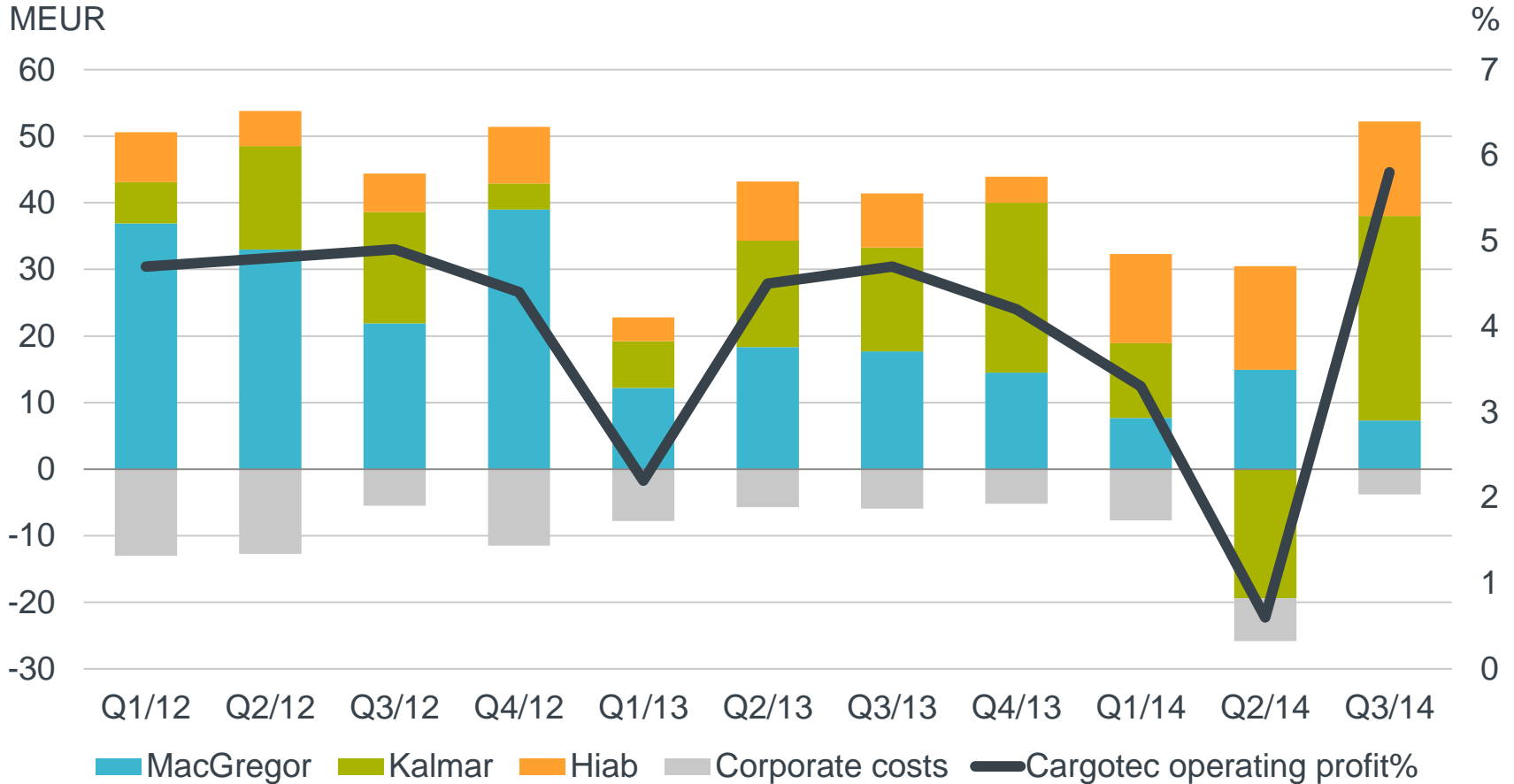


\* excluding restructuring costs

# Cargotec's book-to-bill – healthy 2014 development in turbulent environment

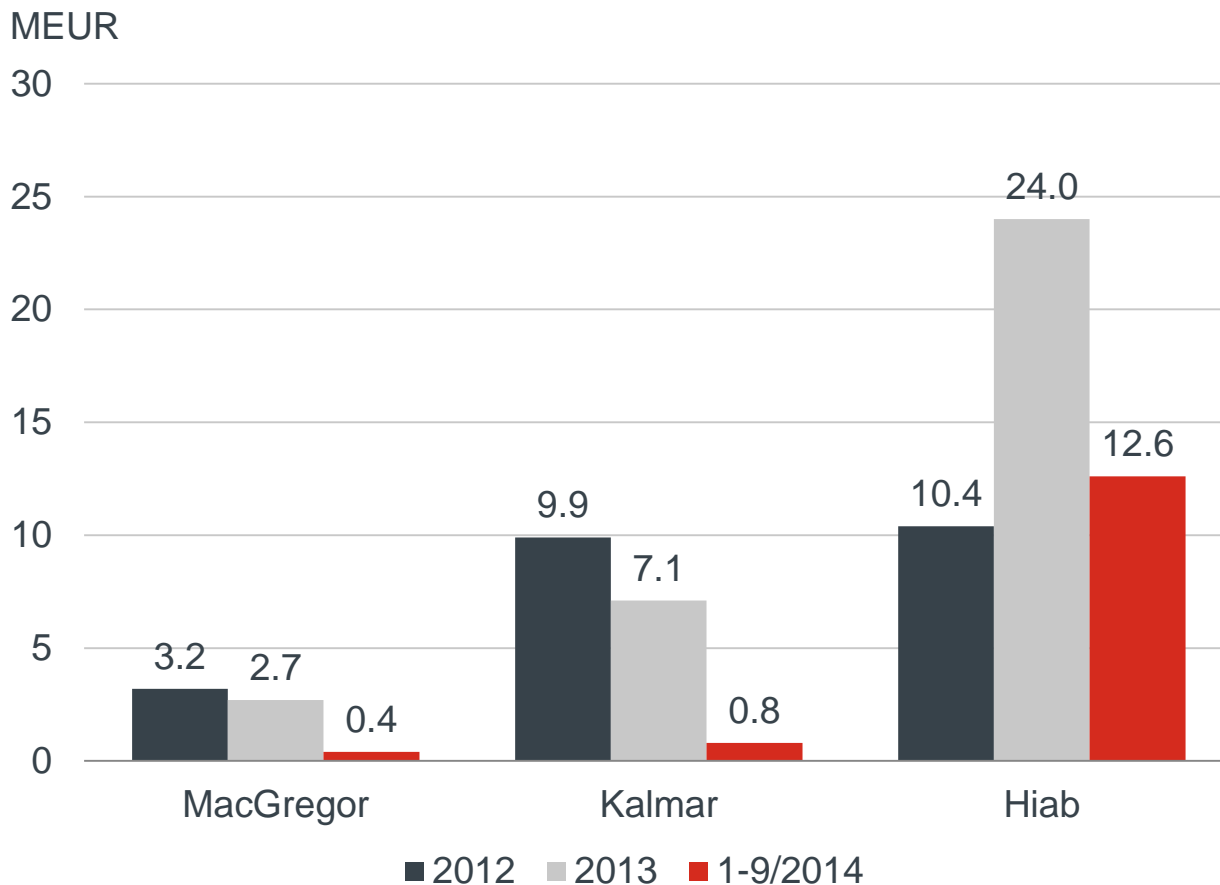


# Cargotec's profit generation by business area – targeting improvement and better balance



excluding restructuring costs

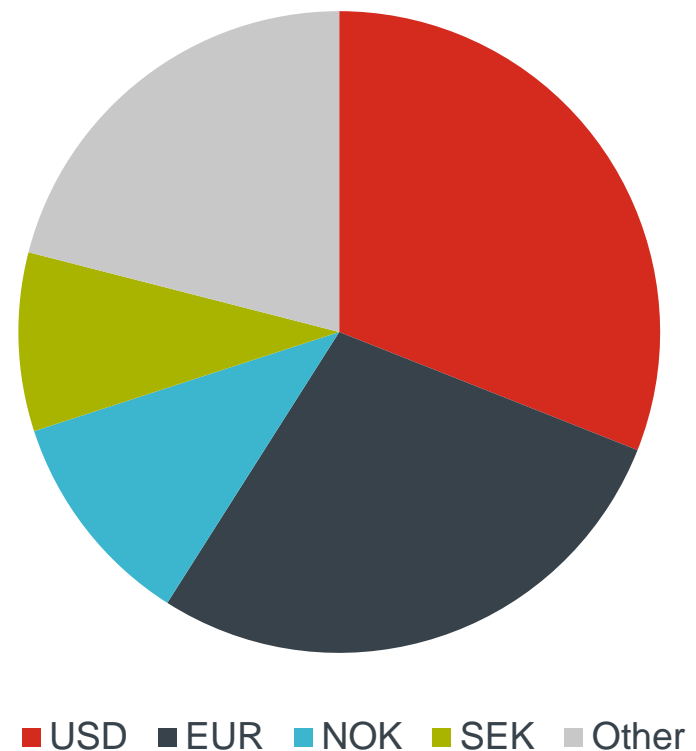
# Restructuring costs from past few year's efficiency improvement measures



# Cargotec hedges foreign exchange related transaction risk

- Cargotec is a global company with operations in over 120 countries in different currency zones. All legal companies fully hedge their transactional foreign exchange (FX) risk (order book and B/S items) against their functional currencies.
- FX translation risk (accounting risk) exists and is not hedged.
- Economic risk relates to uncommitted cash flows or those from expected but not yet committed future product sales. This is managed by optimizing supply/sourcing footprint to sales mix.

Translation exposure 1-9/2014



# Cargotec financial targets for 2016

Operating profit margin  
(EBIT)

>8%

Return on capital  
employed  
(ROCE pre-tax)

