

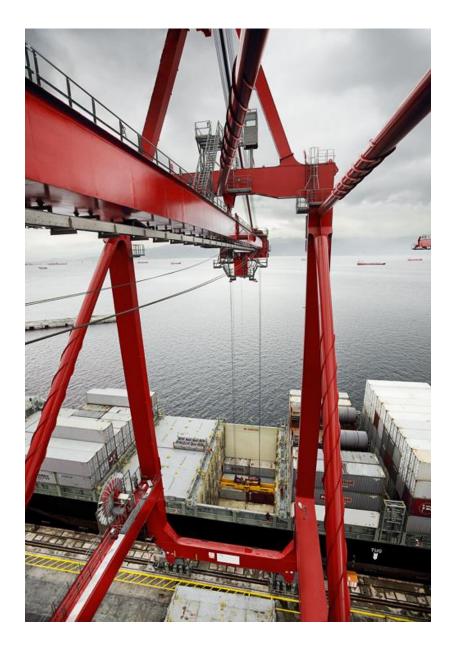


### **Road show, November 2016**

CEO Mika Vehviläinen VP, IR Hanna-Maria Heikkinen



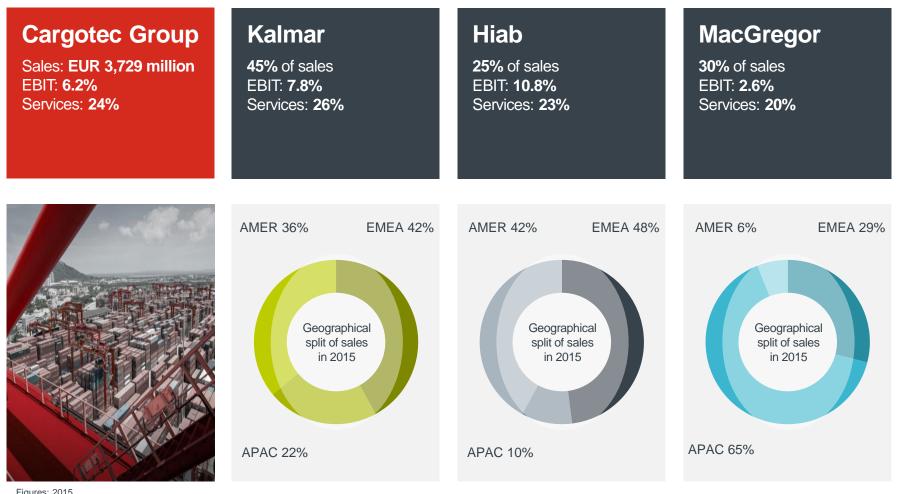
## **Cargotec in brief**







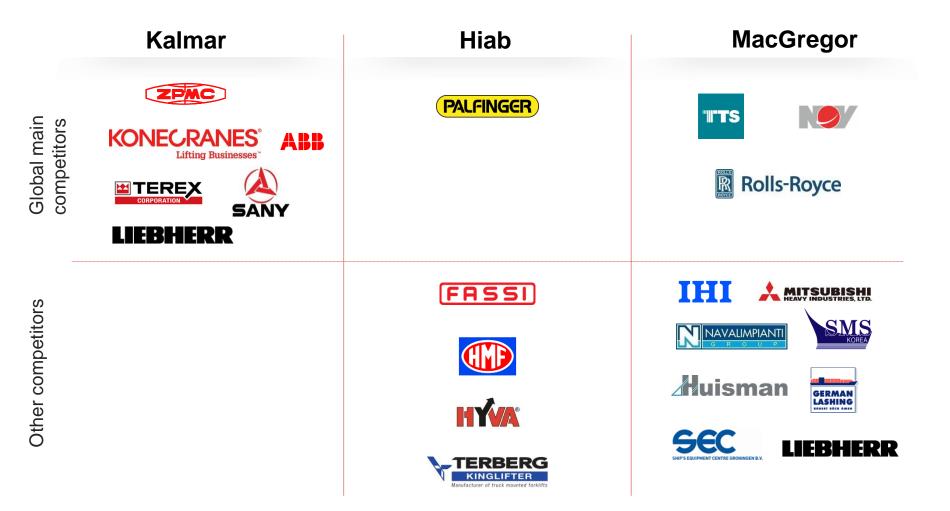
## Today's leader in cargo handling equipment



Figures: 2015 EBIT % excluding restructuring costs

#### **CARGOTEC**

## **Key competitors**





November 2016

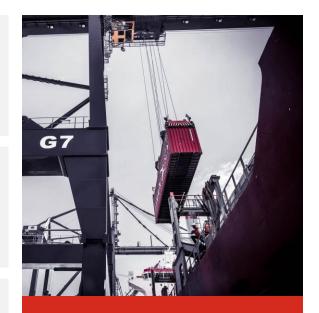
## From turnaround to leader in intelligent cargo handling with sector leading profitability

Turnaround is delivering results in Hiab and Kalmar; MacGregor has improvement plan in place

Transformation has started from equipment business to world class services offering and leadership in intelligent cargo handling

Investing to ensure a leading position

Shaping the portfolio to increase shareholder value



**→ 10%** 

operating profit margin (EBIT) in each business area over the cycle



# Investing in our transformation to be the leader in intelligent cargo handling

#### 2013

#### **PRODUCT LEADERSHIP**

Good equipment company

Product R&D drives offering development

#### 2018

#### **SERVICES LEADERSHIP** World-class service offering

Connected equipment and data analytics building value on data Significant software business