>13%

Gearing

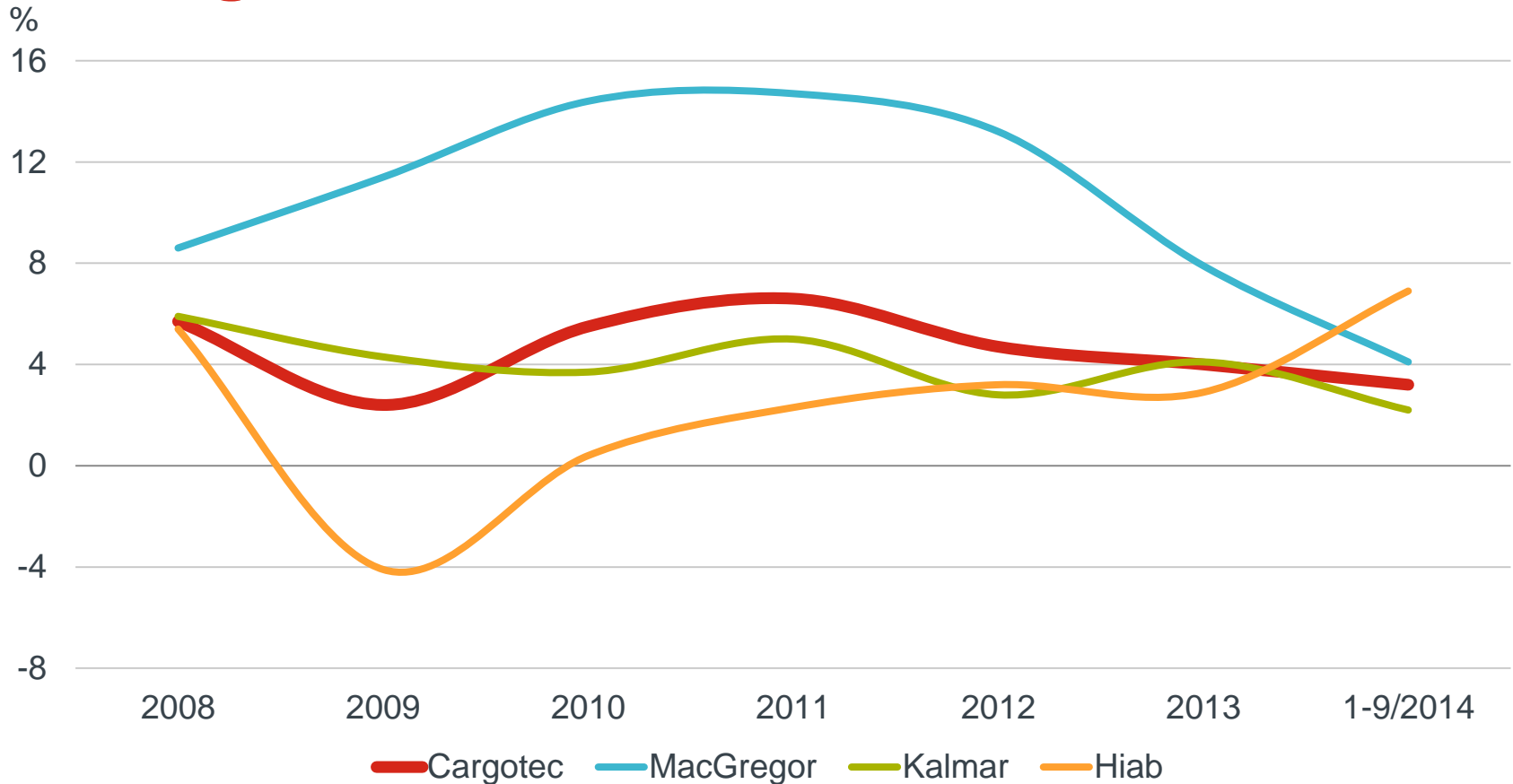
<50%

Dividend

30-  
50%  
of earnings per share



# Operating profit margin – improvement in all BAs from current level to reach set target



excluding restructuring costs



# Cargotec financial targets for 2016

Operating profit margin  
(EBIT)

> 8%

Return on capital  
employed  
(ROCE pre-tax)