#### 2020

#### LEADER IN INTELLIGENT CARGO HANDLING

40% of the sales from services and software

More efficient and optimised cargo handling solutions

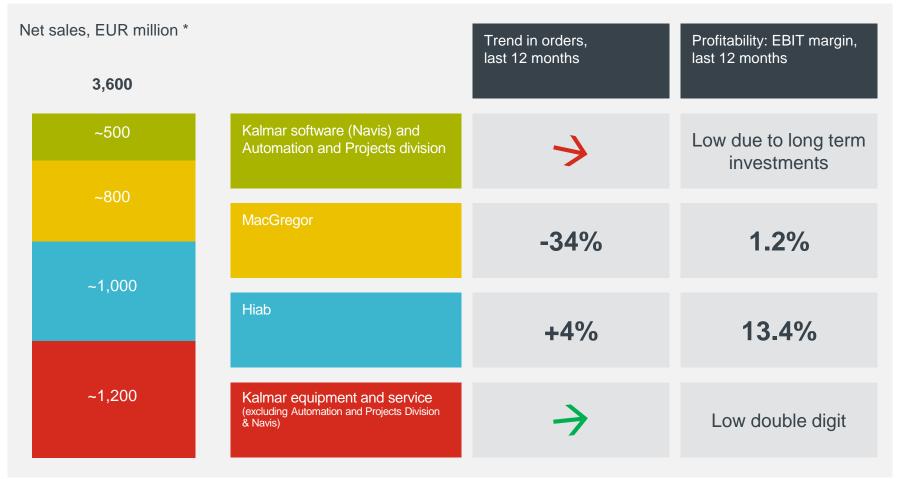




#### **CARGOTEC**



#### **Cargotec's portfolio**

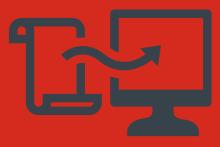


\* Figures rounded to closest 100 million



## Must-win battles to support transformation







Build world-class services offering

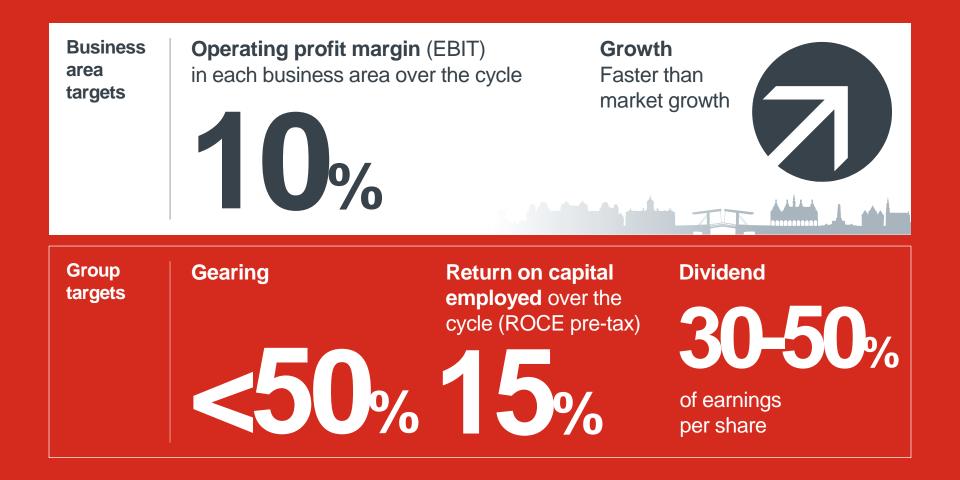
Lead digitalisation

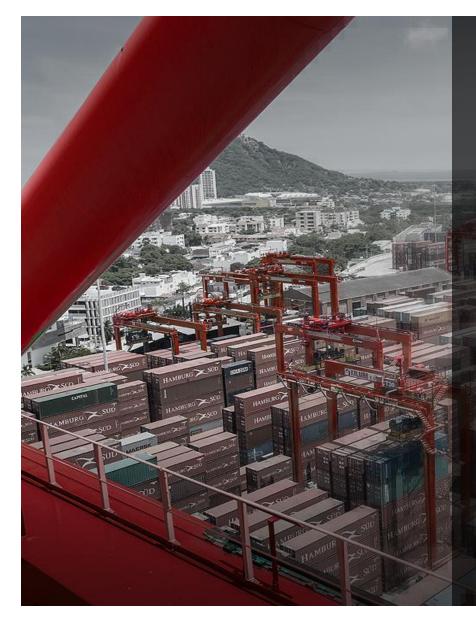
Build world-class leadership



November 2016 9

# Committed to improve shareholder return





## Well positioned to become the leader in intelligent cargo handling

Execution capabilities in place and profitability improving

Building on tremendous strengths

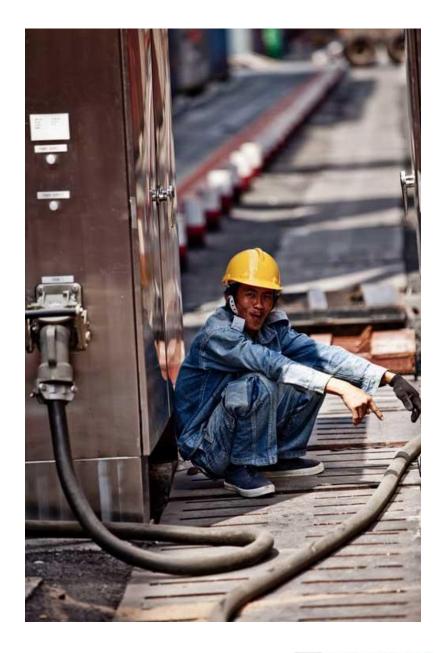
Transforming from equipment company to a company that will shape the cargo handling industry

Investing to ensure a leading position

Shaping our portfolio to drive growth and shareholder value



### Kalmar





November 2016

12

## Container throughput still forecasted to grow year on year



APAC EMEA AMER



13



# Kalmar has strong position in attractive segments

	Market position	Trend	Market size
Automation & Projects	#1-2	→	
Mobile equipment	#1	→	EUR 7.5 billion
Bromma	#1	7	EUR 7.5 DIMON
Navis	#1	7	
Services	#1	7	EUR 7.6 billion



## Kalmar's profit improvement potential 2016-2018

	2015	2016	2017	2018	Total 60-100 EUR million improvement
Automation	Project delivery development	/ capability			potential
	Expand Rainbo	ow Cargotec Industries (	China) joint venture offerir	ng	+20-30 EUR million
	Further develop	oment of integrated port	automation		
Software	Expand softwa	re business			+10-20 EUR million
Mobile equipment	Continuous imp sourcing	provements in design-to-	ecost and		+20-30
	Strengthen dist	tribution network			EUR million
Services	Excel in spare	parts			+10-20 EUR million
				Colour on the buk indicates the prog against the plans	obles

15

## Kalmar's focus on profitable growth

Solid foundation for further improvement

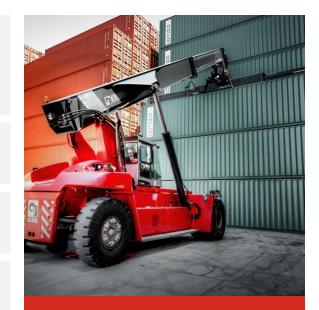
Win in automation

Grow in software

Sustain global leadership in mobile equipment

Digital services and spare parts excellence

16



 $\rightarrow 10\%$ 

operating profit margin (EBIT) over the cycle



## Software offers significant growth opportunities

The container value chain is woefully inefficient, with total value at stake estimated at approx. EUR 17 billion

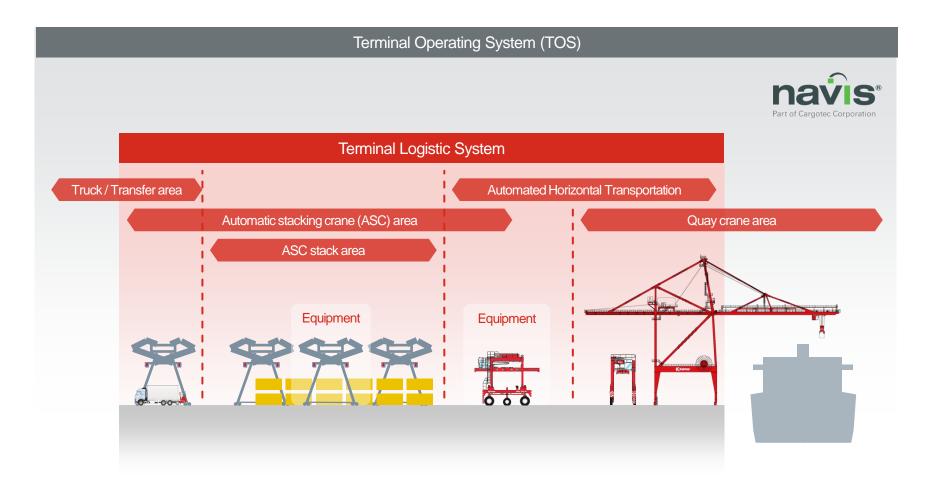
- The container shipping industry has an annual IT spend of approx. EUR 6 billion where EUR 1.7 billion is spent on software solutions. The market is expected to grow to EUR 2.8 billion by 2020
- Potential to leverage Navis as a platform to increase offering to existing terminal customers as well as to shipping lines







## Flexible and scalable Navis TOS software



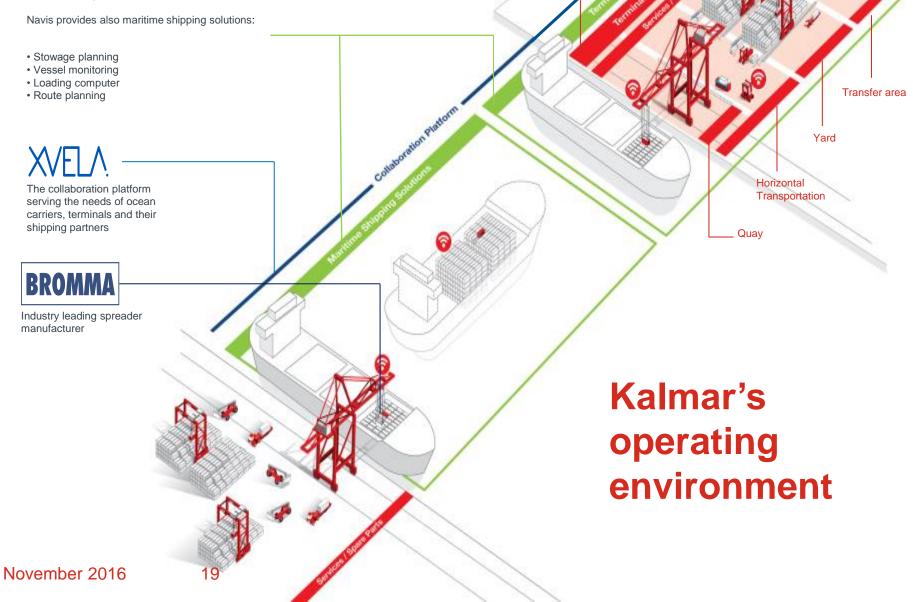




TOS coordinates and optimises the planning and management of container and equipment moves in complex business environments.



Provides integrated port automation solutions including software, services and a wide range of cargo handling equipment



### Hiab





November 2016

20

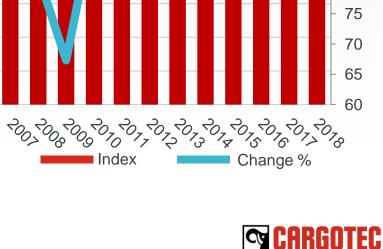
## **Construction output driving growth** opportunity

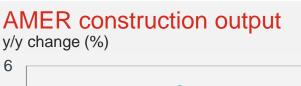
EMEA construction output y/y change (%) 6 105 4 100 2 95 0 90 -2 85 -4 80 -6 75 -8 70 -10 65 -12 60 -14  $\frac{1}{2} O_{0} = O_{0$ Index Change %



Oxford Economics: Industry output forecast 10/2016

21





#### November 2016

## Hiab has strong positions in attractive markets

	Market size (€B)	Growth	Hiab position & trend	
Loader cranes	1.3	GDP 🌶	#2	
Tail lifts	0.5	GDP+ 🛪	#1 🐬	
Demountables	0.4	GDP 🗲	#1 🤿	
Truck-mounted forklifts	0.2	GDP+ 🐬	#1 🐬	
Forestry cranes	0.2	GDP	#2 🤿	



22

### Hiab's key growth drivers are:

Cranes	Gain market share in <b>big loader cranes</b> and crane <b>core markets</b>
Tail lifts	Enter fast growing <b>emerging markets</b> and standardise and globalise <b>business model</b>
Truck-mounted forklifts	Accelerate <b>penetration</b> in North America and Europe
Services	Increase <b>spare parts capture rates</b> driven by connectivity and e-commerce



## Hiab's investments for profitable growth

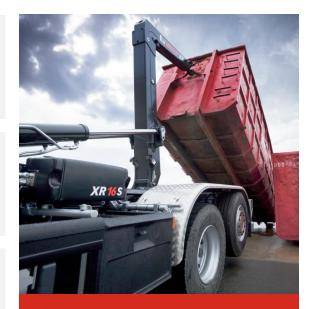
E2E value chain – optimise our distribution network and supply chain

Product innovation – strengthening our market positions

Digitalisation – all new products connected by 2018

24

Services – further expand our offering



 $\rightarrow$  10%

operating profit margin (EBIT) over the cycle



## MacGregor

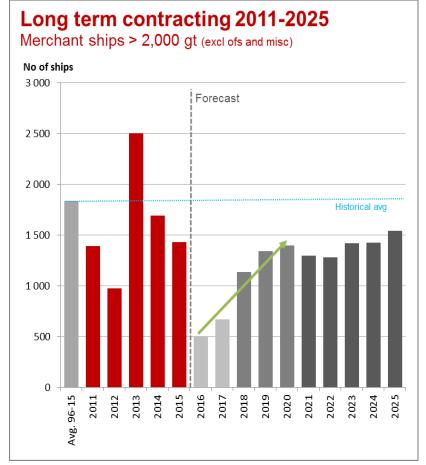




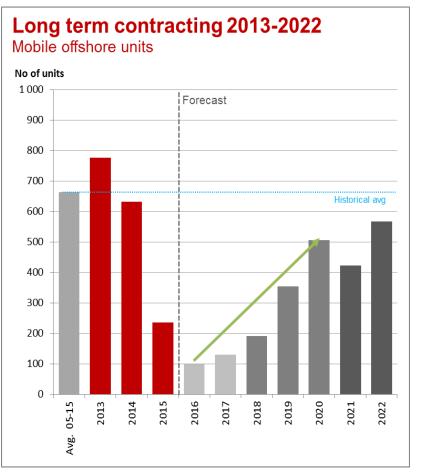
November 2016

#### 25

# Merchant shipping and offshore markets may have reached the bottom in orders



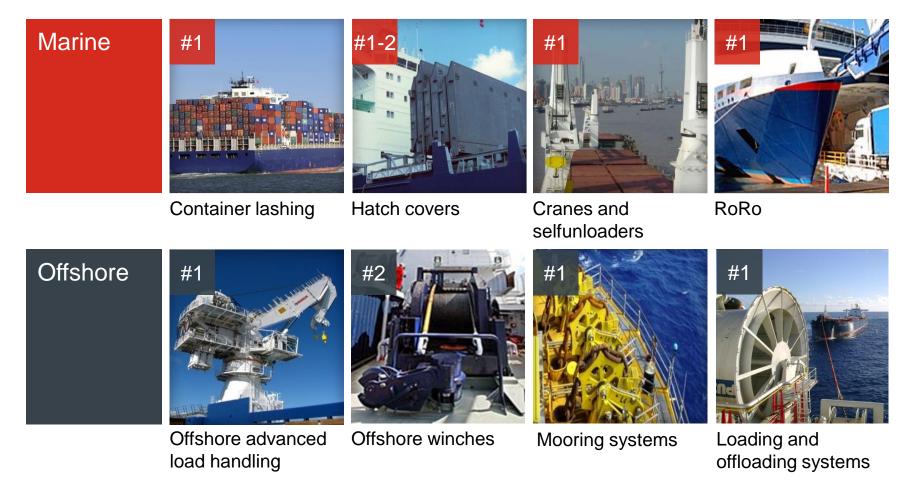
Sources: UNCTAD, Clarkson Research, September 2016



**CARGOTEC** 

#### November 2016

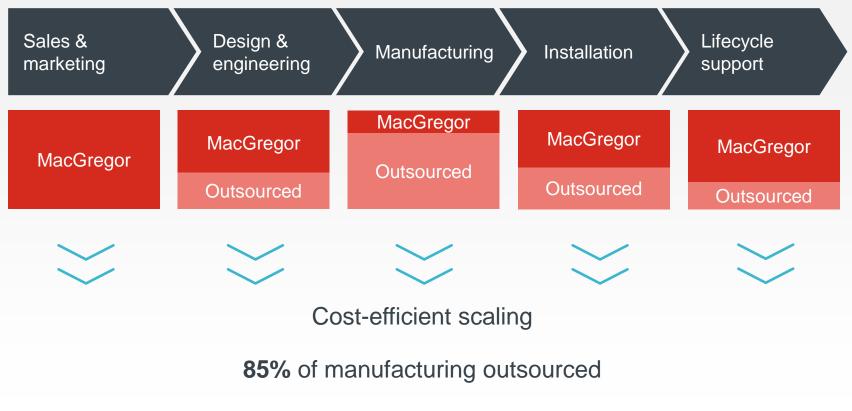
## MacGregor has strong positions in both the marine and offshore market



RoRo=roll-on/roll-off



# MacGregor's asset-light business model gives flexibility



30% of design and engineering capacity outsourced





## Cargotec launches a programme to achieve annual cost savings of approximately EUR 25 million in MacGregor

- MacGregor's market situation is challenging and cost savings are needed
- Already ongoing programmes are expected to create EUR 30 million savings in 2016
- Aim is to reach an additional EUR 25 million savings on a yearly level
- Savings measures would include, among others, business re-organisations and personnel reductions
- It is estimated that the measures would affect operations especially in Norway, China, Sweden, Finland and Singapore
- According to preliminary estimates, savings measures seek a reduction of approximately 260 full time equivalents
- Savings measures are estimated to result in restructuring costs in the final quarter of 2016 and in 2017





### January– September financials





#### **Third quarter highlights**

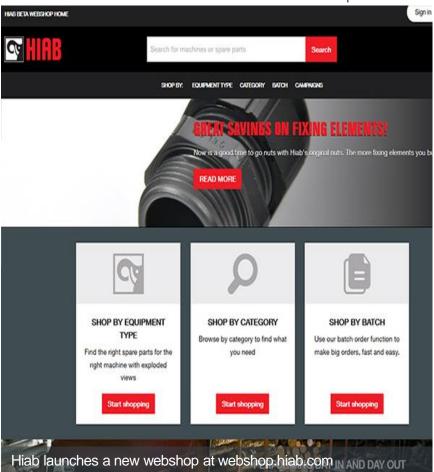
- Profitability improved in Hiab, market situation in MacGregor still challenging
- Order book EUR 1,874 (31 Dec 2015: 2,064) million, orders received at EUR 733 (907) million
- Sales declined 8% y-o-y to EUR 854 (928) million
- Operating profit excluding restructuring costs was EUR 65.9 (68.3) million or 7.7 (7.4) percent of sales
- Cash flow from operations at EUR 74.4 (74.5) million, gearing at 41.6%





#### Market environment in January–September

- Number of containers handled at ports globally continues to grow, however at a slower pace than earlier. Long term market potential still strong, but customer decision making is slower.
- Strong construction activity continued in the US, supporting demand for load handling equipment. In Europe, activity levels still varied between countries. Demand for services was satisfactory.
- Market for marine cargo handling equipment remained weak. At the offshore industry, the low oil price is keeping the investment levels at a record-low level. Demand for services has declined.