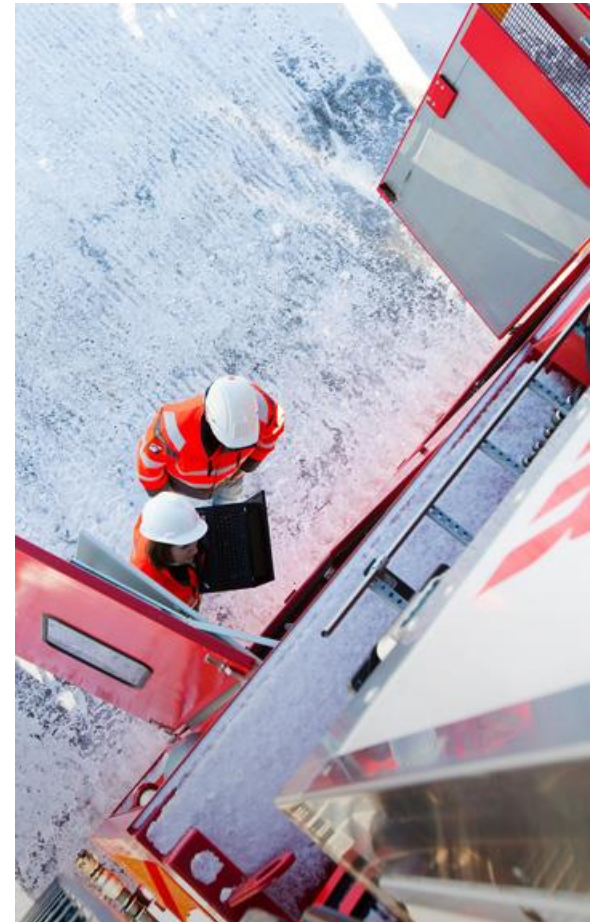
> 13%

Gearing

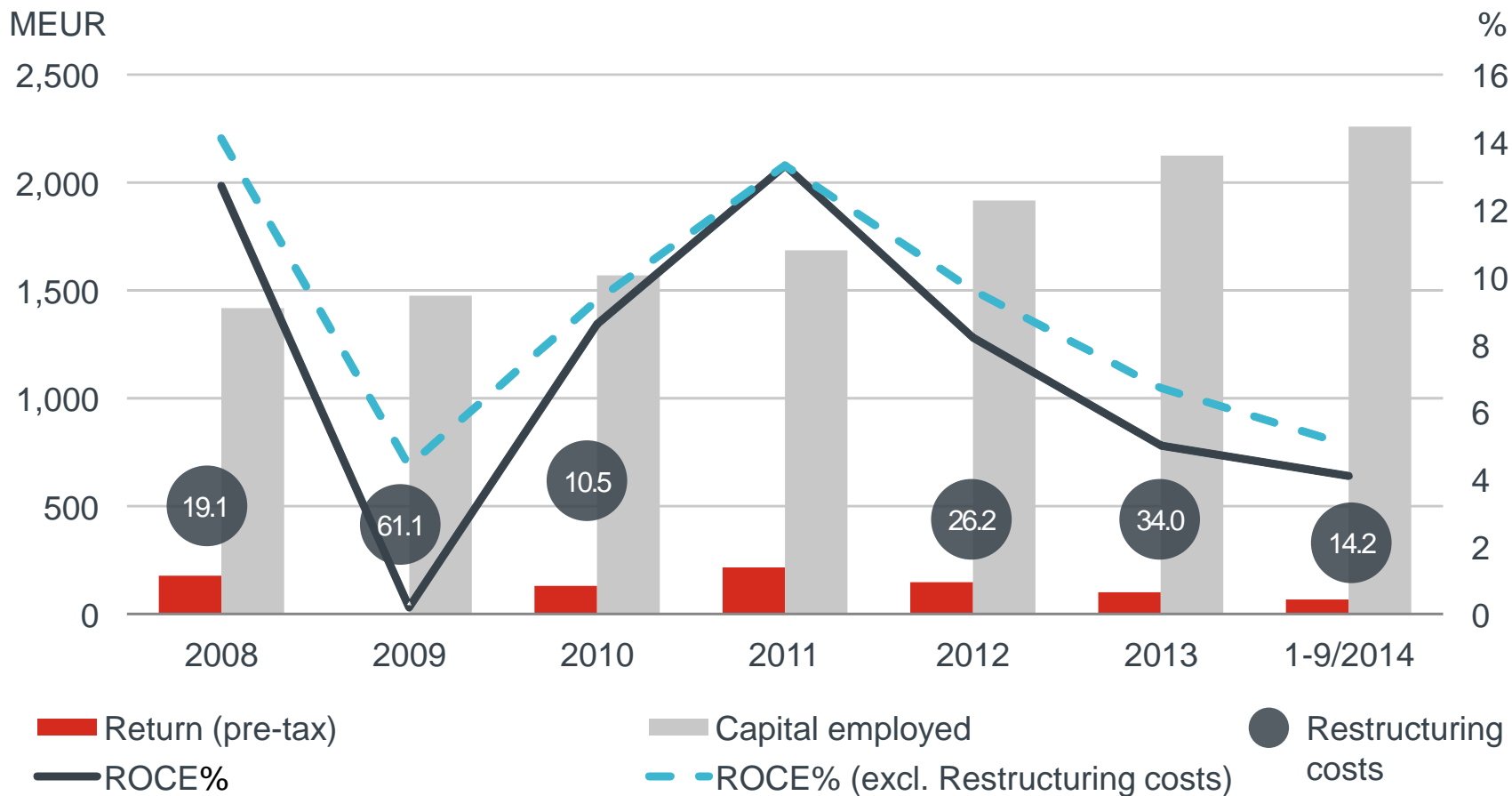
< 50%

Dividend

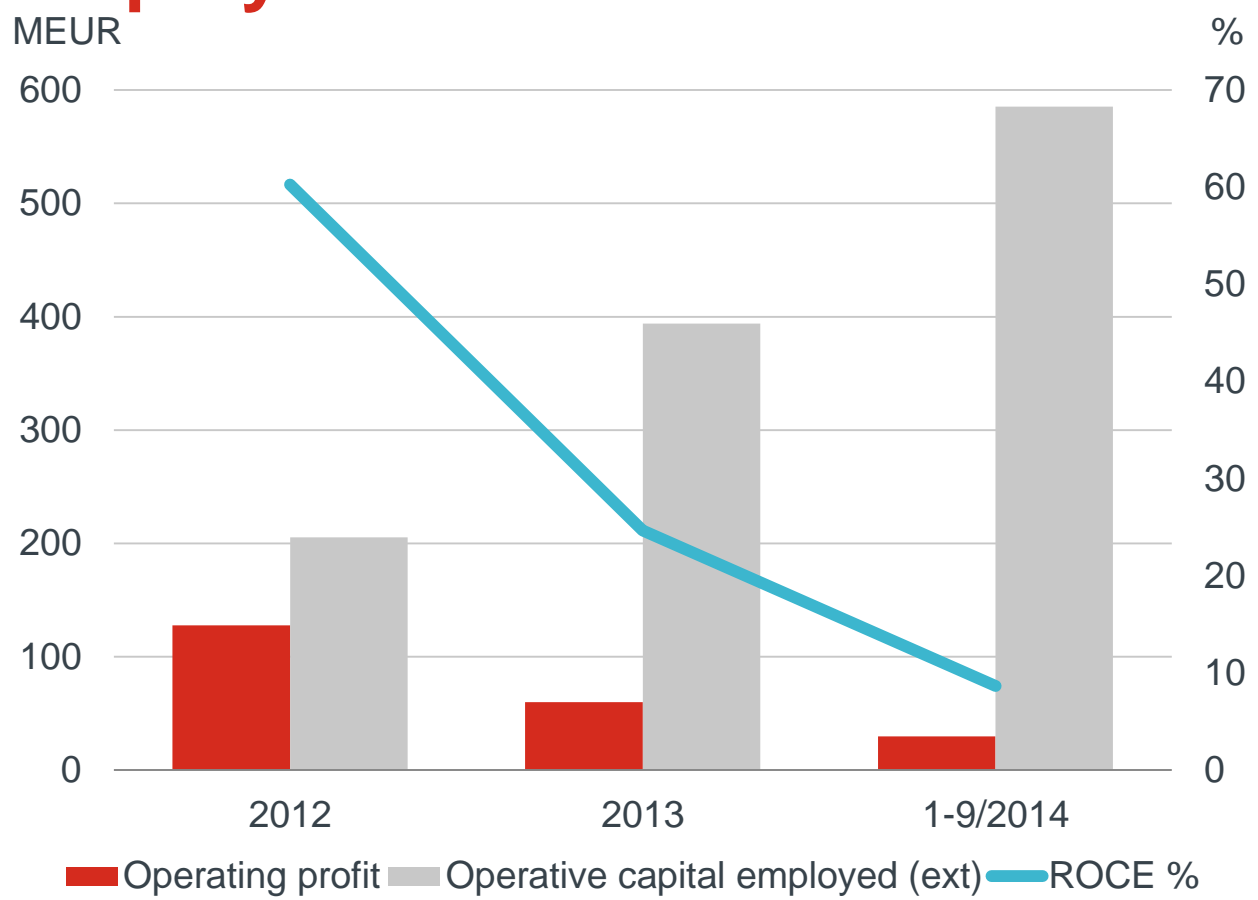