#### Third quarter events



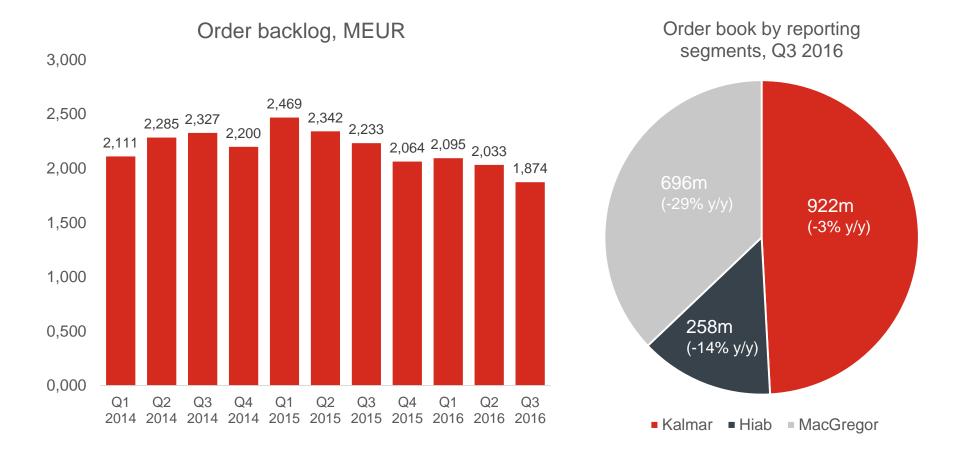
#### **Operating profit margin improved**

	7–9/16	7–9/15	Change	1–9/16	1–9/15	Change	2015
Orders received, MEUR	733	907					3,557
Order book, MEUR	1,874	2,233	-16%	1,874	2,233	-16%	2,064
Sales, MEUR	854	928	-8%	2,581	2,753	-6%	3,729
Operating profit, MEUR*	65.9	68.3	-3%	189.3	178.6	6%	230.7
Operating profit, %*	7.7	7.4		7.3	6.5		6.2
Cash flow from operations, MEUR	74.4	74.5		221.0	227.3		314.6
Interest-bearing net debt, MEUR	581	678		581	678		622
Earnings per share, EUR *excluding restructuring costs	0.52	0.67		1.75	1.67		2.21



November 2016

#### **Order book development**



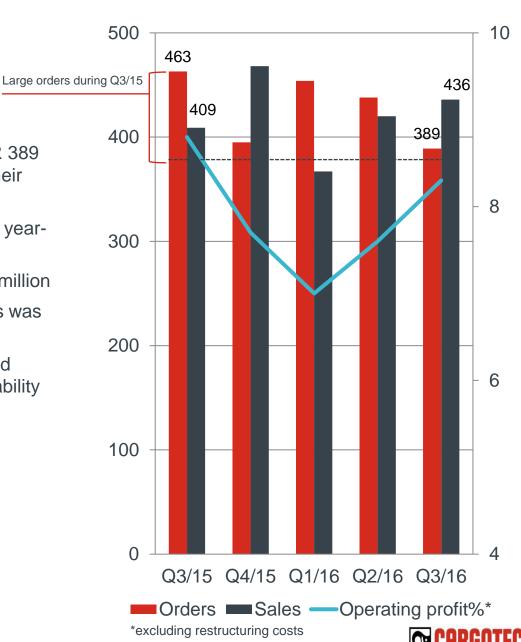


#### MEUR

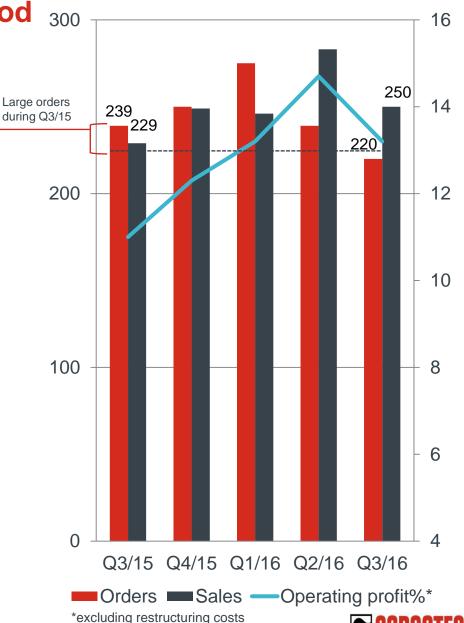
## Kalmar Q3 – satisfactory

## development

- Order intake declined 16% y-o-y to EUR 389 (463) million as customers postponed their bigger investment decisions
- Order book strengthened 5% from 2015 yearend level to EUR 922 million
- Sales grew 6% y-o-y to EUR 436 (409) million
- Profitability excluding restructuring costs was 8.3% (8.8%)
- Increased investments in automation and software development decreased profitability
- Sales mix had a negative impact on profitability



%



Hiab Q3 –profitability on a good level

- Order intake declined 8% and was EUR 220 (239) million
- Order book decreased 15% from 2015 yearend to EUR 258 million
- Sales grew 9% y-o-y to EUR 250 (229) million
- Profitability excluding restructuring costs was 13.2% (11.0%)
- The volume growth and improvements in delivery capability had a positive impact on the result
- Profitability improvement measures and investments in more competitive products contributed to the increased profitability

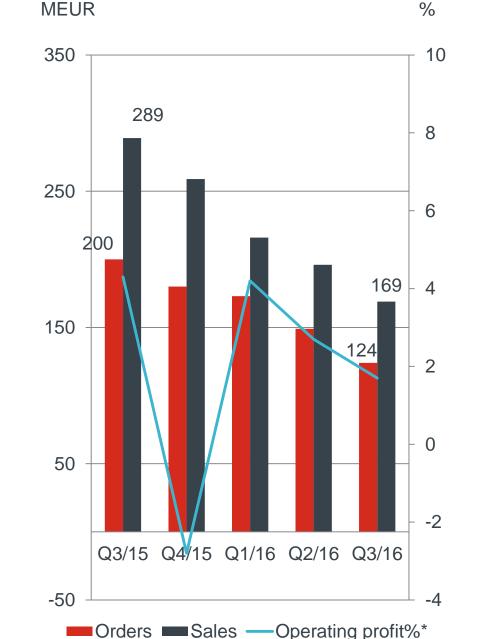
November 2016

%

**MEUR** 

# MacGregor Q3 – challenging market situation continued

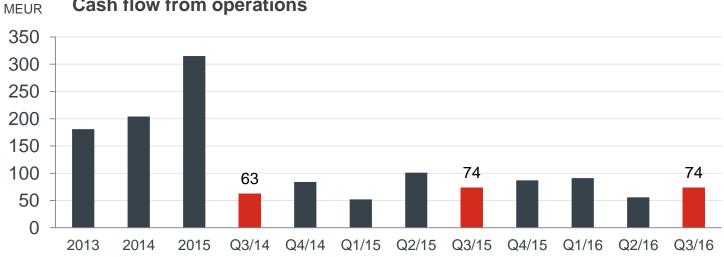
- Order intake declined 38% y-o-y and was EUR 124 (200) million
- Order book decreased 21% from 2015 yearend to EUR 696 million
- Sales declined 42% y-o-y to EUR 169 (289) million
- Profitability excluding restructuring costs was 1.7% (4.3%)
- New measures started to lower the cost level
- New joint venture in China expected to strengthen market position and local connections



November 2016

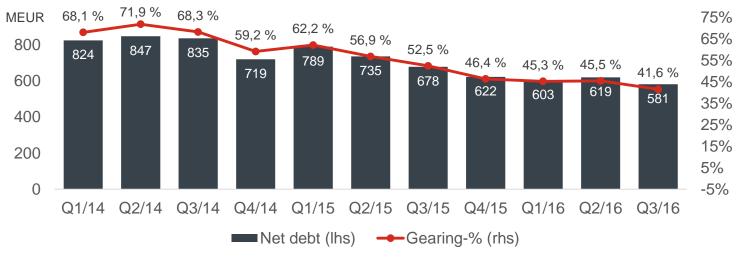
\*excluding restructuring costs

#### Cash flow, gearing and net debt



#### **Cash flow from operations**

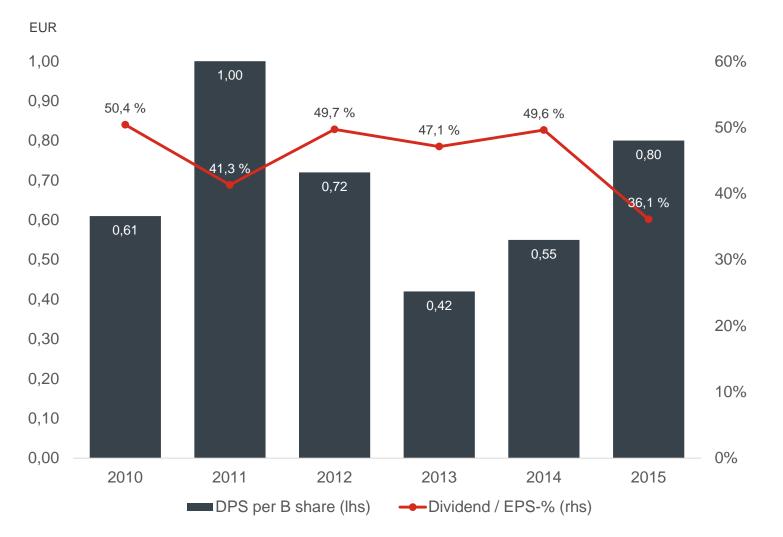
#### Net debt and gearing





November 2016

#### **Dividend and payout ratio**





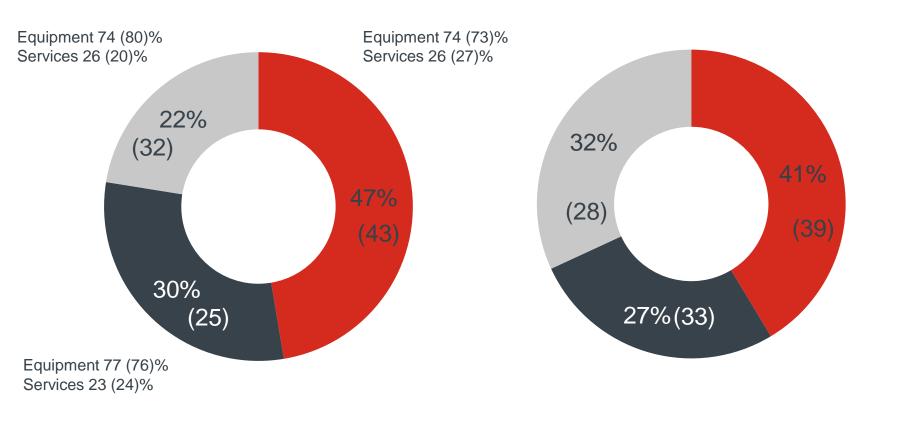
November 2016

#### Hiab's share increasing in sales mix

Sales by reporting segment 1–9/2016, %

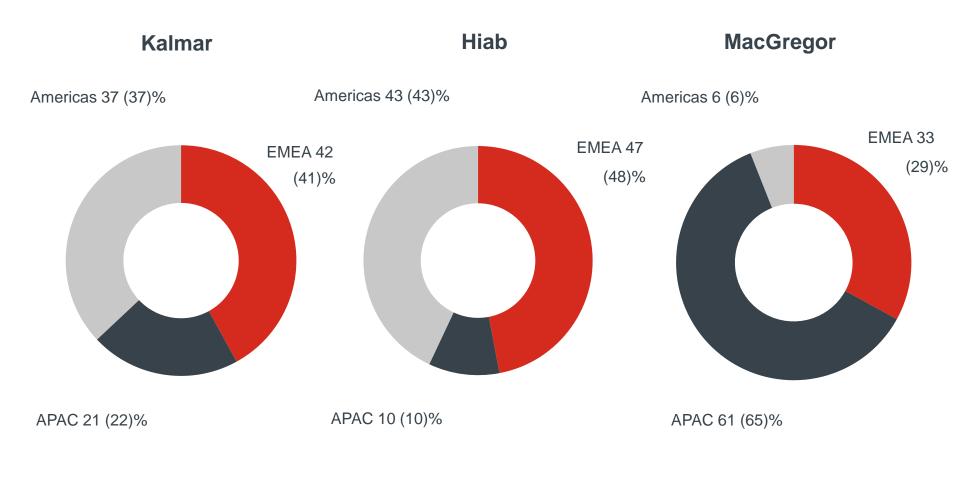
Sales by geographical segment 1–9/2016, %

■ EMEA ■ APAC ■ Americas





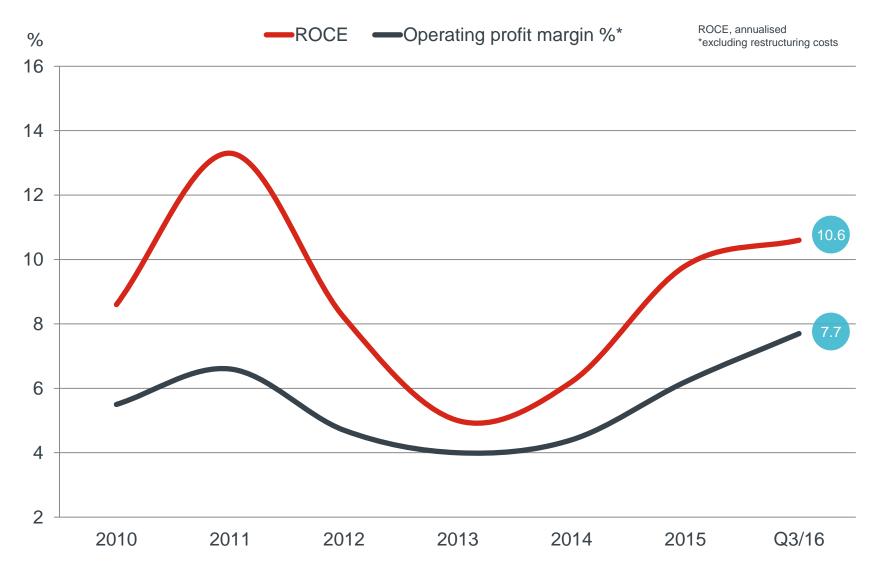
#### Sales by geographical segment by business area 1–9/2016







#### Positive development in key financial metrics continued





#### Cargotec to become a leader in intelligent cargo handling

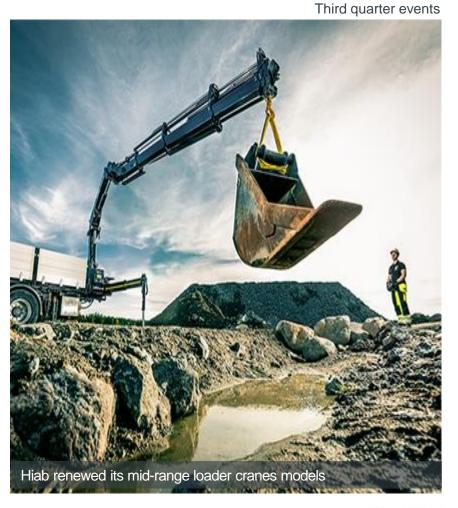
- Strategy execution proceeds in its three focus areas
  - Services: Hiab's spare parts web shop, MacGregor's strengthening spare parts delivery cooperation relationships in Asia, Kalmar's new measures to speed up growth in services
  - Digitalisation: we are developing Cargotec IoT Cloud-based solutions with our customers regarding automation effectiveness and proactive maintenance, for example
  - Leadership development programme expands
- We are focusing our efforts on projects that improve competitiveness, the cost efficiency of products and digitalisation. Additionally, we are investing in global systems and procedures that in future enable higher efficiency in operational activities as well as in support functions.





#### **Outlook 2016 unchanged**

- Cargotec's 2016 sales are expected to be at the 2015 level (EUR 3,729 million) or slightly below.
- Operating profit excluding restructuring costs for 2016 is expected to improve from 2015 (EUR 230.7 million).







## **Appendix**

1 Largest shareholders (slide 45)

#### 2 Kalmar (48-53)

- 3 Hiab (54-56)
- 4 MacGregor (57-66)

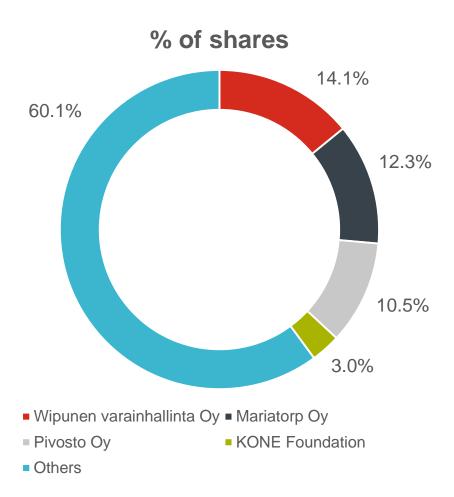


## Largest shareholders

#### 31 October 2016

	% of shares	% of votes			
Wipunen varainhallinta Oy	14.1	23.7			
Mariatorp Oy	12.3	22.9			
Pivosto Oy	10.5	22.1			
KONE Foundation	3.0	5.5			
The State Pension Fund	1.7	0.7			
Ilmarinen Mutual Pension Insurance Company	1.3	0.6			
Nordea Finland Fund	0.8	0.3			
Varma Mutual Pension Insurance Company	0.8	0.3			
Keva	0.7	0.3			
Herlin Heikki Juho Kustaa	0.6	0.3			
Nominee registered and non-Finnish holders	26.5				
Total number of shareholders	22,769				

47



Wipunen varainhallinta Oy is a company controlled by Ilkka Herlin, Mariatorp Oy a company controlled by Niklas Herlin and Pivosto Oy a company controlled by Ilona Herlin.