30-  
50%  
of earnings per share



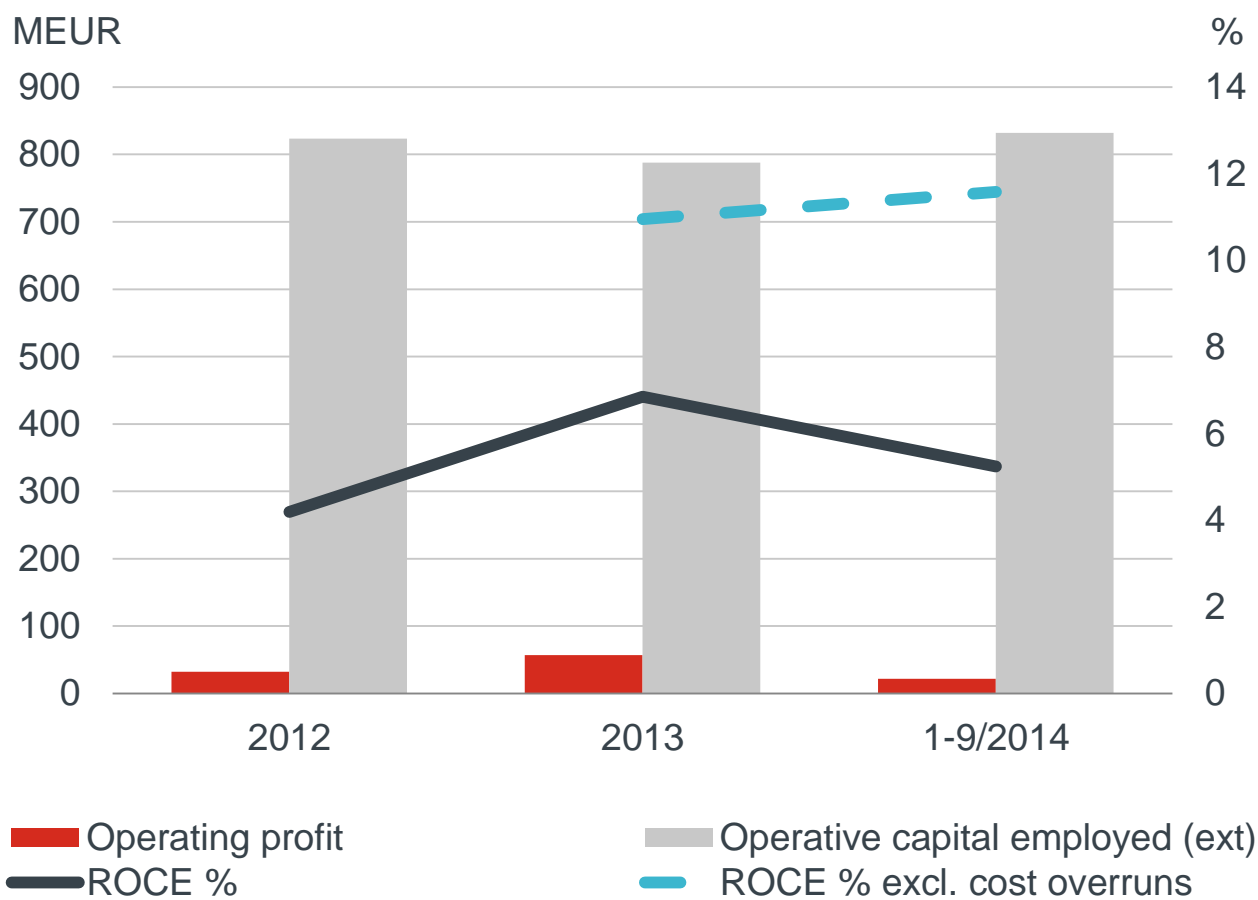
# Return on capital employed (ROCE) raised as new financial target in Cargotec