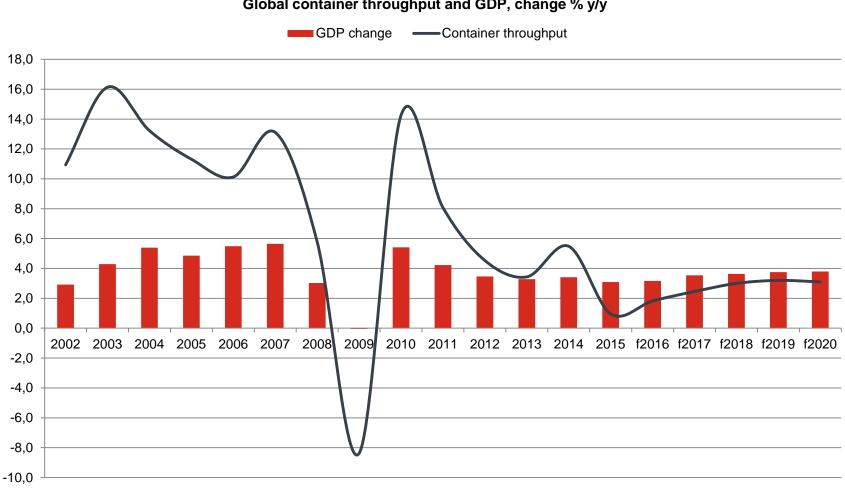


# Kalmar appendix



### **Global container throughput development**

Growth stabilising in the short-mid term



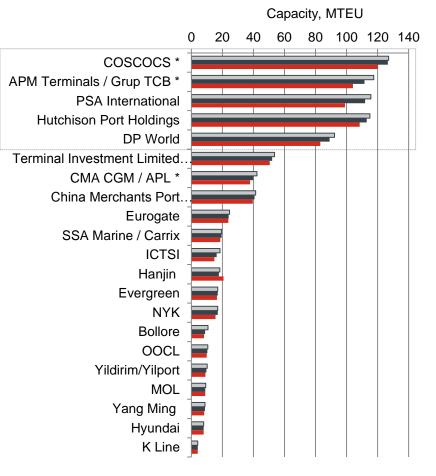
Global container throughput and GDP, change % y/y

Source: IMF July 2016, Drewry August 2016



# **Consolidation leading to five dominant container terminal operators in 2020**

- 24 Global Terminal Operators' total forecasted capacity increase 2015-2020 is 125 Mteu, increasing 3,1% p.a to 892 Mteu by 2020
- Terminal operators consolidating, recent M&A activity:
  - COSCO and China Shipping merged
  - APMT bought Group TCB
  - CMA CGM bought APL
  - Yildrim bought Portugese Tertir group and the company is also eyeing Ports America



□2020 ■2018 ■2016

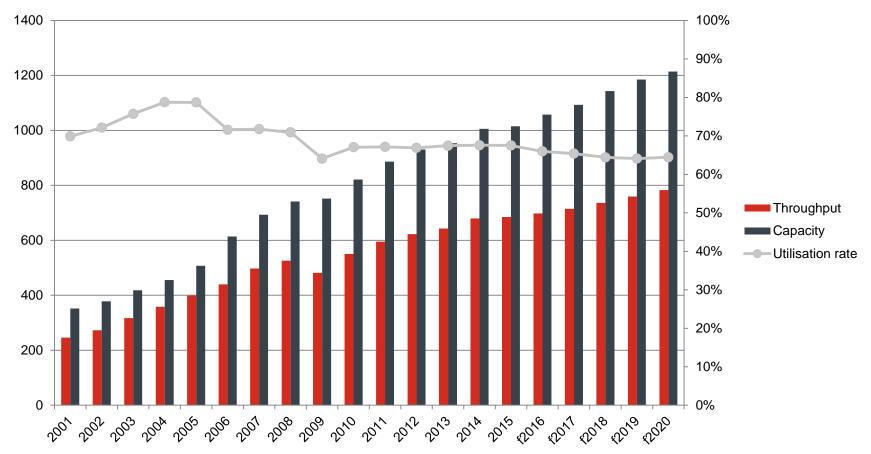
Source: Drewry

\* Capacity counted once in all terminals where shareholding held by both sub operators



# **Global Container terminal volume and Capacity Development**

#### MTEU



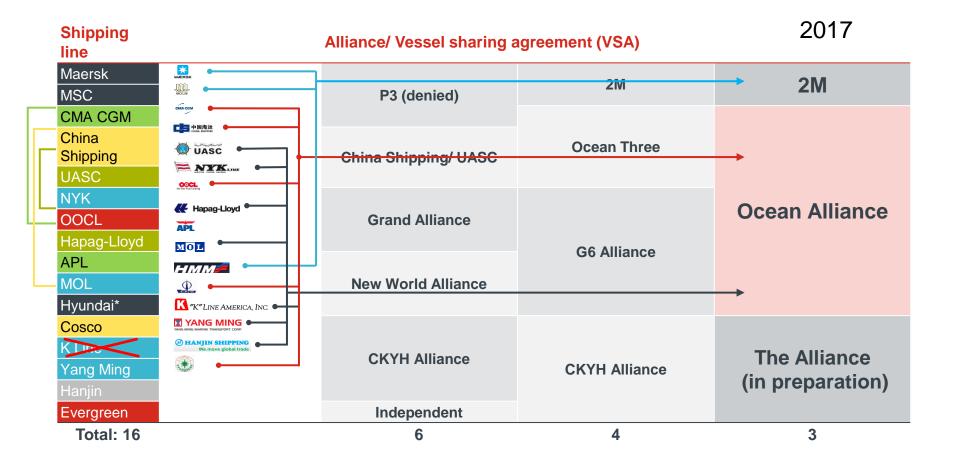


November 2016

51

Source: Drewry Container terminal operator annual review, 2002-2016

# Three Alliances represent about 80% of global container fleet capacity





\*HMM's membership in 2M alliance isn't yet confirmed The arrows indicate changes through M&A over the last 12 months China Shipping and Cosco=Cosco container lines



### DS Research: 298 Mteu new capacity to be added 2016-2021 which could trigger US\$bn 37 investments for container handling equipment

- According to DS Research, the project pipeline of all upcoming container terminal projects consists of 405 TEUm additional capacity scheduled for completion until 2021. 298 TEUm new capacity is expected to be finally executed until 2021, assuming that further project postponements are required to adjust to the weakening demand. This would trigger roughly US\$bn 146 investment.
- Depending on the type of project, different cost have been assumed for quay construction, container handling equipment, yard construction, dredging & land reclamation and other cost. Overall, DS Research has estimated that investments for container terminal projects 2016-'21 include about US\$bn 37 for container handling equipment.





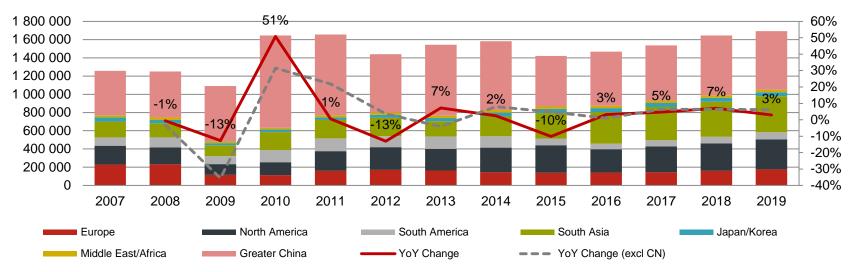
53

# Hiab appendix



#### **Global truck volumes**

IHS predicts global truck volumes to increase in 2016 and 2017, driven by China and South Asia, but forecasting a slowing truck market in Americas during 2016



#### Truck registrations, GVW >15t

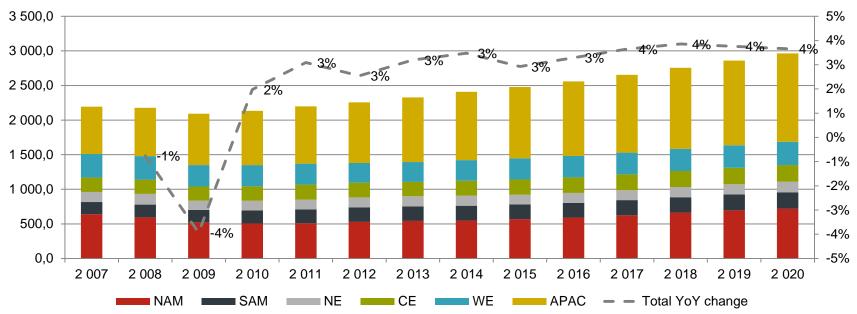
YoY %-changes									
	2 015	2 016	2 017	2 018	2 019	2 020			
Europe	-3,4%	1,2%	2,7%	11,5%	9,4%	6,9%			
North America	11,6%	-14,8%	10,4%	5,6%	9,5%	-4,2%			
South America	-41,4%	-17,3%	9,1%	10,5%	7,7%	5,4%			
South Asia	29,4%	23,3%	5,9%	5,3%	2,8%	1,9%			
Japan/Korea	6,1%	-0,2%	-2,1%	-1,3%	0,7%	0,1%			
Middle East/Africa	-3,7%	-4,0%	-0,5%	5,4%	3,0%	6,8%			
Greater China	-26,5%	6,8%	2,3%	8,1%	-2,0%	-1,0%			
Total	-10,1%	3,3%	4,7%	7,1%	2,9%	0,3%			

**CARGOTEC** 

Source: IHS Truck registration (Sep 2016 compared to Jun 2016)

#### November 2016

#### **Construction output forecast**



#### **Annual Construction Output**

YoY %-changes									
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020			
NAM	3,6%	3,9%	5,7%	6,1%	4,9%	3,8%			
SAM	-0,6%	0,8%	2,0%	2,1%	2,5%	3,0%			
NE	-2,3%	1,3%	1,0%	1,5%	1,8%	2,0%			
CE	1,4%	2,8%	1,9%	1,8%	1,8%	1,6%			
WE	2,7%	0,7%	1,3%	2,0%	2,4%	3,3%			
APAC	4,5%	4,6%	4,2%	4,2%	4,4%	4,4%			
Total	2,9%	3,3%	3,6%	3,9%	3,8%	3,7%			

Source: Oxford Economics construction output (All Output series are measured in Billions, 2010 Prices), Forecast Sep 2016 compared to Jun 2016

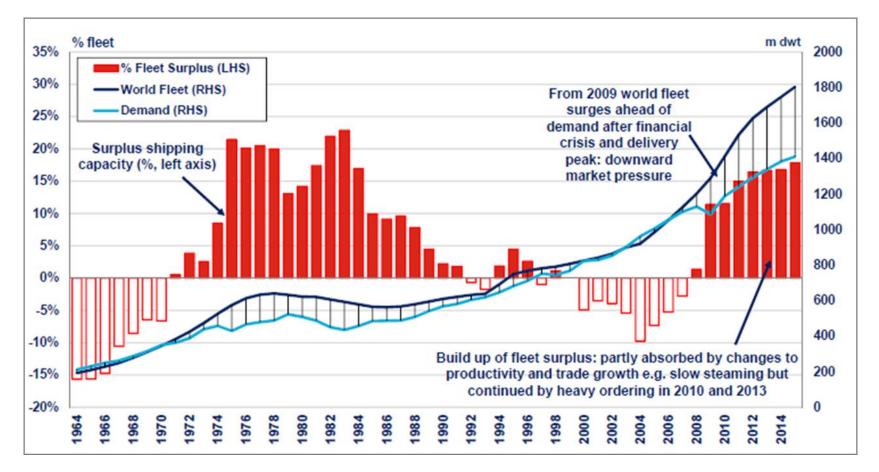


56

## MacGregor appendix



### World Fleet: Supply-Demand Balance



Source: Clarksons September 2016

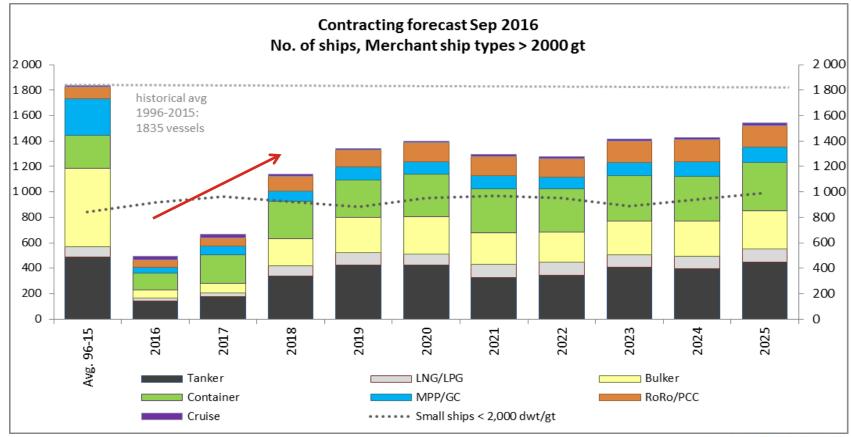




## **Contracting Forecast by Shiptype (number of ships)**

- Merchant ship types > 2000 gt, base case

 Vessel upsizing trend continues: Upsizing trends are expected to continue, with the average size of ships delivered in 2016-28 projected to reach c.37,500 GT, compared to the average size of units in the current fleet of c. 23,000 GT.



59

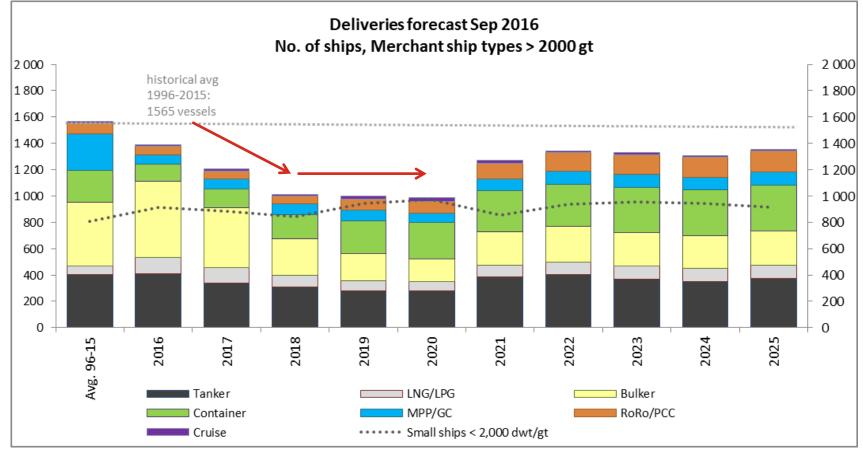
Source: Clarksons September 2016



## **Deliveries forecast by shiptype (number of ships)**

- Merchant ship types > 2000 gt, base case

Deliveries 2017 and onwards decrease due to the extremely low contracting levels 2015-2016, and will
remain at historically lower levels due to the continued lower contracting in no of ships.