# Operative ROCE in MacGregor – recent acquisitions have increased capital employed



# Operative ROCE in Kalmar – cost overruns have weighed heavily



# Operative ROCE in Hiab – profitability improvement supporting returns



# Cargotec financial targets for 2016

Operating profit margin  
(EBIT)

**>8%**

Return on capital  
employed  
(ROCE pre-tax)

**>13%**

Gearing

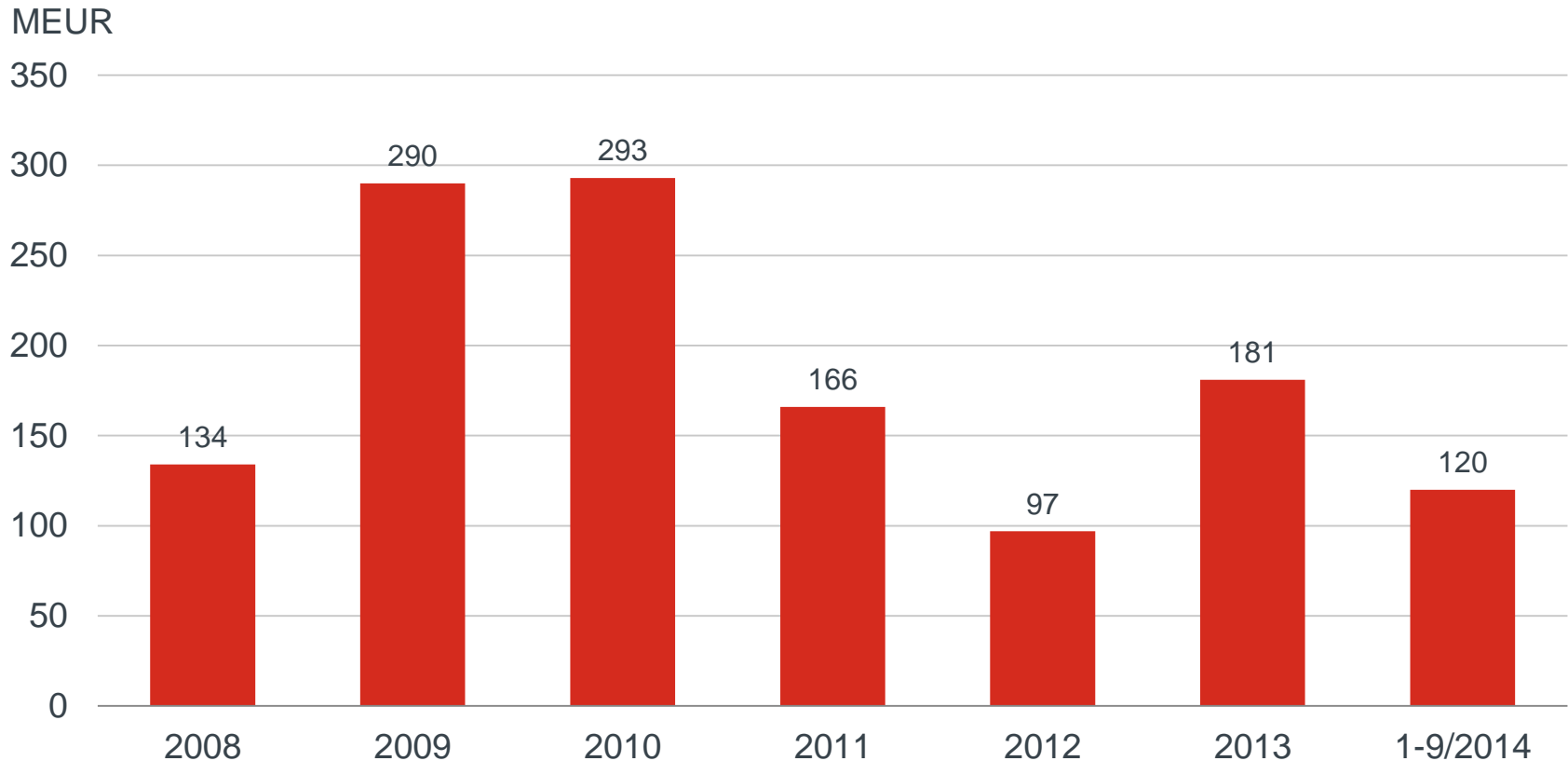
**<50%**

Dividend

**30-  
50%**  
of earnings per share



# Cash flow from operations continues as key priority for Cargotec

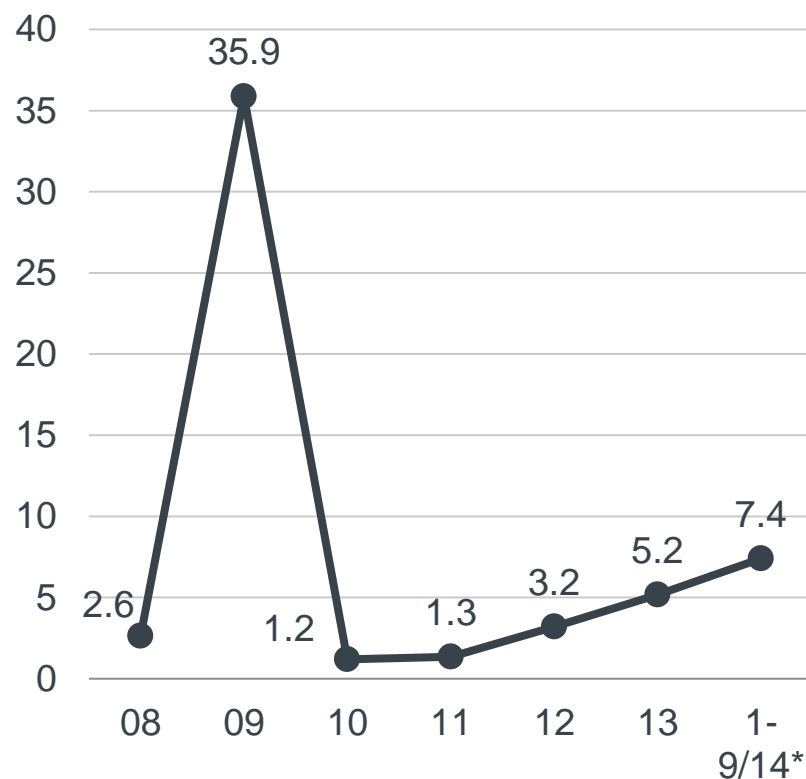


# Gearing and net debt/EBITA affected by disappointing Q2/14, focus on deleveraging post-acquisitions continues

## Gearing %



## Net debt/EBITA



\* EBITA rolling 12 months