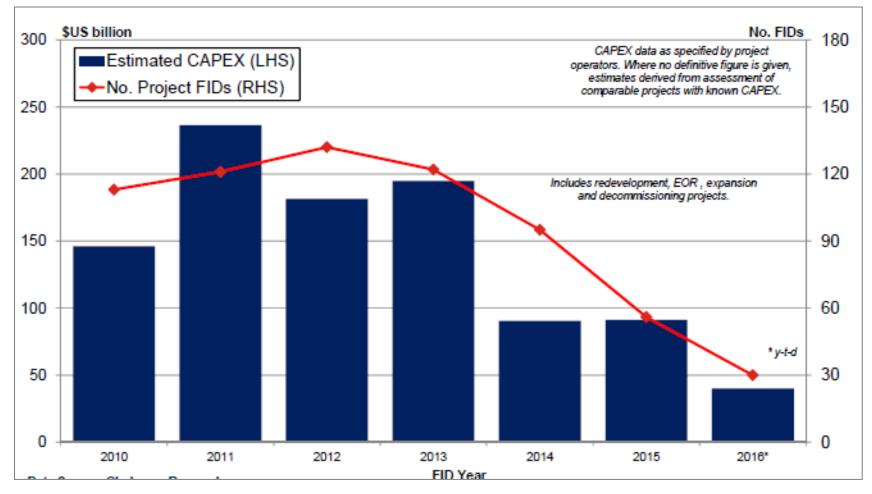


Source: Clarksons September 2016



60

### **Historical Offshore CAPEX**



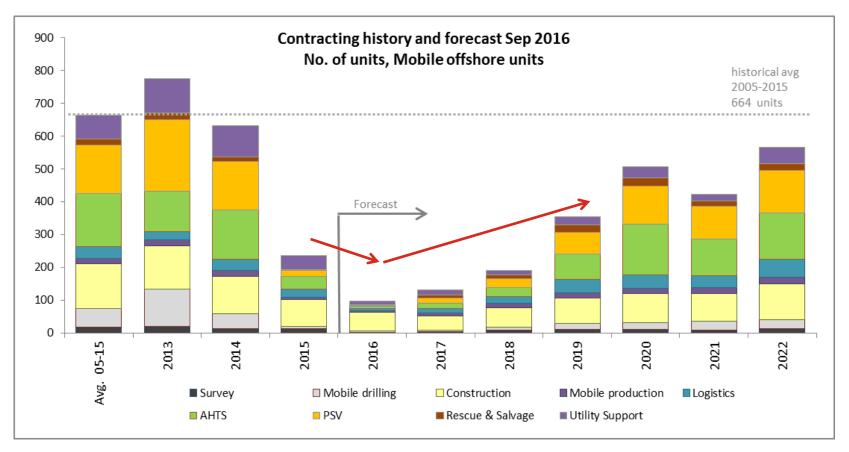
Source: Clarksons September 2016



## **Contracting Forecast by Shiptype (number of units)**

short term revised again downwards

- Offshore mobile units, base case (USD 60/bbl 2021)



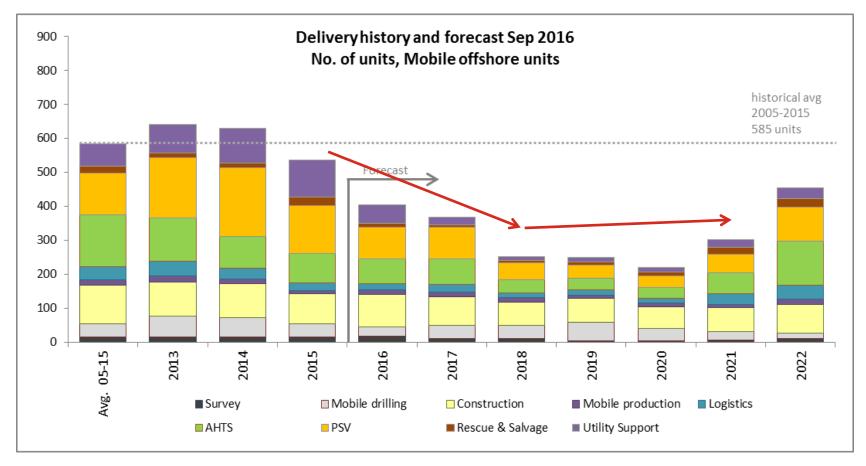
Source: Clarksons September 2016



## **Deliveries Forecast by Shiptype (number of units)**

reflects the low contracing levels

- Offshore mobile units, base case (USD 60/bbl 2021)

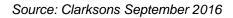


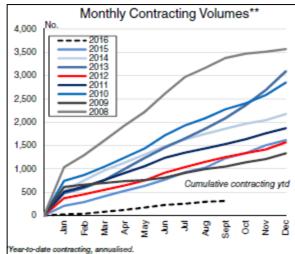
Source: Clarksons September 2016

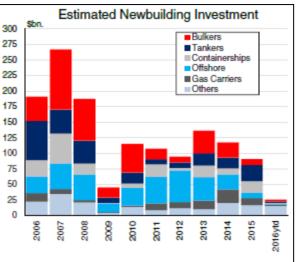


#### Shipbuilding – Contracting (ships >2000 gt/dwt)

Global Contracting Activity (1st October 2016)												
	No.				\$bn				m. CGT			
	2014	2015	YTD	%y-o-y*	2014	2015	YTD	%y-o-y*	2014	2015	YTD	%у-о-у*
TOTAL (>2,000 Dwt/GT**)	2,190	1,628	311	-75%	117.6	90.9	25.9	-62%	45.1	39.6	<mark>8.6</mark>	-71%
Vessel Type												
Bulkers	766	354	37	-86%	24.6	9.3	2.7	-61%	15.1	6.3	1.6	-67%
Tankers	381	528	81	-80%	17.0	26.0	2.9	-85%	8.1	12.5	1.5	-84%
Containerships	160	243	63	-65%	9.9	19.3	1.8	-87%	5.6	10.4	1.2	-85%
Gas Carriers	180	107	11	-86%	21.6	11.0	1.6	-81%	7.8	4.3	0.7	-80%
Offshore	494	169	36	-72%	24.1	8.4	1.3	-79%	4.1	1.6	0.5	-60%
Others	209	227	83	-51%	20.4	16.9	15.6	23%	4.4	4.4	3.2	-4%
Builder Country												
China	962	555	142	-66%	34.7	23.4	5.6	-68%	16.6	11.6	3.2	-63%
South Korea	334	292	39	-82%	34.2	24.8	2.6	-86%	13.0	11.0	1.2	-85%
Japan	502	508	42	-89%	19.0	23.3	2.0	-89%	9.7	12.1	1.0	-89%
Europe	164	114	60	-30%	23.0	13.7	14.6	43%	3.9	2.5	2.8	47%
Other	228	159	28	-77%	6.7	5.7	1.1	-75%	1.9	2.3	0.4	-79%



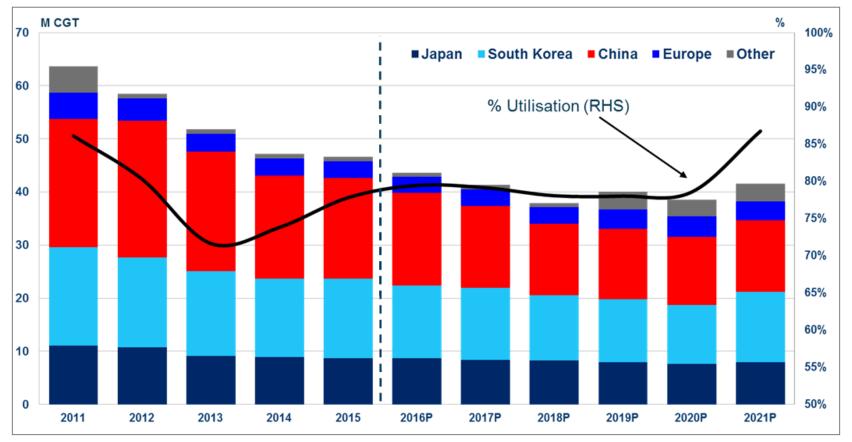




\*Total includes those ship-shaped offshore units below 2,000 Dwt/GT

## **Shipbuilding Capacity and Utilisation Scenario**

- Since peak shipyard output in 2010 (in CGT terms), it is estimated that the global shipbuilding capacity has declined 22%.
- Significant downward revision in the contracting forecast suggests that there will be further pressure on yards, and the capacity is projected to decline by another 20% by end of 2020.

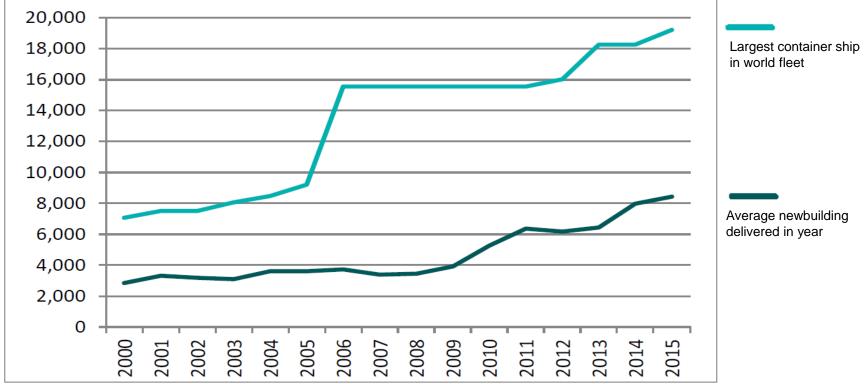


Source: Clarksons September 2016



# Ship sizes increasing dramatically

- The largest containership in the fleet has nearly tripled since 2000.
- The average size of new builds doubles between 2009 and 2014



Source: Drewry November 2015

66