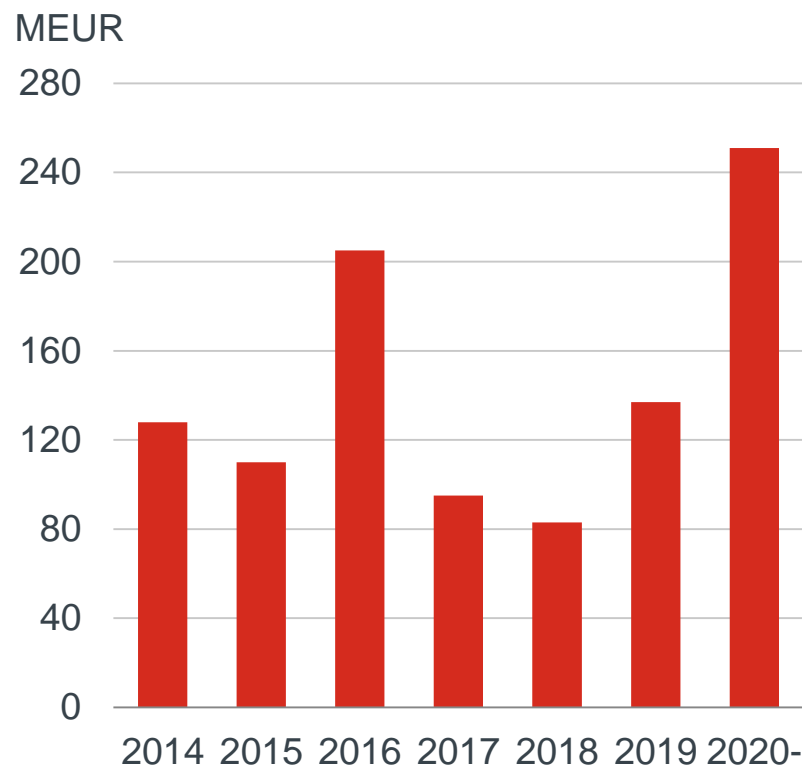


# Balanced debt portfolio from maturity structure and source point of view

As of 30 Sep 2014:

- Commercial bank loans 200 MEUR
- Revolving credit facility 30 MEUR (270 MEUR undrawn, maturity until Jan 2019)
- Commercial papers 145 MEUR
- Corporate bonds 304 MEUR
- Loans from international financial institutions 235 MEUR
- Subsidiary loans and leasing liabilities 56 MEUR
- Hatlapa capital loan of 40 MEUR included in 30 Sep 2014 figures but repaid in October

Repayment schedule of interest-bearing liabilities



# Cargotec financial targets for 2016

Operating profit margin  
(EBIT)

**>8%**

Return on capital  
employed  
(ROCE pre-tax)

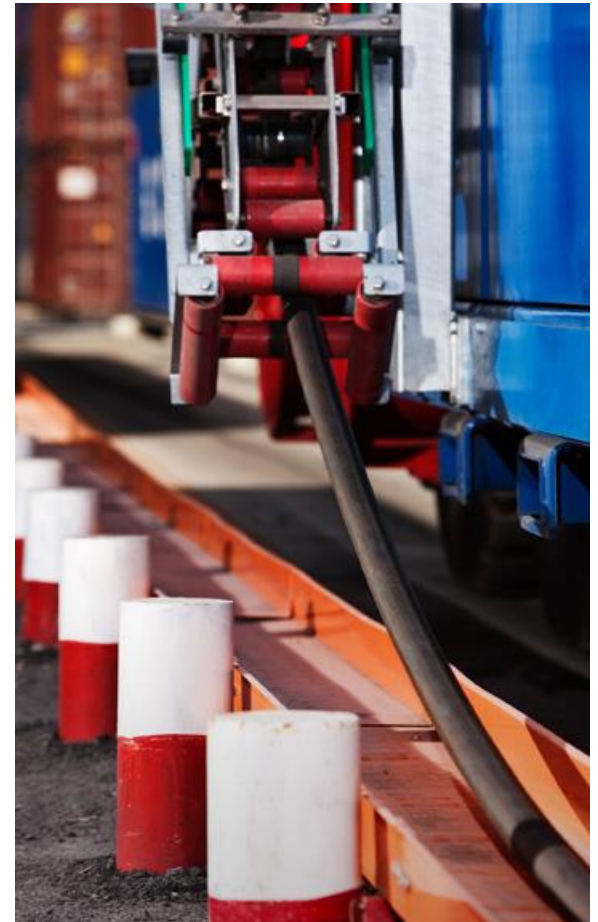
**>13%**

Gearing

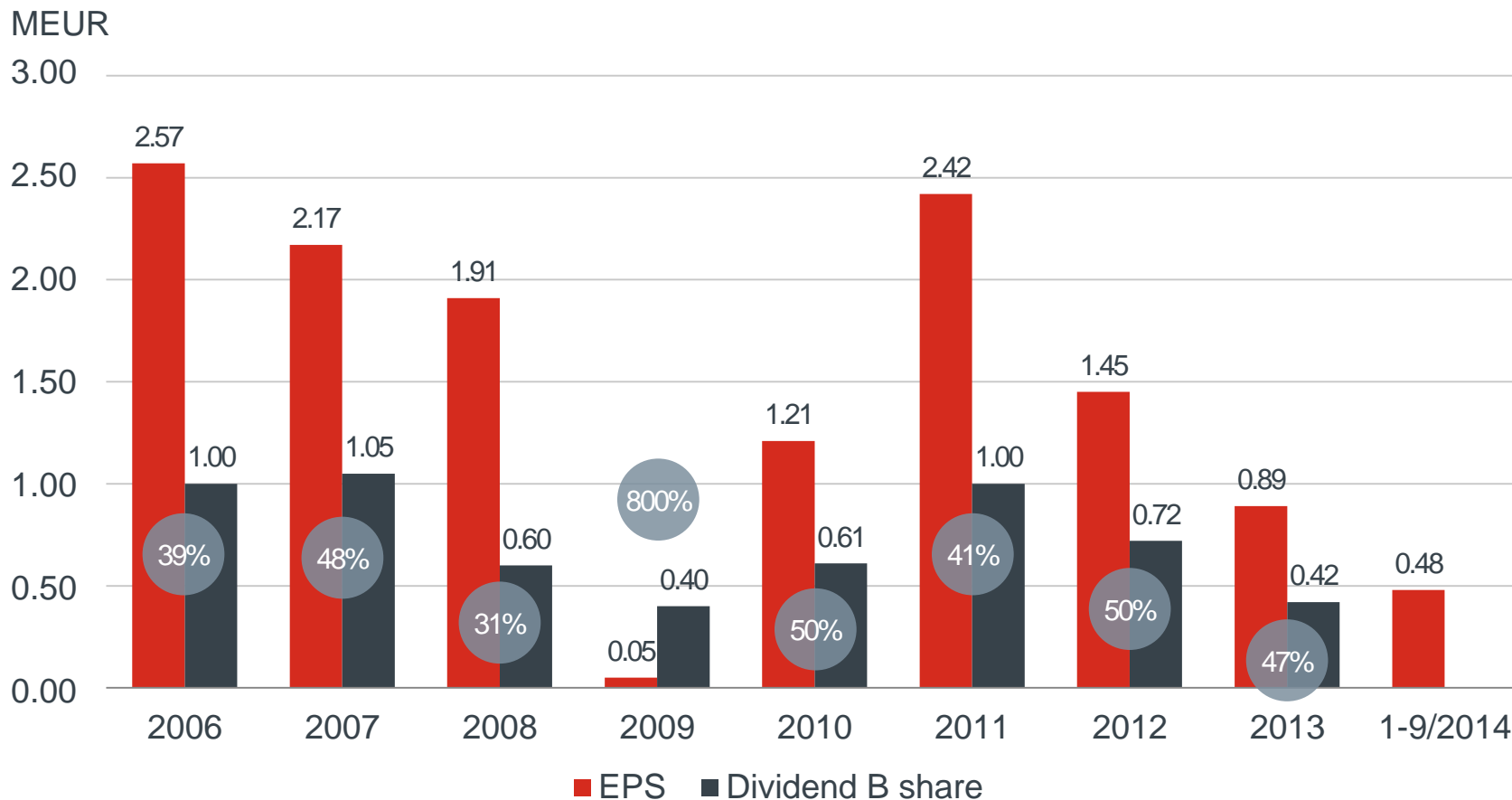
**<50%**

Dividend

**30-  
50%**  
of earnings per share



# Dividend pay-out history in line with policy of 30–50% of earnings per share



# Corporate initiatives for 2015–2016



Continue rolling-out and leveraging systems platform and tools to support better efficiency and transparency



Corporate-wide programme on control environment to improve business performance and deliver without surprises



Profitability improvement actions continue in all business areas, with special focus on returns and cash generation/working capital

